

Department of Vermont Health Access Pharmacy Benefit Management Program

EFFECTIVE
Version
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Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

The Commissioner for Office of Vermont Health Access shall establish a pharmacy best practices and cost control program designed to reduce the cost of providing prescription drugs, while maintaining high quality in prescription drug therapies. The program shall include:

"A preferred list of covered prescription drugs that identifies preferred choices within therapeutic classes for particular diseases and conditions, including generic alternatives"

From Act 127 passed in 2002

The following pages contain:

- The therapeutic classes of drugs subject to the Preferred Drug List, the drugs within those categories and the criteria required for Prior Authorization (P.A.) of non-preferred drugs in those categories.
- The therapeutic classes of drugs which have clinical criteria for Prior Authorization may or may not be subject to a preferred agent.
- Within both of these categories there may be drugs or even drug classes that are subject to Quantity Limit Parameters.

Therapeutic class criteria are listed alphabetically. Within each category the Preferred Drugs are noted in the left-hand columns. Representative non-preferred agents have been included and are listed in the right-hand column. Any drug not listed as preferred in any of the included categories requires Prior Authorization.

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This is not an all-inclusive list of available covered drugs and includes only managed categories. Unless otherwise stated, the listing of a particular brand or generic name includes all dosage forms of that drug. NR indicates a new drug that has not yet been reviewed by the P&T Committee.

Contents

ACNE AGENTS	
ADHD AND NARCOLEPSY CATAPLEXY MEDICATIONS	7
ALLERGEN IMMUNOTHERAPY	10
ALPHA1-PROTEINASE INHIBITORS	10
ALZHEIMER'S MEDICATIONS	10
COX-2 INHIBITORS	11
ANALGESICS	
ANEMIA: HEMATOPOIETIC/ERYTHROPOIETIC AGENTS	17
ANKYLOSING SPONDYLITIS: INJECTABLES	17
ANTI-ANXIETY: ANXIOLYTICS	
ANTICOAGULANTS	19
ANTICONVULSANTS	20
ANTIDEPRESSANTS	
ANTI-DIABETICS	
ANTI-EMETICS	
ANTI-HYPERTENSIVES	
ANTI-INFECTIVES ANTIBIOTICS	
ANTI-INFECTIVES ANTIFUNGAL	
ANTI-INFECTIVES ANTIMALARIALS: QUININE	
ANTI-INFECTIVES ANTI-VIRALS	
ANTI-MIGRAINE TRIPTANS	
ANTI-OBESITY	
ANTI-PSYCHOTIC ATYPICAL & COMBINATIONS (CHILDREN < 18 YEARS OLD)	
ANTI-PSYCHOTIC ATYPICAL & COMBINATIONS (ADULTS > 18 YEARS OLD)	
ANTI-PSYCHOTIC: TYPICALS	
BILE SALTS AND BILIARY AGENTS	
BONE RESORPTION INHIBITORS	
BOTULINUM TOXINS	
BPH AGENTS	
CARDIAC GLYCOSIDES	
CHEMICAL DEPENDENCY	59
GASTROINTESTINAL AGENTS: CONSTIPATION/DIARRHEA, IRRITABLE BOWEL SYNDROME-CONSTRIPATION (IBS-C), IRRITABLE BOWEL SYNDROME-	
DIARRHEA (IBS-D), SHORT BOWEL SYNDROME, OPIOID INDUCED CONSTIPATION	
CONTRACEPTIVES	
CORONARY VASODILATORS/ANTIANGINALS/SINUS NODE INHIBITORS	65

CORTICOSTEROIDS: ORAL	
COUGH AND COLD PREPARATIONS	
CYSTIC FIBROSIS MEDICATIONS	
DERMATOLOGICAL AGENTS	
DESMOPRESSIN: INTRANASAL/ORAL	
DIABETIC TESTING SUPPLIES	
EPINEPHRINE: AUTO-INJECTOR	74
ESTROGENS: VAGINAL	74
FIBROMYALGIA AGENTS	
GASTROINTESTINAL	
GAUCHER'S DISEASE MEDICATIONS	
GOUT AGENTS	80
GROWTH STIMULATING AGENTS	80
HEMOPHILIA FACTORS	81
HEPATITIS C AGENTS	
HEREDITARY ANGIOEDEMA MEDICATIONS	
IDIOPATHIC PULMONARY FIBROSIS (IPF)	
IMMUNOLOGIC THERAPIES FOR ASTHMA	
INTERLEUKIN (IL)-1 RECEPTOR BLOCKERS	
IRON CHELATING AGENTS	
LIPOTROPICS	86
MISCELLANEOUS	90
MOOD STABILIZERS	
MUCOSAL COATING AGENTS	
MULTIPLE SCLEROSIS MEDICATIONS	94
MUSCLE RELAXANTS, SKELETAL	
NEUROGENIC ORTHOSTATIC HYPOTENSION	
NUTRITIONALS, LIQUID ORAL SUPPLEMENTS	
ONCOLOGY: ORAL (select)	
OPHTHALMICS	
OTIC ANTI-INFECTIVES	
OVER THE COUNTER (OTC) MEDICATIONS	
PANCREATIC ENZYME PRODUCTS	
PARATHYROID AGENTS	
PARKINSON'S MEDICATIONS	
PHOSPHODIESTERASE-4 (PDE-4) INHIBITORS	
PHOSPHODIESTERASE-5 (PDE-5) INHIBITORS	
PLATELET INHIBITORS	
POST-HERPETIC NEURALGIA AGENTS	
PSORIASIS	106

108
114
115
115
116
117
118
119
119
120
121
121
122

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
	ACNE AGENTS	
ORAL AGENTS		
DOXYCYCLINE MONOHYDRATE 50MG, 100MG CAPS DOXYCYCLINE MONOHYDRATE SUSP 25MG/5ML MINOCYCLINE 50MG 100MG CAPS ISOTRETINOIN† CAP (AMNESTEEM, CLARAVIS, MYORISAN) TOPICAL ANTI-INFECTIVES	Adoxa®* (doxycycline monohydrate) 150mg tab Doryx (doxycycline hyclate) tabs Doxycycline 50mg, 75mg, 100mg, 150mg tabs Doxycycline 75mg, 150mg caps Oracea® (doxycycline monohydrate) 40 mg cap Vibramycin®* (doxycycline hyclate) 100 mg cap Vibramycin®* (doxycycline hyclate) suspension Vibramycin® (doxycycline calcium) syrup All other brands Eryped® (erythromycin ethylsuccinate) Erythrocin (erythromycin stearate) PCE Dispertab® (erythromycin base) All other brands Minocycline 50mg, 75mg, 100mg tabs Solodyn® (minocycline) tabs ER E.E.S.® (erythromycin ethylsuccinate) Eryped® (erythromycin ethylsuccinate) Eryped® (erythromycin base, delayed release) Erythrocin (erythromycin stearate) Erythromycin Ethylsuccinate (E.E.S.®, Eryped®) PCE Dispertab® (erythromycin base) Tetracycline 250mg, 500mg cap Absorica® (isotretinoin) capsules Zenatane cap (isotrentinoin) All other brands	Non-preferred doxycycline/minocycline products: patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with a preferred doxycycline/minocycline. If a product has an AB rated generic, the trial must be the generic formulation. Oracea: patient has a diagnosis of Rosacea AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with both a preferred doxycycline and minocycline. Vibramycin Suspension, Syrup: patient has a medical necessity for a liquid dosage form AND a documented failure of preferred doxycycline suspension. Erythromycin products: patient has had a documented side effect or treatment failure with at least two preferred products. Tetracycline products: patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with at least two preferred products. Absorica/Zenatane: patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with at least two isotretinoin preferred products.
	D 5 20 0 20 F 60 D 70 CI	
BENZOYL PEROXIDE PRODUCTS BENZOYL PEROXIDE † 2.5%,5%, 10% <i>G</i> , 5%, 6%,7%, 10% <i>CL</i> ; 10% <i>C</i> ; 5%, 10% <i>L</i> ; 5.3%, 9.5% F	PanoxylG; 10% B, 4% CL All other brands Cleocin-T®* (clindamycin) 1% S, P, L, G All other brands	 Single ingredient products: patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with two preferred products including one from the same subcategory, if there is one available. If a product has an AB rated generic, there must have been a trial of the generic. Combination products: patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with generic erythroymycin/benzoyl peroxide. (If a product has an AB rated generic, there must have been a trial of the generic.) AND patient has had a documented side effect or treatment failure on combination therapy with the separate generic ingredients of the requested combination product, if

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
CLINDAMYCIN PRODUCTS CLINDAMYCIN 1% S, G, L, P,F † ERYTHROMYCIN PRODUCTS ERYTHROMYCIN 2% S, G, P †	Erygel®* (erythromycin 2% G) All other brands	applicable. Azelex: the diagnosis or indication is acne AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with two generic topical anti-infective agents (benzoyl peroxide, clindamycin, erythromycin, erythroymcin/benzoyl peroxide,) Limitations: Kits with non-drug products are not covered Onexton: Prior authorization and be available to the few patients who are unable to tolerate or who have failed on preferred medications.
SODIUM SULFACETAMIDE PRODUCTS All Products Require PA	Benzaclin® (clindamycin/benyoyl peroxide)	
COMBINATION PRODUCTS	Azelex [®] (azelaic acid 20%C) DUAC® (clindamycin/benzoyl peroxide) gel	
ERYTHROMYCIN / BENZOYL PEROXIDE†	Benzamycin®* (erythromycin/benzoyl peroxide) Onexton® (clindamycin/benzoyl peroxide) Sodium Sulfacetamide/Sulfur <i>CL</i> , <i>C</i> , <i>P</i> , <i>E</i> ,† Sodium Sulfacetamide/Sulfur <i>W</i> †	
C=cream,CL=cleanser, E=emulsion, F=Foam, G=gel, L=lotion,O=ointment, P=pads, S=solution, W=wash, B=bar	Sumaxin [®] (sulfacetamide/sulfur L, P, W) Rosula®* (sulfacetamide/sulfur P, W) All other brands	
	Aczone® (dapsone 5% G)	
	All other brands any topical acne anti-infective medication	
TOPICAL - RETINOIDS		
TRETINOIN† (specific criteria required for ages <10 or >34) 0.025%, 0.05%, 0.1% C; 0.01%, 0.025% G AVITA® (tretinoin) FABIOR® (tazarotene 0.1% F)	All brand tretinoin products (Atralin® 0.05% G, Retin-A®*, Retin-A Micro® 0.1%, 0.04%, etc.)	Brand name tretinoin products and generic tretinoin microsphere: diagnosis or indication is acne vulgaris, actinic keratosis, or rosacea AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with a preferred generic topical tretinoin product. If a product has an AB rated generic, the trial must be the generic formulation.
TAZORAC® (tazarotene) 0.1% <i>C, G</i> C= cream, G=gel	Tretinoin microsphere† (compare to Retin-A Micro®) 0.1%, 0.04%	Differin (brand) and adapalene (generic): diagnosis or indication is acne vulgaris, actinic keratosis, or rosacea AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with a preferred generic topical tretinoin product
. , - 0	adapalene† (compare to Differin®) 0.1% C, G, 0.3% G Differin® (adapalene) 0.1% C, G; L 0.3% G	AND the request is for the brand product, the patient has had a documented intolerance to a generic adapalene product. Tretinoin (age < 10 or > 34): diagnosis or indication is acne vulgaris, actinic

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
	Avage® (tazarotene) ♣ Renova® (tretinoin) ♣ Solage® (tretinoin/mequinol) ♣ Tri-Luma® (tretinoin/hydroquinone/fluocinolone) ♣ Veltin® (clindamycin/tretinoin) G ♣ Not indicated for acne. Coverage of topical retinoid products will not be approved for cosmetic use (wrinkles, age spots, etc.).	keratosis, or rosacea. Limitations: Coverage of topical retinoid products will not be approved for cosmetic use (wrinkles age spots, etc.) (i.e. Avage, Renova, Solage, Tri-Luma).
TOPICAL - ROSACEA		
FINACEA [®] (azelaic acid) 15% <i>G</i> , F METRONIDAZOLE† 0.75% <i>C</i> , <i>G</i> , <i>L C=cream</i> , <i>F=Foam</i> , <i>G=gel</i> , <i>L=lotion</i>	All brand metronidazole products (MetroCream [®] * 0.75% <i>C</i> , Metrogel [®] 1% <i>G</i> , MetroLotion [®] * 0.75% <i>L</i> , Noritate [®] 1% <i>C</i> etc.) Metronidazole† 1% <i>G</i> Soolantra [®] (ivermectin)	 Brand name metronidazole products, metronidazole 1% gel (generic) and Soolantra: diagnosis or indication is roacea AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with a preferred generic topical metronidazole product. If a product has an AB rated generic, there must have also been a trial of the generic formulation. Limitations: The use of Mirvaso (brimonidine topical gel) for treating skin redness is considered cosmetic. Medications used for cosmetic purposes are excluded from coverage. Mirvaso topical gel has not been shown to improve any other symptom of rosacea (e.g. pustules, papules, flushing, etc) or to alter the course of the disease.

ADHD AND NARCOLEPSY CATAPLEXY MEDICATIONS

SHORT/INTERMEDIATE ACTING STIMULANTS

DEXMETHYLPHENIDATE † (compare to Focalin®)

META DATE ED® (compare to Bisalin® S)

METADATE ER^{\circledR} (compare to Ritalin $^{\circledR}$ SR)

 $\begin{array}{c} \text{METHYLIN}^{\circledR} \text{ (compare to Ritalin}^{\circledR}) \text{ chewable} \\ \text{tablets, solution} \end{array}$

METHYLPHENIDATE † (compare to Ritalin®) tablets

METHYLPHENIDATE SR † (compare to Ritalin ® SR)

AMPHETAMINE/DETROAMPHETAMINE † (compare to Adderall®)

Dextroamphetamine IR† (Zenzedi 5 or 10mg, formerly Dexedrine®)

Evekeo® (amphetamine sulfate)

 $Focalin^{\circledR} (dexmethylphenidate)$

 $Ritalin^{\circledR}* (methylphenidate)$

Ritalin SR[®]* (methylphenidate SR)

 $Adderall^{\circledR}* (amphetamine/dextroamphetamine)$

 $Desoxyn^{\hbox{\it \'R}} \ \ (methamphetamine)$

Dextroamphetamine sulfate† 1 mg/ml oral solution

Methamphetamine † (compare to Desoxyn[®]) Methylphenidate chewable tablets, solution

 $\begin{array}{c} {\rm Procentra}^{\circledR} \ ({\rm dextroamphetamine \ sulfate}) \ 1 \ mg/ml \ or al \\ {\rm solution} \end{array}$

Clinical Criteria for ALL non-preferred drugs: patient has a diagnosis of ADD, ADHD or narcolepsy AND patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR patient meets additional clinical criteria outlined below.

Focalin, Adderall: the patient must have had a documented intolerance to the preferred generic equivalent.

Ritalin and Ritalin SR: patient has had a documented intolerance to the preferred equivalent. For Ritalin SR this is Metadate ER. For Ritalin, this is methylphenidate tablets.

Methamphetamine and Desoxyn: Given the high abuse potential of methamphetamine and Desoxyn, the patient must have a diagnosis of ADD, ADHD or narcolepsy and have failed all preferred treatment alternatives. In addition, for approval of brand name Desoxyn, the patient must have had a documented intolerance to generic methamphetamine.

Methylphenidate chewable: patient is not a candidate for a long acting methylphenidate chewable tablet (Quillichew®) or oral suspension (Quillivant XR®).

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
LONG ACTING STIMULANTS	Zenzedi [®] (dextroamphetamine IR) 2.5 mg, 7.5 mg, 15 mg, 20 mg, 30 mg tablets	 Methylphenidate solution: patient has a documented intolerance to Methylin solution. Procentra, dextroamphetamine oral solution: patient has a medical necessity for an oral liquid dosage form. (eg. Swallowing disorder). AND if the request is for Procentra, the patient has a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent. Dextroamphetamine IR, Zenzedi, Evekeo: the patient has had a documented sideeffect, allergy, or treatment failure of at least 2 preferred agents.
Methylphenidate Products		
FOCALIN® XR (dexmethylphenidate SR 24 HR IR/ER, 50:50%) METHYLPHENIDATE SA OSM IR/ER, 22:78%† (compare to Concerta®) (authorized generic, labeler code 00591 is only preferred form) QUILLICHEW ER TM (methylphenidate IR/ER, 30:70%) chewable tablets Oral Suspension QUILLIVANT XR® (methylphenidate IR/ER, 20:80%) QL = 1 bottle (60ml, 120ml, 150ml)/30days 2 bottles (180ml)/30days Transdermal DAYTRANA® (methylphenidate patch) (QL = 1 patch/day) Amphetamine Products Oral ADDERALL XR® (amphetamine/dextroamphetamine SR 24 HR, IR/ER, 50:50%) ADZENYS XR® ODT (amphetamine/dextroamphetamine SR 24 HR, IR/ER, 50:50%) (QL=1 cap/day) VYVANSE® (lisdexamfetamine) (QL = 1 cap/day)	Aptensio®XR (methylphenidate DR 24HR IR/ER, 40:60%) Concerta®* (methylphenidate SA OSM IR/ER, 22:78%) Dexmethylphenidate SR 24 HR IR/ER, 50:50% † (compare to Focalin XR®) Metadate CD® (methylphenidate CR, IR/ER, 30:70%) methylphenidate CR, IR/ER, 30:70% (compare to Metadate CD®) Methylphenidate SA OSM IR/ER, 22:78% (compare to Concerta®) (non-authorized generic forms) Methylphenidate SR 24 HR, IR/ER, 50:50%† (compare to Ritalin LA®) Ritalin LA® (methylphenidateSR 24 HR, IR/ER, 50:50%) Amphetamine/dextroamphetamine SR 24 HR, IR/ER, 50:50% † (compare to Adderall XR®) Dyanavel TM suspension (amphetamine/dextroamphetamine SR) (QL=240ml/30days) Dexedrine CR®* (dextroamphetamine 24 hr SR) Dextroamphetamine 24 hr SR† (compare to Dexedrine CR®)	Clinical criterial for ALL non-preferred drugs: the patient has a diagnosis of ADD, ADHD or narcolepsy AND has been started and stabilized on the requested medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization) OR meets the additional clinical criteria outlined below. Aptensio XR, Metadate CD, Ritalin LA, and Methylphenidate CR, Methylphenidate SR 24 HR: patient has had a documented side-effect, allergy, or treatment failure on Focalin XR or Methylphenidate SR OSM. AND for approval of generic methylphenidate CR or methylphenidate SR 24 HR, the patient must have had a documented intolerance to the brand equivalent. Concerta and non-authorized generic: patient has had a documented intolerance to authorized generic Methylphenidate SA OSM. Amphetamine/dextroamphetamine SR 24 HR (generic), dexmethylphenidate SR 24 HR ER (generic): patient must have a documented intolerance to the brand name equivalent. Dexedrine CR, dextroamphetamine SR, Dyanavel: patient must have a documented intolerance to one preferred amphetamine product. For approval of brand Dexedrine CR, the patient must also have a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent.

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
MISCELLANEOUS		
GUANFACNIE ER (Intuniv®) Kapvay® (clonidine extended release) Tablet Qty limit = 4 tablets/day Strattera® (atomoxetine) Qty limit:10, 18, 25 and 40 mg = 2 capsules/day 60, 80 and 100 mg = 1 capsule/day FDA maximum recommended dose = 100 mg/day	Armodafinil (compare to Nuvigil®) Qty Limit: 50mg = 2 tabs/day I50mg/200mg/250mg = 1 tab/day Clonidine ER (compare to Kapvay®) Qty limit = 4 tabs/day Modafinil (compare to Provigil®) (not approvable for ADHD in children age ≤12) (Max days supply = 30 days) Qty limit: 100 mg = 1.5 tablets/day; 200 mg = 2 tablets/day Maximum Daily Dose = 400 mg Nuvigil® (armodafinil) Qty limit: 50 mg = 2 tablets/day; 150 mg/200 mg/250 mg = 1 tablet/day Provigil® (modafinil) (not approvable for ADHD in children age ≤12). Qty limit: 100 mg = 1.5 tablets/day; 200 mg = 2 tablets/day) Maximum Daily Dose = 400 mg (Max days supply = 30 days) Intuniv® (guanfacine extended release) Tablet Qty limit = 1 tablet/day Xyrem® (sodium oxybate) oral solution Qty limit = 540 ml/30 days	Nuvigil®, Armodafinil: Diagnosis or indication is narcolepsy, excessive sleepiness associated with shift work sleep disorder! obstructive sleep apnea/hypopnea syndrome (adjunct to standard treatment): The patient is > 17 years old AND The patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR The patient has had a documented side-effect, allergy or treatment failure to a CNS stimulant or has a contraindication for use of these agents (e.g. substance abuse history) AND if the request is for armodafinil, the patient has a documented intolerance to brand Nuvigil. Note: Nuvigil®/armodafinil will not be approved for idiopathic hypersomnolence, excessive daytime sleepiness, fatigue associated with use of narcotic analgesics, or for ADHD (for any age patient). Provigil®, Modafinil: Diagnosis or indication is narcolepsy OR Diagnosis or indication is excessive sleepiness associated with shift work sleep disorder/obstructive sleep apnea/hypopnea syndrome (adjunct to standard treatment), fatigue associated with multiple sclerosis, fatigue associated with the treatment of depression or schizophrenia: The patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR The patient has had a documented side-effect, allergy or treatment failure to a CNS stimulant or has a contraindication for use of these agents (e.g. substance abuse history) AND if the request is for modafinil, the patient has a documented intolerance to brand Provigil Diagnosis or indication is ADHD age > 12: The patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR The patient has a documented treatment failure, due to lack of efficacy, to two long-acting CNS stimulants or the patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or direct contraindication (e.g. comorbid tics, modera

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA	
	ALLERGEN IMMUNOTHERAPY		
	Grastek® ($QL = 1$ tablet/day) Oralair® ($QL = 1$ tablet/day) Ragwitek® ($QL = 1$ tablet/day)	All agents in class Prescriber must provide the testing to show that the patient is allergic to the components in the prescribed therapy and must provide a clinically valid rationale why single agent sublingual therapy is being chosen over subcutaneous therapy Treatment must start 12 weeks before expected onset of pollen season and only after confirmed by positive skin test or in vitro testing for pollen-specific IgE antibodies for short ragweed pollen (Ragwitek), timothy grass or cross-reactive grass pollens (Grastek), or any of the 5 grass species contained in Oralair Have an auto-injectable epinephrine on-hand Grastek additional criteria: Patient age ≥5 years and ≤65 years Oralair additional criteria: Patient age ≥10 years and ≤65 years Ragwitek additional criteria: Patient age ≥18 years and ≤65 years	
	ALPHA1-PROTEINASE INF	HIBITORS	
	Aralast NP [®] Glassia [®] Prolastin-C [®] Zemaira [®] **Maximum days supply per fill for all drugs is 14 days**	Criteria for Approval: The indication for use is treatment of alpha1 -proteinase inhibitor deficiency-associated lung disease when all of the following criteria are met: Patient's alpha1 -antitrypsin (ATT) concentration < 80 mg per dl [or < 11 micromolar] AND patient has obstructive lung disease as defined by a forced expiratory volume in one second (FEV1) OF 30 - 65% of predicted or a rapid decline in lung function defined as a change in FEV1 of > 120 mL/year. AND medication is being administered intravenously (inhalation administration will not be approved) AND patient is a non-smoker OR patient meets above criteria except lung function has deteriorated beneath above limits while on therapy.	
ALZHEIMER'S MEDICATIONS			
CHOLINESTERASE INHIBITORS			
DONEPEZIL† (compare to Aricept [®]) tablet ($QL = I$	Aricept [®] (donepezil) Tablet ($QL = 1 \text{ tablet/day}$)	Razadyne Tablet, Razadyne ER Capsule: diagnosis or indication for the	

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
(is a residual to simple state of the state	(
tablet/day) EXELON® (rivastigmine) Capsule (QL = 2 capsules/day) DONEPEZIL ODT † (compare to Aricept® ODT) (QL = 1 tablet/day) RIVASTIGMINE† (compare to Exelon®) capsule (QL = 2 capsules/day) GALANTAMINE† tablet § (compare to Razadyne®) Tablet GALANTAMINE ER† capsule § (compare to Razadyne® ER) SOLUTION EXELON® (rivastigmine) Oral Solution TRANSDERMAL	Razadyne [®] (galantamine) Tablet Razadyne ER [®] (galantamine) Capsule Aricept [®] ODT (donepezil) (QL = 1 tablet/day) galantamine† (compare to Razadyne®) Oral Solution	requested medication is Alzheimer's disease. AND patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization) OR patient had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure to donepezil and Exelon. AND if the product has an AB rated generic, the patient has a documented intolerance to the generic. Aricept: diagnosis or indication for the requested medication is Alzheimer's disease. AND the patient has a documented intolerance to the generic product. Galantamine Oral Solution: diagnosis or indication for the requested medication is Alzheimer's disease. AND patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization) OR the patient had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure to Exelon Oral Solution. Aricept ODTdiagnosis or indication for the requested medication is Alzheimer's disease. AND medical necessity for a specialty dosage form has been provided. AND the patient has a documented intolerance to the generic formulation.
EXELON [®] (rivastigmine transdermal) Patch ($QL = 1$ patch/day)		
NMDA RECEPTOR ANTAGONIST		
MEMANTINE Tablets NAMENDA® (memantine) Oral Solution	Namenda [®] (memantine) Tablet Namenda [®] XR (memantine ER) Oral Capsule (QL = 1 capsule/day)	Namenda: Patient has a documented intolerance to the generic. Namenda XR: Patient has not been able to tolerate twice daily dosing of immediate release memantine, resulting in significant clinical impact.
CHOLINESTERASE INHIBITOR/NMDA COMB		
	Namzaric [®] (donepezil/memantine) Capsule (QL = 1 capsule/day)	Namzaric: Clinically compelling reason why the individual ingredients of donepezil and memantine cannot be used
	COX-2 INHIBITOR	S
Clinical PA Required CELECOXIB† (QL = 2 caps/day)	Celebrex [®] (celecoxib) ($QL = 2$ capsules/day)	Celebrex: patient does not have a history of a sulfonamide allergy. AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to two or more preferred generic NSAIDS and has had a previous trial of generic celecoxib. OR patient is not a candidate for therapy with a preferred generic NSAID due to one of the following: patient is 60 years of age or older, patient has a history of GI bleed and has had a previous trial of generic celecoxib, patient is currently taking an anticoagulant (warfarin or heparin) and has had a previous trial of generic celecoxib, Patient is currently taking an oral corticosteroid and has had a

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA previous trial of generic celecoxib, and Patient is currently taking methotrexate
		and has had a previous trial of generic celecoxib.
	ANALGESICS	
MISCELLANEOUS: TRANSDERMAL PATCH		
Note: Please refer to "Analgesics: Long Acting Narcotics" for Duragesic [®] and fentanyl patch	Lidocaine 5% patch† (compare to Lidoderm®) (QL = 3 patches/day) Lidoderm® Patch (lidocaine 5 %) (QL = 3 patches/day) Qutenza® Patch (capsaicin 8 %) (QL = 4 patches/90 days) (Note: Please refer to Analgesics: COX IIs and NSAID s for topical NSAIDS)	Lidoderm, Lidocaine Patch: diagnosis or indication is neuropathic pain/post-herpetic neuralgia AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure or contraindication to 2 drugs in the tricyclic antidepressant (TCA) class and/or anticonvulsant class AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure or contraindication to Lyrica, OR patient has a medical necessity for a transdermal formulation (ex. dysphagia, inability to take oral medications), AND if the request is for generic lidocaine patch, the patient has had a documented intolerance to the brand product. Qutenza: diagnosis or indication is post-herpetic neuralgia AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure or contraindication to 2 drugs in the tricyclic antidepressant (TCA) class and/or anticonvulsant class AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure or contraindication to Lyrica AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy treatment failure or contraindication to Lidoderm OR patient has a medical necessity for transdermal formulation (ex. dysphagia, inability to take oral medications) AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure or contraindication to Lidoderm.
OPIOIDS: SHORT ACTING		
ACETAMINOPHEN W/CODEINE† (compare to Tylenol® w/codeine) ACETAMINOPHEN W/HYDROCODONE† (compare to Vicodin®, Lorcet®, Maxidone®, Norco®, Zydone®) (QL 5/500 = 8 tablets/day, 10/500 = 8 tablets/day, 7.5/750 = 5 tablets/day) ACETAMINOPHEN W/OXYCODONE†	Acetaminophen w/codeine: all branded products Acetaminophen w/hydrocodone: all branded products (QL 5/500 = 8 tablets/day, 10/500 = 8 tablets/day, 7.5/750 = 5 tablets/day) Acetaminophen w/hydrocodone (compare to Xodol®)	 Butorphanol Nasal Spray: documented site effect, allergy, treatment failure, or contraindication to codeine, hydrocodone, morphine, & oxycodone (all 4 generi entities) as single or combination products. OR is unable to use tablet or liquid formulations. Abstral, Actiq, fentanyl transmucosal, Fentora, Lazanda, Subsys: indication of cancer breakthrough pain AND patient is opioid tolerant AND is on a long actin opioid formulation AND is 18 years of age or older (Actiq 16 years of age or older) AND prescriber is registered in the Transmucosal Immediate Release Fentanyl (TIRF) Risk Evaluation and Mitigation Strategy (REMS) Access program AND member has had a documented treatment failure with or

Actiq® (fentanyl lozenge on a stick: 200 mcg, 400

Anexsia®* (acetaminophen w/hydrocodone)

Butorphanol Nasal Spray† (Qty Limit = 2

mcg, 600 mcg, 800 mcg,

1200 mcg, 1600 mcg)

bottles/month)

(compare to Percocet[®])

to Fiorinal® w/codeine)

BUTALBITAL COMP. W/CODEINE† (compare

 $(QL\ 10/650 = 6\ tablets/day)$

ASPIRIN W/CODEINE†

CODEINE SULFATE†

intolerance to 2 of the following 3 immediate release treatment options:

formulations AND if the request is for brand name Actiq, member has a

Dilaudid - 5 Oral Solution, Hydromorphone Oral Solution: member has had a

documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with oxycodone oral solution

and morphine oral solution OR has been started and stabilized on another dosage

documented intolerance to generic fentanyl transmucosal.

morphine, hydromorphone or oxycodone. OR is unable to use tablet or liquid

PREFERRED AGENTS NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted) (PA required) PA CRITERIA form of hydromorphone AND if the request is for the branded product, patient Capital[®] w/codeine* (acetaminophen w/codeine) DIHYDROCODEINE COMPOUND† (compare to has a documented intolerance to the generic product. Combunox[®]* (oxycodone w/ ibuprofen) Nucynta, Opana, Oxymorphone: member has had a documented side effect, Synalgos-DC[®]) Demerol* (meperidine) allergy, or treatment failure to at least two of the following 3 immediate release ENDOCET® (oxycodone w/ acetaminophen) generic short acting narcotic analgesics - morphine, hydromorphone, or Dilaudid[®]*(hydromorphone) tablets oxycodone AND if the request if for brand Opana, member has a documented HYDROCODONE† (plain, w/acetaminophen, or intolerance to generic oxymorphone. First fill limited to 14 days' supply w/ibuprofen) Oxycodone (generic) Capsules: member has a documented intolerance to generic $(Qty\ limit = 16\ tablets/day)$ (some exceptions apply) oxycodone tablets. Dilaudid-5[®](hydromorphone) oral solution HYDROMORPHONE† tablets (compare to Oxecta: prescriber provides a clinically valid rationale why the generic immediate First fill limited to 14 days' supply Dilaudid[®]) release oxycodone cannot be used AND member has a documented side effect, fentanyl citrate transmucosal† (compare to Actio®) allergy, or treatment failure to at least 2 other preferred short acting narcotic First fill limited to 14 days' supply analgesics. NOTE: a history of substance abuse does not warrant approval of $(Oty\ limit = 16\ tablets/day)$ Fentora[®] (fentanyl citrate buccal tablets) Oxeta (oxycodone IR) since a clear advantage of this product over preferred MEPERIDINE† (compare to Demerol®) (30 tabs Fioricet[®] short acting opioids in this population has not been established. or 5 day supply) w/codeine*(butalbital/acetaminophen/caffeine/code **Ultram, Ultracet:** member has a documented intolerance to the generic formulation MORPHINE SULFATE† **Rybix ODT:** member has a medical necessity for a disintegrating tablet formulation Hydrocodone-Acetaminophen Soln 10-325 Mg/15ml MORPHINE SULFATE† (compare to Roxanol®) (i.e. swallowing disorder) OXYCODONE† (plain) Hydromorphone† oral soln (compare to Dilaudid-5[®]) **Xartemis XR:** diagnosis is acute pain AND member has a documented side effect, First fill limited to 14 days' supply First fill limited to 14 days' supply allergy, or treatment failure to at least 2 short acting opioids not requiring prior (For tablets, Oty limit = 12 tablets/day) Ibudone®* (hydrocodone w/ ibuprofen) approval, one of which is oxycodone w/ apap AND prescriber must provide a OXYCODONE† (w/acetaminophen, w/aspirin or compelling clinical reason why an extended release product is required for Lazanda[®] (fentanyl) Nasal Spray w/ibuprofen) treatment of acute pain. Lortab[®]*(hydrocodone w/ acetaminophen) TRAMADOL† (compare to Ultram®) (Qty Limit = Other Short acting Opioids: member has had a documented side effect, allergy, or Meperidine† (Qty > 30 tabs or 5 day supply) treatment failure to at least 2 medications not requiring prior approval. (If a 8 tablets/day) (Age \geq 16) Nucynta® (tapentadol) product has an AB rated generic, one trial must be the generic) TRAMADOL/APAP† (compare to Ultracet[®]) Opana® (oxymorphone) PA Requests to Exceed OL for Oxycodone IR or Hydromorphone IR: if dose (Qty Limit = 8 tablets/day) (Age ≥ 18) Oxycodone† (plain) capsules consolidation is not possible (i.e. use of higher strength dosage form), all First fill limited to 14 days' supply requests will be referred to the DVHA Medical Director for review unless the ZAMICET† (Hydrocodone-Acetaminophen Soln (Qty limit = 12 capsules/dav) medication is being prescribed for pain related to an oncology diagnosis which 10-325 Mg/15ml) Oxymorphone† (compare to Opana®) will be approved by the Clinical Call Center. Panlor DC® (acetaminophen/caffeine/dihydrocodeine) **Limitations:** APAP containing products: daily doses that result in > 4 grams of Pentazocine w/acetaminophen† acetaminophen/day will reject for PA; Meperidine 75mg/ml injection no longer Pentazocine w/naloxone† available - 25mg/ml, 50mg/ml and 100mg/ml available. Brand name Demerol Reprexain®* (hydrocodone w/ ibuprofen) 75mg/ml and 100mg/2ml not covered - no generic equivalents. Roxanol®*(morphine sulfate) Rybix® ODT (tramadol ODT) (Qty Limit = 8tablets/day) Subsys® (fentanyl) Sublingual Spray Synalgos DC®*(dihydrocodeine compound) Talwin®* (pentazocine) and branded combinations Tylenol® #3*.#4*(acetaminophen w/codeine) Ultracet® (tramadol w/ acetaminophen) (Oty Limit = 8 tablets/day) Ultram®* (tramadol) (Qty Limit = 8 tablets/day) Xartemis XR® (oxycodone w/acetaminophen) (Qty

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
	Limit = 4 tablets/day)	
OPIOIDS: LONG ACTING		
Orioids: Long ACTING		
TRANSDERMAL BUTRANS (buprenorphine) TRANSDERMAL	Duragesic®* (fentanyl patch) 12 mcg/hr, 25 mcg/hr, 50	CLINICAL CONSIDERATIONS for use in opioid tolerant patien
SYSTEM (QL = 2 patches/14 days) (Maximum 14 day fill)	mcg/hr (QL=15 patches/30 days) 75 mcg/hr, 100 mcg/hr	strengths may cause fatal respir not previously exposed to opioi
_	(QL=30 patches/30 days)	with a diagnosis or condition th
FENTANYL PATCH† (compare to Duragesic®)		analgesic. LA opioids should be alternative treatment options (e.
12 mcg/hr, 25 mcg/hr, 50 mcg/hr (<i>QL=15 patches/30 days</i>) 75 mcg/hr, 100 mcg/hr (<i>QL=30 patches/30</i>	Fentanyl patch 37.5mcg/hr, 62.5mcg/hr, 87.5mcg/hr	opioids) are ineffective, not tole
days)	Exalgo [®] (hydromorphone XR) tablet (QL= 30 tablets/30 days (8 mg, 12 mg, 16 mg tabs), 60	provide sufficient management 'prn' analgesic. LA opioids are
	tablets/30 days (32 mg tabs)	operative period (the first 12-24 or not expected to persist for an
BUCCAL	hydromorphone XR† (compare to Exalgo [®]) tablet $(QL=30 \text{ tablets/30 days } (8 \text{ mg, } 12 \text{ mg, } 16 \text{ mg tabs)})$	intended to be used in a dosage
All Products require PA	(QL=30 lablels/50 adys (o mg, 12 mg, 10 mg labs))	Patients should not be using oth physician. Prescribers should co
ORAL BUPRENORPHINE	Belbuca [®] (buprenorphine hcl buccal film) ($QL=28$	Monitoring System) to review a
All products require PA. HYDROMORPHONE	films/14 days, Maximum 14 day fill)	prescribing long acting opioids. Belbuca Films: the patient has had a
All products require PA.	Dolophine [®] (methadone) tablets	Duragesic Patches: patient has ha
METHADONE	Methadone† (compare to Dolophine®) 5 mg, 10 mg tablets	patches. Fentanyl patches 37.5mcg/hr, 62.
All products require PA	Methadone† oral solution (no PA required for patient	clinical rationale detailing why
MORPHINE	less than 1 year old) Methadone† oral concentrate 10 mg/ml	preferred strengths. Methadone Tablet: patient has ha
MORPHINE SULFATE CR 12 hr† tablet (compare to		failure to morphine sulfate CR dose does not exceed 30mg AN
MS Contin [®] (QL =90 tablets/strength/30 days)	**Maximum initial daily dose all products = 30 mg/day**	patient must have a documented
EMBEDA® (morphine sulfate/naltrexone		(Note: Methadone products, wh detoxification or maintenance p
hydrochloride) Capsules	Kadian [®] (morphine sulfate XR) (QL= 60 capsules/strength/30 days)	opioid treatment programs as st
(QL=2 capsules/day)	MS Contin [®] * (morphine sulfate CR 12 hr) Tablets	Methadone Liquid: Patient must l swallowing disorder, inability to
TRAMADOL	(QL=90 tablets/strength/30 days) Morphine sulfate SR 24hr† capsule (compare to	dose does not exceed 30mg OR
All products require PA.	Morphine surface SK 24III capsule (compare to	requested oral liquid medication

 $Kadian^{\mathbb{R}}$) (OL = 60

capsules/strength/30 days)

capsules/strength/30 days)

tablets/strength/30 days)

Morphine sulfate SR beads 24hr† capsule (QL 30

Oxycodone ER† (compare to OxyContin[®]) (QL=90

NS: Long acting opioid dosage forms are intended ents only. These tablet/capsule/topical medication iratory depression when administered to patients oids. LA opioids should be prescribed for patients that requires a continuous, around-the-clock be reserved for use in patients for whom e.g., non-opioid analgesics or immediate-release lerated, or would be otherwise inadequate to at of pain. LA opioids are NOT intended for use as e NOT indicated for pain in the immediate post-24 hours following surgery) or if the pain is mild, an extended period of time. LA opioids are not e frequency other than FDA approved regimens. ther extended release opioids prescribed by another consult the VPMS (Vermont Prescription a patient's Schedule II - IV medication use before

a documented intolerance to Butrans patches had a documented intolerance to generic fentanyl

2.5mcg/hr, 87.5mcg/hr: provider must submit y the patient is unable to use a combination of the

had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment 12 hr tablets AND the initial methadone daily ND for approval of brand Dolophine tablets, the ed intolerance to the equivalent generic tablet. hen used for treatment of opioid addiction in programs, shall be dispensed ONLY by certified stipulated in 42 CFR 8.12, NOT retail pharmacy)

have a medical necessity for an oral liquid (i.e. to take oral medications) AND the initial daily R patient has been started and stabilized on the requested oral liquid medicationNote: Methadone products, when used for treatment of opioid addiction in detoxification or maintenance programs, shall be dispensed ONLY by certified opioid treatment programs as stipulated in 42 CFR 8.12, NOT retail pharmacy

Conzip, Tramadol ER biphasic-release Capsule, Tramadol ER biphasic-release Tablet, Tramadol ER/SR. Ultram ER: member has had a documented treatment failure to a preferred short-acting tramadol product. In addition, for approval of tramadol ER biphasic-release capsule or tablet or Ultram ER, the

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
	1 11	
	OxyContin [®] (Oxycodone ER) (<i>QL</i> = 90 tablets/strength/30 days) Opana ER [®] (oxymorphone ER) (crush resistant) (<i>QL</i> =60 tablets/strength/30 days) Oxymorphone ER (<i>QL</i> =60 tablets/strength/30 days) Nucynta ER [®] (tapentadol ER) (<i>QL</i> =2 tablets/day) Conzip [®] (tramadol ER biphasic release) Capsule (<i>QL</i> = 1 capsule/day) Tramadol SR† (compare to Ultram ER [®]) (<i>Qty Limit</i> = 1 tablet/day) Tramadol ER biphasic-release [®] Capsule (<i>Qty Limit</i> = 1 capsule/day)(150 mg strength) Tramadol ER biphasic-release† tablet (formerly Ryzolt [®]) (<i>Qty Limit</i> = 1 tablet/day) Ultram ER [®] (tramadol SR 24 hr) (<i>Qty Limit</i> = 1 tablet/day) Hysingla ER® w/abuse deterrent properties (hydrocodone bitartrate) (<i>Qty Limit</i> = 1 tablet/ day) Zohydro ER [®] (hydrocodone bitartrate)	patient must have a documented intolerance to generic tramadol ER/SR. Oral Non-Preferred (except methadone & tramadol containing products): the patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to morphine sulfate CR 12hr tablet (generic) AND generic fentanyl patch. (If a product has an AB rated generic, there must have been a trial of the generic). NOTE: A history of substance abuse does not warrant approval of Opana ER (crush resistant) since a clear advantage of this product over preferred long-acting opioids in this population has not been established. Hysingla ER/Zohydro ER: Available with PA for those unable to tolerate any preferred medications. All requests will go to the DVHA Medical Director for approval. Limitations: Methadone 40mg dispersible tablet not approved for retail dispensing.
HYDROCODONE All products require PA.		
NSAIDS		
ORAL SINGLE AGENT DICLOFENAC POTASSIUM† DICLOFENAC SODIUM† (compare to Voltaren®) ETODOLAC† (formerly Lodine®) ETODOLAC ER† FLURBIPROFEN† IBUPROFEN† (compare to Motrin®)	Anaprox DS [®] * (naproxen sodium) Cambia [®] (diclofenac potassium) packet for oral solution (QL = 9 packets/month)) Daypro [®] * (oxaprozin) EC-Naprosyn [®] * (naproxen sodium enteric coated) Feldene [®] * (piroxicam) Fenoprofen 400mg cap Fenoprofen† 600 mg tab	 Arthrotec, diclofenac/misoprostol, Duexis: patient has a documented side effect or treatment failure to 2 or more preferred generic NSAIDs OR patient is not a candidate for therapy with a preferred generic NSAID mono-therapy due to one of the following: patient is 60 years of age or older, Patient has a history of GI bleed, Patient is currently taking an oral corticosteroid, Patient is currently taking methotrexate AND patient is unable to take the individual components separately AND if the request is for brand Arthrotec, the patient has a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent. Cambia: drug is being prescribed for treatment of acute migraine attacks AND

PREFERRED AGENTS

(No PA required unless otherwise noted)

 $\begin{array}{c} \text{INDOMETHACIN}\dagger(\text{formerly Indocin}^{\circledR}, \text{Indocin} \\ \text{SR}^{\circledR}) \end{array}$

INDOMETHACIN ER† KETOPROFEN†

KETOPROFEN ER†

KETOROLAC† (formerly Toradol[®])
(QL = 20 doses/5 day supply every 90 days)
MECLOFENAMATE SODIUM† MELOXICAM†

tabs (compare to Mobic[®])

NABUMETONE†

NAPROXEN† (compare to Naprosyn®)

NAPROXEN ENTERIC COATED† (compare to ECNaprosyn®)

NAPROXEN SODIUM† (compare to Anaprox[®], Anaprox DS[®],

Naprelan[®])

OXAPROZIN† (compare to Daypro®)

PIROXICAM† (compare to Feldene®)
JLINDAC†

INJECTABLE

KETOROLAC † Injection (formerly Toradol[®]) (QL = 1 dose per fill)

NASAL SPRAY

All products require PA.

TRANSDERMAL

All products require PA.

NSAID/ANTI-ULCER

All products require PA.

Note: Please refer to "Dermatological: Actinic Keratosis Therapy" for Solaraze[®] or Diclofenac 3% Gel

NON-PREFERRED AGENTS

(PA required)

 $\label{eq:local_problem} Indocin^{\circledR}* (indomethacin) \ suspension \ , \ suppository \\ mefenamic \ acid \dagger \ capsules \ (compare \ to \ Ponstel^{\circledR}) \\ meloxicam \ suspension$

Mobic® (meloxicam) suspension

Mobic®* (meloxicam) tablets

Nalfon[®] (fenoprofen) 400 mg capsules

Naprelan®* (naproxen sodium)

 $Naprosyn^{\circledR}* (naproxen\ sodium)$

Ponstel® (mefenamic acid)

Tivorbex (indomethacin) capsules (QL=3 caps/day)

Vivlodex[®] (meloxicam) capsules Voltaren XR[®]* (diclofenac sodium SR)

Zipsor[®] (diclofenac potassium)

Zorvolex[®] (diclofenac) Capsules

(QL = 3 capsules/day)

 $\operatorname{Sprix}^{\circledR}$ (ketorolac) Nasal Spray

(QL = 5 bottles/5 days - once every 90 days)

diclofenac† (compare to Pennsaid®) 1.5 % Topical Solution

Flector® (diclofenac) 1.3 % Patch (QL = 2 patches/day)

Pennsaid® (diclofenac) 2% Topical Solution Voltaren® (diclofenac) 1 % Gel

 $Arthrotec^{\textcircled{R}} \ (diclofenac \ sodium \ w/misoprostol) \\ diclofenac \ sodium \ w/misoprostol \\ \dagger \ (compare \ to \\$

Arthrotec[®])

Duexis[®] (ibuprofen/famotidine)

(QL = 3 tablets/day)

 $Vimovo^{\circledR} (naproxen/esome prazole)$

(QL = 2 tablets/day)

PA CRITERIA

patient has had a documented side effect or treatment failure to 2 or more preferred generic NSAIDs, one of which must be generic diclofenac OR drug is being prescribed for treatment of acute migraine attacks AND patient has a requirement for an oral liquid dosage form (i.e. swallowing disorder, inability to take oral medications) AND patient has had a documented side effect or treatment failure with the generic ibuprofen suspension and the generic naproxen suspension.

Flector Patch, Pennsaid, Diclofenac 1.5% Topical Solution: diagnosis or indication is osteoarthritis or acute pain caused by minor strains, sprains, and contusions AND patient has had a documented side effect or inadequate response to Voltaren gel OR patient is not a candidate for therapy with a preferred generic NSAID due to one of the following: Patient is 60 years of age or older, Patient has a history of GI bleed, Patient is currently taking an oral corticosteroid, Patient is currently taking methotrexate OR patient has a documented medical necessity for a topical/transdermal formulation (ex. dysphagia, inability to take oral medications), AND for approval of Pennsaid 1.5%, the patient has had a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent.

Sprix: indication or diagnosis is moderate to moderately severe pain. AND patient has had a documented inadequate response or intolerance to generic ketorolac tablets. OR patient has a documented medical necessity for the specialty dosage form (i.e. inability to take medication orally (NPO)).

Tivorbex: patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to 4 or more preferred generic NSAIDs, including generic indomethacin.

Vivlodex®: patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to 4 or more preferred generic NSAIDs, including generic meloxicam.

Voltaren Gel, Diclofenac 1% Gel: diagnosis or indication is osteoarthritis or acute pain caused by minor strains, sprains, and contusions. AND patient has had a documented side effect or treatment failure with at least 2 preferred generic NSAIDs. OR patient is not a candidate for therapy with a preferred generis NSAID due to one of the following: Patient is 60 years of age or older, Patient has a history of GI bleed, Patient is currently taking an oral corticosteroid, Patient is currently taking methotrexate OR patient has a documented medical necessity for a topical/transdermal formulation (ex. dysphagia, inability to take oral medication). For approval of generic Diclofenac 1% gel, the patient must have had a documented intolerance to Brand Voltaren.

Vimovo: patient has had a documented side effect or treatment failure to 2 or more preferred generic NSAIDs OR patient is not a candidate for therapy with a preferred generis NSAID due to one of the following: Patient is 60 years of age or older, Patient has a history of GI bleed, Patient is currently taking an oral corticosteroid, Patient is currently taking methotrexate AND patient is unable to take naproxen and a preferred proton pump inhibitor, separately.

Zipsor, Zorvolex: patient has had a documented intolerance to diclofenac tablets. AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to 4 or more preferred generic NSAIDs.

All other PA requiring NSAIDs: patient has had a documented side effect or treatment failure to 2 or more preferred generic NSAIDS. (If a product has an AB rated generic, one trial must be the generic.)

ANEMIA: HEMATOPOIETIC/ERYTHROPOIETIC AGENTS

PREFERRED AFTER CLINICAL CRITERIA ARE MET

ARANESP® (darbepoetin alfa)
PROCRIT® (epoetin alpha)

Epogen[®] (epoetin alpha) Mircera[®] (methoxypolyethylene glycol-epoetin beta) Aranesp, Procrit: diagnosis or indication for the requested medication is anemia due to one of the following: Chronic kidney disease/renal failure, Post-renal transplant, Use of zidovudine for the treatment of human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) (other causes of anemia, such as iron/folate/vitamin B12 deficiency have been eliminated), Surgery patients at high risk for perioperative blood loss, Cancer chemotherapy, Use of ribavirin or interferon therapy for Hepatitis C, Myelodysplastic syndrome. Hemoglobin level at initiation of therapy is <10 g/dL OR for patients currently maintained on therapy, hemoglobin leven is < 11 g/dL in dialysis patients with chronic kidney disease, < 10 g/dL in non-dialysis patients with chronic kidney disease, or < 12 g/dL in patients treated for other indications

Epogen: diagnosis or indication for the requested medication is anemia due to one of the following: Chronic kidney disease/renal failure, Post-renal transplant, Use of zidovudine for the treatment of human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) (other causes of anemia, such as iron/folate/vitamin B12 deficiency have been eliminated), Surgery patients at high risk for perioperative blood loss, Cancer chemotherapy, Use of ribavirin or interferon therapy for Hepatitis C, Myelodysplastic syndrome. Hemoglobin level at initiation of therapy is <10 g/dL OR for patients currently maintained on therapy, hemoglobin leven is < 11 g/dL in dialysis patients with chronic kidney disease, < 10 g/dL in non-dialysis patients with chronic kidney disease, or < 12 g/dL in patients treated for other indications. AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to both Aranesp and Procrit.

Mircera: The diagnosis or indication for the requested medication is anemia due to chronic kidney disease/renal failure AND Hemoglobin level at initiation of therapy is <10g/dl OR For patients currently maintained on therapy, hemoglobin level is ≤11 g/dL in dialysis patients with chronic kidney disease, ≤10 g/dL in non-dialysis patients with chronic kidney disease, or ≤12 g/dL in patients treated for other indications AND The patient has had a documented side-effect, allergy, or treatment failure to both Aranesp and Procrit

ANKYLOSING SPONDYLITIS: INJECTABLES

Self-injectables (Enbrel®, Cimzia®, Humira® and Simponi®) must be obtained through Specialty Pharmacy Provider, Briova Length of Authorization: Initial PA 3 months; 12 months thereafter

PREFERRED AFTER CLINICAL CRITERIA ARE MET

ENBREL® (etanercept)

Cimzia® (certolizumab pegol)

(Quantity limit = 1 kit/28 days (starter X 1, then regular))

Cosentyx® (secukinumab) subcutaneous (*Quantity limit* = 8 pens or vials month one, then 4 pens or vials

Humira: patient has a diagnosis of ankylosing spondylitis (AS) and has already been stabilized on Humira. OR patient has a confirmed diagnosis of AS, and conventional NSAID treatment and DMARD therapy (e.g. methotrexate therapy) resulted in an adverse effect, allergic reaction, inadequate response, or treatment failure. If methotrexate is contraindicated, another DMARD should be tried. Notes: Approval should be granted in cases where patients have been

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA	
Qty Limit = 4 syringes/28 days(50 mg), 8 syringes/28 days (25 mg) HUMIRA® (adalimumab) Qty Limit = 2 syringes/28 days	monthly) Remicade [®] (infliximab) Simponi [®] (golimumab) Subcutaneous Qty Limit = 1 of 50 mg prefilled syringe or autoinjector/28 days)	Enbrel: patient has a diagnosis of ankylosing spondylitis (AS) and has already been stabilized on Enbrel. OR diagnosis is AS, and conventional NSAID treatment and DMARD therapy (e.g. methotrexate therapy) resulted in an adverse effect, allergic reaction, inadequate response, or treatment failure. If methotrexate is contraindicated, another DMARD should be tried. Cimzia, Cosentyx, Remicade, Simponi: patient has a diagnosis of ankylosing spondylitis (AS) and has already been stabilized on the medication being requested OR diagnosis is AS, and conventional NSAID treatment and DMARD therapy (e.g. methotrexate therapy) resulted in an adverse effect, allergic reaction, inadequate response, or treatment failure. If methotrexate is contraindicated, another DMARD should be tried. AND the prescriber must provide a clinically valid reason why BOTH Humira and Enbrel cannot be used. Additional criteria for Cosentyx and Simponi: Patient must be ≥ 18 years of age. Safety and efficacy has not been established in pediatric patients. * Patients with documented diagnosis of active axial involvement should have a trial with two NSAIDs, but a trial with DMARD is not required. If no active axial skeletal involvement, then NSAID trial and a DMARD trial are required (unless otherwise contraindicated) prior to receiving Humira, Cimzia, Cosentyx, Enbrel, Remicade, or Simponi.	
ANTI-ANXIETY: ANXIOLYTICS			
CHI ODDIA ZEDOVIDE * (formarky Librium®)	almostalamit (commercita Vanay®)	Non-preferred Benzodiazepines (except for alprazolam ODT, Klonopin Wafers,	
CHLORDIAZEPOXIDE† (formerly Librium [®]) CLONAZEPAM† (compare to Klonopin [®]) (OL = 4 tabs/day except 2 mg (OL = 3 tabs/day))	alprazolam† (compare to Xanax $^{(B)}$) ($QL = 4 \text{ tablets/day}$)	Niravam & Intensol Products): patient has a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to at least 2 preferred benzodiazepine medications. (If a	

BENZODIAZEPINE		
CHLORDIAZEPOXIDE† (formerly Librium [®]) CLONAZEPAM† (compare to Klonopin [®]) ($QL = 4 \ tabs/day \ except \ 2 \ mg \ (QL = 3 \ tabs/day)$) CLONAZEPAM ODT† (formerly Klonopin Wafers [®]) ($QL = 4 \ tabs/day \ except \ 2 \ mg \ (QL = 3 \ tabs/day)$) DIAZEPAM† (compare to Valium [®]) LORAZEPAM† (compare to Ativan [®]) ($QL = 4 \ tablets/day$) OXAZEPAM† (formerly Serax [®])	alprazolam† (compare to Xanax $^{\mathbb{R}}$) ($QL = 4 \ tablets/day$) alprazolam ER†, alprazolam XR $^{\mathbb{R}}$ (compare to Xanax XR $^{\mathbb{R}}$) ($QL = 2 \ tablets/day$) alprazolam ODT† (compare to Niravam $^{\mathbb{R}}$) ($QL = 3 \ tablets/day$) Alprazolam Intensol $^{\mathbb{R}}$ (alprazolam concentrate) Ativan $^{\mathbb{R}}$ * (lorazepam) ($QL = 4 \ tablets/day$) Clorazepate† tabs (compare to Tranxene T $^{\mathbb{R}}$) Diazepam Intensol $^{\mathbb{R}}$ (diazepam concentrate)	Non-preferred Benzodiazepines (except for alprazolam ODT, Klonopin Wafers, Niravam & Intensol Products): patient has a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to at least 2 preferred benzodiazepine medications. (If a product has an AB rated generic, there must also be a trial of the generic formulation) Alprazolam ODT and Niravam: patient has a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to at least 2 preferred benzodiazepine medications. (If a product has an AB rated generic, there must also be a trial of the generic formulation). OR patient has a medical necessity for disintegrating tablet administration (i.e. inability to swallow tablets) AND patient has a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure to clonazepam ODT. Alprazolam Intensol, Diazepam Intensol, and Lorazepam Intensol: patient has a medical necessity for the specialty dosage form (i.e. swallowing disorder). AND the medication cannot be administered by crushing oral tablets.
	Klonopin [®] * (clonazepam)	

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
(No 1 A required unless otherwise noted)	(i A required)	TA CRITERIA
	(QL = 4 tabs/day except 2 mg (QL = 3 tabs/day))	
	Lorazepam Intensol® (lorazepam concentrate)	
	Zorazepan mensor (iorazepan concentace)	
	Niravam [®] (alprazolam ODT)	
	(QL = 3 tablets/day)	
	Tranxene T [®] * (clorazepate tablets)	
	Valium [®] * (diazepam)	
	$Xanax^{\text{(B)}} (alprazolam)$ $(QL = 4 \text{ tablets/day})$	
	Xanax XR [®] (alprazolam XR)	
NON-BENZODIAZEPINE	(QL = 2 tablets/day)	
_	Hydroxyzine Pamoate† (100 mg strength ONLY)	Hydroxyzine Pamote 100mg strength ONLY: patient is unable to use generic
BUSPIRONE† (formerly Buspar [®]) HYDROXYZINE HYDROCHLORIDE† (formerly	(compare to Vistaril®)	50mg capsules
Atarax®)	Vistaril®* (hydroxyzine pamoate)	Vistaril: patient has a documented intolerance to the generic formulation.
HYDROXYZINE PAMOATE† (compare to	Vistatii (iiydioxyznic panioate)	PA Requests to Exceed QL: all requests will be referred to the DVHA Medical Director for review unless (a) the medication is being prescribed for acute
Vistaril [®]) (all strengths		alcohol withdrawal for a maximum 10 day supply or (b) the patient has been
except 100 mg)		started and stabilized on the requested quantity for treatment of a seizure
MEPROBAMATE† (formerly Miltown®)		disorder.
	ANTICOAGULANT	rs
ORAL		
0.11.12		
Vitamin K Antagonist	Coumadin [®] * (warfarin)	Coumadin: patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication OR
WARFARIN † (compare to Coumadin [®])		patient has had a documented intolerance to generic warfarin.
Direct Thrombin Inhibitor		
PRADAXA® (dabigatran etexilate)	Savaysa® (edoxaban) (Quantity limits=1 tablet/daily	Savaysa: Diagnosis or indication is nonvalvular atrial fibrillation or the indication is
$(Quantity\ Limit = 2\ capsules/day)$		treatment of DVT or PE following 5-10 days of parenteral anticoagulation or the indication is reduction of risk of recurrent DVT or PE following initial therapy
Easten Va Inhibitan		AND creatinine clearance is documented to be < 95 ml/min AND prescriber has
Factor Xa Inhibitor Eliquis [®] (apixaban)		provided another clinically valid reason why generic warfarin, Pradaxa, Xarelto
Enquis (apixaban) $(Quantity\ Limit = 2\ tablets/day)$		or Eliquis cannot be used. A yearly creatinine clearance is required with renewal of PA request
(Quantity limit $5mg = 4$ tablets/day for 7 days if		1
indication is treatment of DVT or PE)(followed by 5 mg twice daily)		
XARELTO [®] (rivaroxaban)		
(10mg- Quantity Limit = 1 tablet/day, maximum 30		
day supply to complete		
total 35 days/every 180 days)		

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
(15m & 20mg -Quantity Limit = 1 tablet/day) (Quantity limit 15 mg = 2 tablets/day for 21 days if indication is treatment of DVT or PE) (followed by 20mg once daily)		
Starter Pack (15 mg/20 mg) (Quantity Limit = 51 tablets/30 days)		
INJECTABLE		
UNFRACTIONATED HEPARIN INJECTABLE HEPARIN†	n/a	Arixtra: patient has a documented intolerance to generic fondaparinux. Lovenox and Fragmin: patient has a documented intolerance to generic enoxaparin
LOW MOLECULAR WEIGHT HEPARINS INJECTABLE ENOXAPARIN \dagger (compare to Lovenox $^{\textcircled{@}}$) ($QL = 2$ syringes/day calculated in ml volume)	Lovenox [®] (enoxaparin) (<i>QL</i> = 2 syringes/day calculated in ml volume) Fragmin [®] (dalteparin)	
SELECTIVE FACTOR XA INHIBITOR INJECTABLE FONDAPARINUX† (compare to Arixtra®)		
	Arixtra ^{®*} (fondaparinux)	

ANTICONVULSANTS

ORAL

Aptiom® (eslicarbazepine acetate) CARBAMAZEPINE† Tablets (compare to Tegretol®) QL = 1 tab/day (200, 400 and 800 mg) and 2 tabs/dayCARBAMAZEPINE Capsules (compare to Carbatrol®) $(600 \, mg)$ Banzel® (rufinamide) CARBAMAZEPINE extended release † (compare to $QL = 8 \ tabs/day (400 \ mg) \ and \ 16 \ tabs/day (200 \ mg)$ Tegretol XR®) Banzel® (rufinamide) oral suspension CELONTIN® (methsuxamide) OL = 80 ml/day (3,200 mg/day)Carbatrol® (carbamazepine) capsules CLONAZEPAM† (compare to Klonopin®) Clorazepate (compare to Tranxene-T®) tablets QL = 4 tablets/dayDepakene®* (valproic acid) CLONAZEPAM ODT† (formerly Klonopin Wafers®) Depakote[®]* (divalproex sodium) QL = 4 tablets/dayDEPAKOTE SPRINKLES® (divalproex sodium caps) Depakote ER^{®*} (divalproex sodium) divalproex sodium capsules † (compare to Depakote

Aptiom: The patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication (Note: Samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR the diagnosis is adjunctive therapy of partial-onset seizures and the patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure/inadequate response or a contraindication to at least TWO preferred anticonvulsants, one of which is oxcarbazepine.

Carbatrol, Depakene, Depakote, Depakote ER, Dilantin Suspension, Keppra tabs or oral solution, Klonopin, Klonopin Wafers, Lamictal tabs or chew tabs, Mysline, Neurontin caps, tabs, sol, Tegretol XR (200mg & 400mg), Topamax tabs, Topamax sprinkles, Trileptal tabs, Zarontin, Zonegran: patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization) OR patient has had a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent of the requested medication.

Benzel: diagnosis or indication is treatment of Lennox-Gastaut Syndrome. AND

PREFERRED AGENTS **NON-PREFERRED AGENTS** (No PA required unless otherwise noted) (PA required) Sprinkles[®]) DIAZEPAM† (compare to Valium®) Dilantin® (phenytoin) suspension DILANTIN[®] (phenytoin) chewable tablets, capsules felbamate† (compare to Felbatol®) DIVALPROEX SODIUM † (compare to Depakote®) Felbatol[®] (felbamate) DIVALPROEX SODIUM ER† (compare to Depakote Fycompa[®] (perampanel) tablets QL = 1 tablet/dayER®) EPITOL† (carbamazepine) Keppra^{®*} (levetiracetam) tablets, oral solution ETHOSUXAMIDE† (compare to Zarontin®) Keppra XR[®] (levetiracetam extended release) GABAPENTIN† 100 mg, 300 mg, 400 mg capsules, Klonopin[®]* (clonazepam) 600 mg, 800 mg QL = 4 tablets/daytablets, 250 mg/5 ml oral solution (compare to Lamictal^{®*} tabs (lamotrigine tabs) Neurontin[®]) Lamictal^{®*} chew tabs (lamotrigine chew tabs) GABITRIL® (tiagabine) Lamictal ODT® (lamorigine orally disintegrating LAMOTRIGINE† chew tabs (compare to Lamictal® chew tabs) Lamictal XR[®] tablets (lamotrigine extended release) LAMOTRIGINE† tabs (compare to Lamictal® tabs) lamotrigine ER† (compare to Lamictal XR®) LEVETIRACETAM† tabs (compare to Keppra[®] tabs) lamotrigine ODT (compare to Lamictal ODT®) LEVETIRACETAM† oral soln (compare to Keppra® levetiracetam ER† (compare to Keppra XR®) oral soln) Lyrica[®] (pregabalin) \S cap (Quantity Limit = 3) OXCARBAZEPINE† tablets (compare to Trileptal® capsules/day) OXCARBAZEPINE † oral suspension (compare to Lyrica[®] (pregabalin) oral solution Trileptal[®]) Mysoline®* (primidone) PEGANONE® (ethotoin) Neurontin®* (gabapentin) capsules, tablets and solution PHENYTEK® (phenytoin) Onfi[®] (clobazam) Oral Suspension 2.5 mg/ml PHENYTOIN† (compare to Dilantin®) (Quantity $limit = 16 \, ml/day$) PHENYTOIN EX† cap (compare to Phenytek®) Onfi® (clobazam) Tablets PRIMIDONE† (compare to Mysoline®) (Quantity Limit = 3 tabs/day (10 mg), 2 tabs/day (20 TEGRETOL XR[®] (carbamazepine) 100 mg ONLY TOPIRAMATE ER Oxtellar® XR (oxcarbazapine ER) tablet TOPIRAMATE† tabs (compare to Topamax[®] tabs) Potiga[®] (ezogabine) tablets TOPIRAMATE† sprinkle caps (compare to Topamax $^{\circledR}$ (Quantity limit = 9 tablets/day (50mg), 3 tablets/day Sprinkles) (all others) Qudexy® XR (topiramate) capsules VALPROIC ACID† (compare to Depakene®) Sabril[®] (vigabatrin) ZONISAMIDE† (compare to Zonegran®) Spritam® (levetiracetam) tablets for oral suspension Tegretol[®]* (carbamazepine) Tegretol XR[®] (carbamazepine) (200 and 400 mg strengths)

PA CRITERIA

patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure/inadequate response or a contraindication to at least TWO preferred anticonvulsants used for the treatment of Lennox-Gastaut syndrome (topiramate, lamotrigine, valproic acid) AND for approval of the oral suspension, patient must be unable to use Benzel tabs (i.e. swallowing disorder)

Felbamate, Felbatol: patient information/consent describing aplastic anemia and liver injury has been completed AND patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization). Additionally, if brand is requested, the patient has a documented intolerance to the generic product. OR diagnosis is adjunctive therapy of partial-onset seizures or Lennox-Gastaut seizures and the patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure/inadequate response or a contraindication to at least THREE preferred anticonvulsants. Additionally, if brand is requested, the patient has a documented intolerance to the generic product.

Divalproex sodium capsules (sprinkles) and tiagabine generic: patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization). OR patient has had a documented intolerance to the brand name product.

Keppra XR, Lamictal XR, lamotrigine ER, levetiracetam ER, Oxtellar XR: patient has been unable to be compliant with or tolerate twice daily dosing of the immediate release product. Additionally, if brand Keppra XR or Lamictal XR is requested, the patient has a documented intolerance to the generic product.

Lamictal ODT, lamotrigine ODT: medical necessity for a specialty dosage form has been provided AND lamotrigine chewable tabs cannot be used. For approval of brand Lamictal ODT, the patient must have a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent.

Spritam: medical necessity for a specialty dosage form has been provided AND patient must have a documented intolerance to levetiracetam oral solution.

Lyrica caps, Lyrica oral solution: patient has a diagnosis of epilepsy OR patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to TWO drugs from the following: gabapentin, tricyclic antidepressant, SSRI antidepressant, SNRI antidepressant, miscellaneous antidepressant, cyclobenzaprine or Savella, if medication is being used for fibromyalgia. (This indication not processed via automated step therapy). OR if the diagnosis is for post-herpetic neuralgia or neuropathic pain, there is a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure to TWO drugs from the following: tricyclic antidepressant, gabapentin, or SNRI, AND if the request is for the oral solution, the patient is unable to use Lyrica capsules (i.e. swallowing disorder)

Onfi: patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization) OR diagnosis or indication is adjunctive treatment of Lennox-Gastaut Syndrome. AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure/inadequate response or a contraindication to at least TWO preferred anticonvulsants used for the treatment of Lennox-Gastaut syndrome (topiramate, lamotrigine, valproic acid) OR diagnosis or indication is adjunctive treatment of refractory epilepsy (may include different types of epilepsy) AND patient has had a documented side

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
	tiagabine† (compare to Gabitril®) Topamax®* (topiramate) tablets Topamax®* (topiramate) Sprinkle Capsules Tranxene-T®* (clorazepate) tablets Trileptal®* tablets (oxcarbazepine) TRILEPTAL® oral suspension (oxcarbazepine) Trokendi XR® (topiramate SR 24hr) Capsules (Quantity limit = 2 caps/day (200mg), 1 cap/day all others) Vimpat® (lacosamide) tablets, oral solution Zarontin®* (ethosuxamide) Zonegran®* (zonisamide)	effect, allergy, treatment failure/inadequate response or a contraindication to at least THREE preferred anticonvulsants. Clorazepate, Fycompa, Potiga: patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization) OR diagnosis is adjunctive therapy or partial-onset seizures OR diagnosis is adjunctive therapy for primary generalized tonic-clonic seizures (Fycompa only) AND the patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure, inadequate response, or a contraindication to at least TWO preferred anticonvulsants. Sabril: prescriber and patient are registered with the SHARE program AND diagnosis is infantile spasms OR patient is > 16 years old and the indication is adjunctive therapy in refractory complex partial seizures and failure of THREE other preferred anticonvulsants. Trileptal oral suspension: patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization). OR patient has had a documented intolerance to the generic product. Trokendi XR, Qudexy XR: patient has failed treatment with topiramate ER Vimpat: patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization) OR diagnosis is monotherapy adjunctive therapy of partial-onset seizures and the patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure/inadequate response or a contraindication to at least TWO preferred anticonvulsants AND if the request is for the oral solution, the patient is unable to use Vimpat tables (eg. swallowing disorder). PA Requests to Exceed QL for clonazepam/clonazepam ODT or Klonopin: all requests will be referred to the DVHA Medical Director for review unless the patient has been started and stabilized on the requested quantity for treatment of a seizure disorder.
RECTAL		
DIASTAT [®] (diazepam rectal gel)	Diazepam rectal gel	Diazepam Rectal Gel: patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization) OR patient has had a documented intolerance to Diastat rectal gel.
ANTIDEPRESSANTS		
MAO INHIBITORS – Length of Authorization: D	uration of Need for Mental Health Indications	
PHENELZINE SULFATE (compare to Nardil [®]) FDA maximum recommended dose = 90 mg/day TRANYLCYPROMINE (compare to Parnate [®]) FDA maximum recommended dose = 60 mg/day	Emsam [®] (selegiline) ($QL = 1 \ patch/day$) Marplan [®] (isocarboxazid) Nardil [®] * (phenylzine) $FDA \ maximum \ recommended \ dose = 90 \ mg/day$ Parnate [®] * (tranylcypromine) $FDA \ maximum \ recommended \ dose = 60 \ mg/day$	 Marplan: patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization). OR patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to phenelzine and tranylcypromine. Nardil, Parnate: patient has had a documented intolerance to generic equivalent product. Emsam: patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with at least 3 antidepressants from 2 of the major antidepressants classes

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
		(Miscellaneous, SNRIs, SSRIs, and Tricyclic Antidepressants). OR patient is unable to tolerate oral medication.
MISCELLANEOUS - Length of Authorization:	Duration of Need for Mental Health Indications, 1 Year	r for Other Indications
BUPROPION SR† (compare to Wellbutrin SR®) FDA maximum recommended dose = 400mg/day BUPROPION XL† (compare to Wellbutrin XL®) FDA maximum recommended dose = 450 mg/day BUPROPION† (compare to Wellbutrin®) FDA maximum recommended dose = 450 mg/day MAPROTILINE† FDA maximum recommended dose = 225 mg/day MIRTAZAPINE† (compare to Remeron®) FDA maximum recommended dose = 45 mg/day MIRTAZAPINE RDT† (compare to Remeron Sol-Tab®) FDA maximum recommended dose = 45 mg/day TRAZODONE HCL† (formerly Desyrel®) FDA maximum recommended dose = 600 mg/day	Aplenzin [®] (bupropion hydrobromide) ER tablets <i>Quantity Limit = 1 tablet/day</i> Trintellix® (vortioxetine) Tablet <i>Quantity Limit = 1 tablet/day</i> Forfivo XL [®] (bupropion SR 24hr) 450 mg tablet <i>FDA maximum recommended dose = 450 mg/day Quantity Limit = 1 tablet/day</i> Nefazodone† <i>FDA maximum recommended dose = 600 mg/day</i> Remeron [®] * (mirtazapine) <i>FDA maximum recommended dose = 45 mg/day</i> Remeron Sol Tab [®] * (mirtazapine RDT) <i>FDA maximum recommended dose = 45 mg/day</i> Viibryd [®] (vilazodone) Tablet <i>Quantity Limit = 1 tablet/day</i> Wellbutrin SR [®] * (bupropion SR) <i>FDA maximum recommended dose = 400mg/day</i> Wellbutrin XL®* (bupropion XL) <i>FDA maximum recommended dose = 450 mg/day</i>	Criteria for approval for ALL non-preferred drugs: The patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR The patient meets additional criteria as outlined below. Aplenzin: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or in adequate response to at least 3 different antidepressants from the SSRI, SNRI and/or Miscellaneous Antidepressant categories (may be preferred or non-preferred), one of which must be bupropion XL. Forfivo XL: The patient is unable to take the equivalent dose as generic bupropion XL. Nefazodone: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or inadequate response to at least 3 different antidepressants from the SSRI, SNRI and/or Miscellaneous Antidepressant categories (may be preferred or non-preferred) Remeron, Remeron SolTab, Wellbutrin SR, and Wellbutrin XL: The patient has had a documented intolerance to the generic formulation of the requested medication. Trintellix, Viibryd: The diagnosis or indication is MDD AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or inadequate response (defined by at least 4 weeks of therapy) to at least 3 different antidepressants from the SSRI, SNRI, and/or Miscellaneous Antidepressant categories (may be preferred or non-preferred. Note: After a 4-month lapse in use of a non-preferred agent for a mental health indication, or if there is a change in therapy, a lookback through claims information will identify the need to re-initiate therapy following the PDL and clinical criteria.
	ed for Mental Health Indications, 1 Year for Other Ind	
VENLAFAXINE ER† capsule (compare to Effex XR®) FDA maximum recommended dose = 2. mg/day, Quantity limit = 1 capsule/day (37.5 mg 75 mg)	FDA maximum recommended dose = 120 mo(MDD and GAD) 60 mo(Mp) all others	Criteria for approval of ALL non-preferred drugs: The patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR The patient meets additional criteria as outlined below. Venlafaxine IR: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or including the representation of the patient and documented side effect, allergy.

FDA maximum recommended dose = 400 mg/day, Quantity limit = 1 tablet/day (50 mg tablet only)

Tablet

Venlafaxine ER tablet (generic), Effexor XR Capsule (brand): The patient has

Fetzima, Pristiq: The diagnosis or indication is Major Depressive Disorder (MDD)

inadequate response to at least 2 different antidepressants.

had a documented intolerance to generic venlafaxine ER caps.

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
	Desvenlafaxine ER® (desvenlafaxine base SR) FDA maximum recommended dose = 400 mg/day, Quantity limit = 1 tablet/day (50 mg tablet only) Duloxetine† (compare to Cymbalta®) Capsule FDA maximum recommended dose = 120 g/day(MDD and GAD), 60 mg/day all others Quantity limit = 2 capsules/day Effexor XR® (venlafaxine XR) capsule FDA maximum recommended dose = 225 mg/day, Quantity limit = 1 capsule/day (37.5 mg & 75 mg) Fetzima® (levomilnacipran ER) capsule FDA maximum recommended dose = 120 mg/day Quantity limit = 1 capsule/day Fetzima® (levomilnacipran ER) capsule titration pack (QL = 1 pack per lifetime) FDA maximum recommended dose = 120 mg/day Irenka 40mg (duloxetine) capsules FD maximum recommended dose = 120g/day (MDD and GAD), 60mg/day all others, QL = 2 caps/day. Khedezla® (desvenlafaxine base SR) FDA maximum recommended dose = 400 mg/day, Quantity limit = 1 tablet/day (50 mg tablet only) Pristiq® § (desvenlafaxine succinate SR) FDA maximum recommended dose = 400 mg/day, Quantity limit = 1 tablet/day (50 mg tablet only) Venlafaxine ER®† tablet FDA maximum recommended dose = 225 mg/day, Quantity limit = 1 tablet/day (37.5 mg & 75 mg) venlafaxine IR †\$ FDA maximum recommended dose = 225 mg/day	AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or inadequate response to at least 3(three) different antidepressants, one of which must be Venlafaxine ER capsule. Desvenlafaxine ER, Khedezla: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or inadequate response to at least 2 different antidepressants, one of which must be venlafaxine ER capsule AND The patient has had a documented intolerance with Pristiq. Duloxetine: Depression: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or inadequate response to at least 2 different antidepressants, one of which must be venlafaxine ER capsule. Generalized Anxiety Disorder: The patient has had a documented side effect allergy, or inadequate response to at least TWO different antidepressants from the SSRI, SNRI and/or TCA categories (may be preferred or non-preferred) one antidepressant from the SSRI, SNRI and/or TCA categories (may be preferred or non-preferred) and buspirone. Neuropathic pain: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to TWO drugs in the tricyclic antidepressant (TCA) class and/c anticonvulsant class. (this indication not processed via automated step therapy) Non-neuropathic musculoskeletal pain (osteoarthritis, chronic low back pain) The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, inadequate response contraindication to acetaminophen (Tylenol®) AND at least TWO nonsteroid anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) (oral and/or topical). (this indication not processed via automated step therapy) Fibromyalgia: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatmer failure to TWO drugs from the following: gabapentin, tricyclic antidepressan SSRI antidepressant, SNRI antidepressant, miscellaneous antidepressan sSRI antidepressant, SNRI antidepressant, miscellaneous antidepressan cyclobenzaprine, Lyrica® or Savella®.(this indication not processed via automated step therapy) Note: After a 4-month lapse in use of a non-preferred agent for a mental healt indication, or if there is a
SSRIs – Length of Authorization: Duration of N	Need for Mental Health Indications, 1 Year for Other Indications	cations
CITALOPRAM† (compare to Celexa®) FDA maximum recommended dose = 40 mg/day	Brisdelle [®] (paroxetine) Quantity $Limit = 1$ capsule/day	Celexa, fluvoxamine CR, Lexapro, Paxil tablet, Pexva, Paroxetine CR, Paxil CR, Prozac, Sarafem, Zoloft: The patient had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with 2 preferred SSRIs. One trial must be the generic

Celexa®* (citalopram)

FDA maximum recommended dose = 40 mg/day

escitalopram† solution (compare to Lexapro[®] solution) FDA maximum recommended dose = 20 mg/day,

QL = 1.5 tabs/day (5mg & 10mg tabs)

FLUOXETINE† (compare to Prozac®)

ESCITALOPRAM† (compare to Lexapro®) TABLETS FDA maximum recommended dose = 20mg/day

CAPSULES,

24

allergy, or treatment failure with 2 preferred SSRIs. One trial must be the generic

Brisdelle: The indication for use is moderate to severe vasomotor symptoms (VMS)

associated with menopause. AND The patient has tried and failed generic

Paroxetine suspension, Paxil suspension, Escitalopram solution, Lexapro

formulation or IR formulation if CR formulation requested.

paroxetine.

PREFERRED AGENTS **NON-PREFERRED AGENTS** (No PA required unless otherwise noted) (PA required) PA CRITERIA SOLUTION solution: The patient has a requirement for an oral liquid dosage form. AND The Fluoxetine[®]Tablets FDA maximum recommended dose = 80 mg/day patient had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with 2 FDA maximum recommended dose = 80 mg/daypreferred SSRIs. If the request is for the brand product, the patient also has a fluoxetine† 90 mg (compare to Prozac Weekly®) FLUVOXAMINE† (formerly Luvox®) documented intolerance to the generic equivalent. FDA maximum recommended dose = 300 mg/day FDA maximum recommended dose = 90 mg/week Fluoxetine tablet: Prescriber must provide a clinically compelling reason why the Lexapro[®] (escitalopram) patient is unable to use capsules PAROXETINE tablet† (compare to Paxil®) FDA maximum recommended dose = 20 mg/day, Fluoxetine 90mg, Prozac Weekly: The patient has been started and stabilized on FDA maximum recommended dose = 60 mg/daythe requested medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate Quantity limit = 1.5 tabs/day (5 mg & 10 mg tabs) justification for stabilization.) OR The patient failed and is not a candidate for SERTRALINE† (compare to Zoloft®) fluvoxamine CR† (compare to Luvox CR®) FDA maximum recommended dose = 200 mg/day, daily fluoxetine. AND The prescriber provides clinically compelling rationale for FDA maximum recommended dose = 300 mg/day, Quantity limit = 1.5 tabs/day (25 mg & 50 mg tabs) once-weekly dosing. AND If the request is for Prozac Weekly, the patient has a Quantity limit = 2 capsules/day documented intolerance of fluoxetine 90 mg capsules. paroxetine suspension† (compare to Paxil® susp) Document clinically compelling information supporting the choice of a non-FDA maximum recommended dose = 60 mg/daypreferred agent on a General Prior Authorization Form. Paroxetine CR† (compare to Paxil CR®) After a 4-month lapse in use of a non-preferred agent for a mental health indication, or if there is a change in therapy, a lookback through claims FDA maximum recommended dose = 75 mg/day information will identify the need to re-initiate therapy following the PDL and Paxil[®]* (paroxetine) FDA maximum recommended clinical criteria. $dose = 60 \, mg/day$ Paxil[®] suspension (paroxetine) FDA maximum recommended dose = 60 mg/dayPaxil CR[®] (paroxetine CR) FDA maximum recommended dose = 75 mg/day Pexeva[®] (paroxetine) FDA maximum recommended dose = 60 mg/dayProzac[®]* (fluoxetine) FDA maximum recommended dose = 80 mg/day Prozac Weekly® (fluoxetine) FDA maximum recommended dose = 90 mg/week Sarafem[®] (fluoxetine pmdd) FDA maximum recommended dose = 80 mg/day Zoloft[®]* (sertraline) FDA maximum recommended dose = 200 mg/day, Quantity limit = 1.5 tabs/day (25 mg & 50 mg tabs)TRICYCLICS - Length of Authorization: Duration of Need for Mental Health Information, 1 Year for Other Indications Anafranil[®]* (clomipramine) AMITRIPTYLINE† (formerly Elavil)

FDA maximum recommended dose = 300 mg/day AMOXAPINE† (formerly Asendin®) CLOMIPRAMINE† (compare to Anafranil®) DESIPRAMINE† (compare to Norpramin®)

DOXEPIN† (formerly Sinequan®) IMIPRAMINE† (compare to Tofranil®) Imipramine Pamoate† capsules Norpramin[®]* (desipramine) Pamelor[®]* (nortriptyline) Surmontil[®] (trimipramine) Tofranil[®]* (imipramine) FDA maximum recommended dose = 300 mg/day Criteria for approval of ALL non-preferred drugs: patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR the patient meets additional criteria as outlined below.

Imipramine Pamoate: The patient has had a documented side ffect, allergy, or treatment failure to 3 preferred TCAs, one of which must be imipramine tablets.

All other non-preferred agents: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to 2 or more preferred TCAs. One trial must be the AB rated generic formulation if available

DDECEDDED A CENTER	NON PREFERRED A GENERA	
PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
(140 171 required amoss other wise noted)	(TTToquitod)	TH CHILLIAN
FDA maximum recommended dose = 300 mg/day NORTRIPTYLINE† (formerly Aventyl®, compare to Pamelor®) NORTRIPTYLINE Oral Solution PROTRIPTYLINE†		Limitation: Chlordiazepoxide/amitriptyline and amitriptyline/perphenazine combinations are not covered. Generic agents may be prescribed separately.
	ANTI-DIABETICS	
ALPHA-GLUCOSIDASE INHIBITORS		
ACARBOSE† (compare to Precose [®]) GLYSET [®] (miglitol)	Precose [®] * (acarbose)	Precose: patient must have a documented intolerance to generic acarbose
BIGUANIDES & COMBINATIONS		
SINGLE AGENT METFORMIN† (compare to Glucophage [®]) METFORMIN XR† (compare to Glucophage XR [®]) RIOMET [®] (metformin oral solution) COMBINATION GLIPIZIDE/METFORMIN† (compare to Metaglip [®]) GLYBURIDE/METFORMIN† (compare to Glucovance [®])	Fortamet [®] (metformin ER Osmotic) Glucophage [®] * (metformin) Glucophage XR [®] * (metformin XR) Glumetza [®] (metformin ER) Metformin ER Osmotic† (compare to Fortamet [®]) Glucovance [®] * (glyburide/metformin) Metaglip [®] * (glipizide/metformin)	Fortamet, Glucophage XR, Glumetza, Metformin ER osmotic: patient has had a documented intolerance to generic metformin XR (if product has an AB rated generic, there must have been a trial of the generic) Glucophage, Glucovance, Metaglip: patient has had a documented side effect, allergy OR treatment failure with at least one preferred biguanide OR biguanide combination product (if a product has an AB raged generic, the trial must be the generic)
DIPEPTIDYL PEPTIDASE (DPP-4) INHIBITORS		
PREFERRED AFTER CLINICAL CRITERIA ARE MET	NON-PREFERRED AFTER CLINICAL CRITERIA ARE MET	
SINGLE AGENT JANUVIA® (sitagliptin) § (Quantity Limit = 1 tablet/day) TRADJENTA® (linagliptin) (Quantity limit=1	Nesina [®] (alogliptin) (<i>Quantity limit=1 tablet/day</i>) Onglyza [®] (saxagliptin) (<i>Quantity limit=1 tablet/day</i>) Janumet XR [®] (sitagliptin/metformin ER) (<i>Qty limit=1 tab/day of 50/500 mg or 100/1000 mg or 2 tabs/day of 50/1000 mg</i>)	 Januvia, Tradjenta: patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, contraindication OR treatment failure with metformin Nesina, Onglyza: patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, contraindication OR treatment failure with metformin AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy OR treatment failure with at least one preferred DDP-4 agent.

DDEEEDDED ACENTS	NON DECEDED A CENTE	
PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
COMBINATION JANUMET [®] (sitagliptin/metformin) § (Quantity Limit = 2 tablets/day) JENTADUETO [®] (linagliptin/metformin) (Quantity limit=2 tabs/day)	Kazano [®] (alogliptin/metformin) (<i>Quantity limit=2 tabs/day</i>) Kombiglyze XR [®] (saxagliptin/metformin ER) (<i>Quantity limit=1 tab/day</i>) Oseni [®] (alogliptin/pioglitazone) (<i>Quantity limit=1 tab/day</i>)	Janumet: patient has had an inadequate response with Januvia OR Metformin monotherapy OR patient has been started and stabilized on Januvia and Metformin combination therapy. Kazano, Kombiglyze XR: patient has had a documented side effect, allergy OR treatment failure with at least one preferred DPP-4 combination agent. Janumet XR: patient has had an inadequate response with Januvia OR Metformin/Metformin XR monotherapy OR patient has been started and stabilized on Januvia and Metformin/Metformin XR combination therapy AND patient is unable to take Januva and Metformin/Metformin XR as the individual separate agents. Jentadueto: patient has had an inadequate response with Tradjenta OR Metformin monotherapy OR patient has been started and stabilized on Tradjenta and Metformin combination therapy AND the patient is unable to take Tradjenta and Metformin as the individual separate agents. Oseni: patient is unable to take Nesina and Actos (pioglitazone) as the individual separate agents (after meeting clinical criteria for each individual agent)
INSULINS		
RAPID-ACTING INJECTABLE HUMALOG® (insulin lispro)	AFREZZA® INHALED (insulin human) Apidra® (insulin glulisine)	Apidra: patient has had a documented side effect, allergy OR treatment failure to Novolog or Humalog
NOVOLOG® (Aspart) SHORT-ACTING INJECTABLE HUMULIN R® (Regular) NOVOLIN R® (Regular) INTERMEDIATE-ACTING INJECTABLE HUMULIN N® (NPH) NOVOLIN N® (NPH) LONG-ACTING ANALOGS INJECTABLE LANTUS® (insulin glargine) LEVEMIR® (insulin detemir) MIXED INSULINS INJECTABLE	TOUJEO® (insulin glargine) TRESIBA® FLEXTOUCH (insulin degludec)	 Diagnosis of diabetes mellitus AND Prescription is initiated by an Endocrinologist AND The person is currently on insulin glargine U100 and cannot achieve glycemic control (defined as hemoglobin A1c ≤ 7%) because dose increases cannot be tolerated due to at least one severe low blood sugar event (requiring assistance from another) despite attempts at manipulating dosing time or splitting the dose. TRESIBA FLEXTOUCH: Diagnosis of diabetes mellitus AND prescription is initiated in consultation with an Endocrinologist AND the patient must have documented treatment failure with BOTH preferred agents. AFREZZA INHALED INSULIN: Baseline PFT with FEV1 ≥ 70 % predicted Patient does not have underlying lung disease (Asthma, COPD)
HUMULIN 70/30 [®] (NPH/Regular) NOVOLIN 70/30 [®] (NPH/Regular) NOVOLOG MIX 70/30 [®] (Protamine/Aspart)		 Patient does not nave underlying lung disease (Astima, COPD) Patient is a non-smoker or has stopped smoking more than six months prior to starting Afrezza Patient is currently using a long-acting insulin Patient has failed to achieve HbA1c goal (defined as ≤ 7%) on a shortacting insulin in combination with a long-acting insulin

NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
(1711oquiled)	TH CRITERIA
	Initial approval is for 3 months and improved glycemic control must be
	documented for further approvals
	Diabetes Mellitus Type 2 additional criteria
	Patient is intolerant to, or is not a candidate for, or has failed to achieve HbA1c goal,
	(defined as $\leq 7\%$) despite therapy with two or more oral hypoglycemic agents
®	Starlix: patient has had a documented intolerance to generic nateglinide.
	Prandin, Repaglinide: patient has been started and stabilized on the requested
	medication OR patient has had a documented side effect, allergy OR treatment failure with Starlix AND if the request is for Prandin, the patient has a
Starlix * (nateglinide)	documented intolerance with generic repaglinide.
	Prandimet: patient has been started and stabilized on Prandimet or on stable doses
Prandimet® (repaglinide/metformin)	of the separate agents OR patient has had an inadequate response with repaglinide monotherapy.
	Tankicity/Tonggover, notice the endicance is of type 2 dishetes AND notice tie at
	Trulicity/Tanzeum: patient has a diagnosis of type 2 diabetes AND patient is at least 18 years of age AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy,
	contraindication or treatment failure with metformin AND patient has a
	documented side effect, allergy, contraindication, or treatment failure with
Zy Z	Victoza, Bydureon or Byetta. Symlin: patient has a diagnosis of diabetes mellitus. AND patient is at least 18 years
	of age. AND patient is on insulin.
	Bydureon/Byetta/Victoza: patient has a diagnosis of type 2 diabetes. AND patient
	is at least 18 years of age. AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, contraindication or treatment failure with metformin.
TA) INHIDITORS AND COMPINATIONS	
L12) INHIBITORS AND COMBINATIONS	
	Patient is 18 years of age or older AND patient has a diagnosis of type 2 diabetes
Farxiga [®] (dapagliflozin)	mellitus and has had an inadequate response to diet and exercise alone AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, contraindication OR treatment failure
	with metformin.
= 1 tablet/day)	Invokana/Farxiga additional criteria: Patient has a documented side effect, allergy, or contraindication to
	Jardiance. Note: Exisiting users as of 1/1/17 will be grandfathered.
Invokana [®] (canagliflozin)	Invokamet/Xigduo XR® additional criteria: • The patient has documentation of a failure of therapy with Jardiance used
(Quantity limit = 1 tablet/day)	 The patient has documentation of a failure of therapy with Jardiance used in combination with metformin or Synjardy.
	Glyxambi additional criteria:
(Quantity limit 3/1000mg = 2/day) (Quantity limit All Other Strengths = 1/day)	 The patient has documentation of a failure of therapy with the combination of the preferred SGL2 plus a preferred DPP-4 inhibitor
	comoniation of the preferred SOL2 plus a preferred Dr 1 -4 inflibitor
	Prandin® (replaglinide) repaglinide† (compare to Prandin®) Starlix®* (nateglinide) Prandimet® (repaglinide/metformin) Tanzeum® (albiglutide) Trulicity® (dulaglutide) Symlin® (pramlintide) No Quantity Limit applies Farxiga® (dapagliflozin)

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
SULFONYLUREAS 2 ND GENERATION GLIMEPIRIDE† (compare to Amaryl) GLIPIZIDE† (compare to Glucotrol®) GLIPIZIDE ER† (compare to Glucotrol XL®) GLYBURIDE† (compare to Diabeta®, Micronase®) GLYBURIDE MICRONIZED† (compare to Glynase® PresTab®)	Amaryl [®] * (glimepiride) Diabeta [®] * (glyburide) Glucotrol [®] * (glipizide) Glucotrol XL [®] * (glipizide ER) Glynase [®] PresTab [®] * (glyburide micronized) Micronase [®] * (glyburide)	Patient has had a documented side effect, allergy OR treatment failure with glimperiride, AND glimepiride, AND glipizide/glipizide ER, and glyburide/glyburide micronized.
Preferred After Clinical Criteria Are Met SINGLE AGENT PIOGLITAZONE† (compare to Actos®) COMBINATION PIOGLITAZONE/GLIMEPIRIDE† (compare to Duetact®) § (Quantity Limit = 1 tablet/day) PIOGLITAZONE/METFORMIN† (Compare to Actoplus Met®)§	Actos [®] (pioglitazone) Avandia [®] (rosiglitazone) Actoplus Met [®] (pioglitazone/metformin) Actoplus Met XR (pioglitazone/metformin ER) Avandamet [®] (metformin/rosiglitazone maleate) Avandaryl [®] (glimepiride/rosiglitazone maleate) Duetact [®] (pioglitazone/glimepiride) (Quantity Limit = 1 tablet/day)	 Actos (pioglitazone), Actoplus Met, Duetact, Pioglitazone/Metformin: Patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication OR patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, contraindication OR treatment failure with metformin AND if the request is for brand Actos Met or Duetact, patient has a documented intolerance to the generic product. Actoplus Met XR: patient has been started AND stabilized on the requested medication OR patient has had a documented treatment failure with generic Metformin XR OR patient has had a documented treatment failure OR has been unable to be adherent to a twice daily dosing schedule of Actoplus Met resulting in a significant clinical impact. Avandia: patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication and appears to be benefiting from it and the patient acknowledges that they understand the risks OR patient is unable to achieve glycemic control using other medications (including a documented side effect, allergy, contraindication or treatment failure with metformin).

ANTI-EMETICS

5HT3 ANTAGONISTS: Length of Authorization: 6 months for chemotherapy or radiotherapy; 3 months for hyperemesis gravadarum, 1 time for prevention of post-op nausea/vomiting: see clinical criteria. Monthly quantity limits apply, PA required to exceed.

ONDANSETRON† Injection (vial and premix)
ONDANSETRON†tablet 4 mg (12 tabs/28 days), 8 mg
(6 tabs/28 days)
ONDANSETRON† ODT 4 mg (12 tabs/28 days), 8 mg (6 tabs/28 days)

Akynzeo® (nutupitant/palonosetron)

Anzemet® (dolansetron) 50 mg (4 tabs/28 days)

Anzemet® (dolansetron) 100 mg (2 tabs/28 days)

Granisetron† (formerly Kytril®) 1 mg (6 tabs/28 days)

Granisetron† (formerly Kytril®) Injectable

Ondansetron† (generic) Oral Solution 4 mg/5 ml

Akynzeo: Has a diagnosis of nausea and vomiting associated with cancer chemotherapy AND patient has a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure of a regimen consisting of a 5-HT3 antagonist, an NK1 antagonist, and dexamethasone

Anzemet: has a diagnosis of nausea and vomiting associated with cancer chemotherapy. AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to generic ondansetron.

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
(No 1 A required unless otherwise noted)	(i A required)	TA CRITERIA
	Sancuso [®] 3.1 mg/24 hrs Transdermal Patch (granisetron) (Qty Limit = 1 patch/28 days) Zofran [®] * (ondansetron) Injection Zofran [®] * (ondansetron) Oral Tablets and ODT 4 mg (12 tabs/28 days), 8 mg (6 tabs/28 days) Zofran [®] (ondansetron) Oral Solution 4 mg/5 ml Zuplenz [®] (ondansetron) Oral Soluble Film (Quantity Limit = 12 films/28 days (4 mg), 6 films/28 days (8 mg))	Granisetron: patient has a diagnosis of nausea and vomiting associated with cancer chemotherapy or radiotherapy. AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to generic ondansetron. Zofran: The patient has a diagnosis of nausea and vomiting associated with cancer chemotherapy, radiotherapy, post-operative nausea and vomiting (1 time only) or hyperemesis gravadarum. AND patient must have a documented intolerance to the corresponding generic ondansetron product (tablets, orally disintegrating tablets (ODT), oral solution or injection). If the request is for oral solution, the patient must be unable to use ondansetron ODT or ondansetron tablets. Ondansetron Oral Sol: patient has a diagnosis of nausea and vomiting associated with cancer chemotherapy, radiotherapy, post-operative nausea and vomiting (1 time only) or hyperemesis gravadarum. AND patient is unable to use ondansetron ODT or ondansetron tablets. Sancuso: patient has a diagnosis of nausea and vomiting associated with cancer chemotherapy. AND prescriber provides documentation of medical necessity for the transdermal formulation. OR patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with generic ondansetron. Zuplenz: patient has a diagnosis of nausea and vomiting associated with cancer chemotherapy or radiotherapy. AND prescriber provides documentation of medical necessity for the specialty dosage form (i.e. inability to swallow tablets, dysphagia) AND a clinical rationale as to why ondansetron ODT is not a suitable option for the patient. CRITERIA FOR APPROVAL (to exceed quantity limit): Ondansetron/Zofran 4 mg and 8 mg tablets and ODT. Zuplenz: For nausea and vomiting associated with chemotherapy or radiation therapy, 3 tablets for each day of chemotherapy/radiation and 3 tablets and ODT: For hyperemesis gravadarum, three tablets per day of 4 mg or 8 mg may be approved for 3 months. Anzemet: For nausea and vomiting associated with chemotherapy, 2 tablets for each day of chemotherapy and 1 tablet fo
MISCELLANEOUS (PREGNANCY)	D. 1 · ® (10 1 1 1 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	Diclegis (10 mg doxylamine succinate and 10 mg pyridoxine hydrochloride) DR tablet ($QL=4$	Patient has a diagnosis of nausea and vomiting of pregnancy AND Patient has tried and had an inadequate response to conservative management (i.e. change in

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
	tablets/day)	dietary habits, ginger, or acupressure) AND Patient has tried and had an inadequate response to generic doxylamine and generic pyridoxine (Vitamin B6) AND Patient has tried and had an inadequate response to generic ondansetron.
NK1 ANTAGONISTS		
Preferred After Clinical Criteria Are Met EMEND® (aprepitant) 40 mg (1 cap/28 days) ♣EMEND® (aprepitant) 80 mg (2 caps/28 days) ♣EMEND® (aprepitant) 125 mg (1 cap/28 days) ♣EMEND® (aprepitant) Tri-fold Pack (1 pack/28 days) ♣ To be prescribed by oncology practitioners ONLY	Varubi® (rolapitant) Quantity Limit = 4 tabs/28 days	Emend (aprepitant) 80 mg, 125 mg, and Tri-Fold pack: medication will be prescribed by an oncology practitioner. AND patient requires prevention of nausea and vomiting associated with moderate to highly emetogenic cancer chemotherapy. AND The requested quantity does not exceed one 125 mg and two 80 mg capsules OR one Tri-Fold Pack per course of chemotherapy. Patients with multiple courses of chemotherapy per 28 days will be approved quantities sufficient for the number of courses of chemotherapy. Emend 40mg: patient requires prevention of postoperative nausea and vomiting. AND The requested quantity does not exceed one 40 mg capsule per surgery or course of anesthesia. Patients with multiple surgeries or courses of anesthesia in a 28 day period will be approved quantities sufficient for the number of surgeries or courses of anesthesia. Varubi: Medication will be prescribed by an oncology practitioner AND patient requires prevention of nausea and vomiting associated with moderate to highly emetogenic cancer chemotherapy AND the requested quantity does not exceed 4 tablets per 28 days AND the patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with Emend [®] .
THC DERIVATIVES		
	Dronabinol† (compare to Marinol [®]) Marinol [®] (dronabinol) Cesamet [®] (nabilone)	Pharmacology: Marinol® is a schedule III cannabinoid agent containing the same active ingredient, tetrahydrocannabinol, as marijuana. While its exact mechanism of action is unknown, it is speculated to inhibit medullary activity as well as suppress prostaglandin and endorphan synthesis. Cesamet® is a schedule II synthetic cannabinoid that acts by activating the endocannabinoid receptors, CB1 and CB2, which are involved in nausea/vomiting regulation. Both Marinol® and Cesamet® are FDA-approved for use in chemotherapy associated nausea and vomiting refractory to conventional antiemetics. In addition, Marinol® is indicated for patients with AIDS-related anorexia or wasting syndrome. Dronabinol/Marinol:patient has a diagnosis of chemotherapy-induced nausea/vomiting AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to at least 2 antiemetic agents, of which, one must be a preferred 5HT3 receptor antagonist. If the request is for Marinol, the patient must additionally have a documented intolerance to generic dronabinol. OR patient has a diagnosis of AIDS associated anorexia. AND patient has had an adequate response, adverse reaction, or contraindication to megestrol acetate. If the request is for Marinol, the patient must additionally have a documented intolerance to generic dronabinol. Cesamet: patient has a diagnosis of chemotherapy-induced nausea/vomiting AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to at least 2 antiemetic agents, of which, one must be a preferred 5HT3 receptor antagonist.

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
_		
	ANTI-HYPERTENSIV	/ES
ACE INHIBITORS		
BENAZEPRIL† (compare to Lotensin [®]) CAPTOPRIL† (formerly Capoten [®]) ENALAPRIL† (compare to Vasotec [®]) EPANED [®] (enalapril) oral solution (age < 12 years old) FOSINOPRIL† (formerly Monopril [®]) LISINOPRIL† (compare to Zestril®, Prinivil [®]) MOEXIPRIL† (compare to Univasc [®]) QUINAPRIL† (compare to Accupril [®]) RAMIPRIL† (compare to Altace [®]) TRANDOLAPRIL† (compare to Mavik [®])	Accupril [®] *(quinapril) Aceon [®] (perindopril) Altace [®] * (ramipril) Epaned [®] (enalapril) oral solution (age ≥ 12 years old) Lotensin [®] * (benazepril) Mavik [®] * (trandolapril) perindopril† (compare to Aceon [®]) Prinivil [®] * (lisinopril) Univasc [®] * (moexipril) Vasotec [®] * (enalapril) Zestril [®] * (lisinopril)	 Epaned Oral Solution (Patients > 12 years old): patient has a requirement for an oral liquid dosage form (i.e. swallowing disorder, inability to take oral medications). Other ACE Inhibitors: patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to all available preferred generic ACEI. If a medication has an AB rated generic, there must have been a trial of the generic formulation.
ACE INHIBITOR W/ HYDROCHLOROTHIAZI	DE	
BENAZEPRIL/HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE† (compare to Lotensin HCT®) ENALAPRIL/HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE† (compare to Vaseretic®) FOSINOPRIL/HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE† (formerly Monopril HCT®) LISINOPRIL/HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE† (compare to Zestoretic®, MOEXIPRIL/HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE† (formerly Uniretic®) QUINAPRIL/HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE†	Accuretic [®] * (quinapril/HCTZ) Lotensin HCT [®] * (benazepril/HCTZ) Vaseretic [®] * (enalapril/HCTZ) Zestoretic [®] * (lisinopril/HCTZ)	ACE Inhibitor/Hydrochlorothiazide combinations: patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to all available preferred generic ACEI/Hydrochlorothiazide combination. If a medication has an AB rated generic, there must have been a trial of the generic formulation. Limitations: Captopril/HCTZ combination not covered. Agents may be prescribed separately
(compare to Accuretic®) ACE INHIBITOR W/CALCIUM CHANNEL BLO	OCKER .	
AMLODIPINE/BENAZEPRIL \dagger (compare to Lotrel $^{\circledR}$)	Lotrel [®] * amlodipine/(benazepril)	

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
TRANDOLAPRIL/VERAPAMIL (Tarka [®])	Prestalia® (perindopril/amlodipine) Tarka® (trandolopril/verapamil)	Lotrel, Tarka: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to the generic formulation. Prestalia: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to amlodipine/benazepril AND the patient is unable to take perindopril and amlodipine as the individual separate agents.
ANGIOTENSIN RECEPTOR BLOCKERS (AR	Bs)	
Preferred After Clinical Criteria Are Met IRBESARTAN† (compare to Avapro®) § LOSARTAN† (compare to Cozaar®) § MICARDIS® (telmisartan) VALSARTAN† (compare to Diovan®)	Atacand [®] (candesartan) Avapro [®] (irbesartan) Benicar [®] (olmesartan) § candesartan† (compare to Atacand [®])§ Cozaar [®] (losartan) Diovan [®] (valsartan) § Edarbi [®] (azilsartan) Tablet (Qty Limit = 1 tablet/day) Eprosartan† (compare to Teveten [®]) § Telmisartan† (compare to Micardis [®]) § Teveten [®] (eprosartan)	Irbesartan, Losartan, Micardis and Valsartan: patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to an angiotensin converting enzyme inhibitor (ACEI), an ACEI combination or any other angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB) or ARB combination. Atacand, Avapro, Benicar, Candasartan, Cozaar, Diovan, Edarbi, Eprosartan, Telmisartan, and Teveten: patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization OR patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with a preferred Angiotensin Receptor Blocker (ARB) or ARB combination. AND If brand name product with generic available, the patient has had a documented intolerance with the generic product.
ANGIOTENSIN RECEPTOR BLOCKER/DIUI	RETIC COMBINATIONS	
Preferred After Clinical Criteria Are Met BENICAR HCT® (olmesartan/hydrochlorothiazide §	Non- <u>Preferred After Clinical Criteria Are Met</u> Atacand HCT [®] (candesartan/hydrochlorothiazide) Avalide [®] (irbesartan/hydrochlorothiazide)	Benicar HCT, Irbesartan/HCTZ, Losartan/HCTZ, Micardis HCT, and Valsartan/HCTZ: patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to an angiotensin converting enzyme inhibitor (ACEI), an ACEI combination

IRBESARTAN/HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE† (compare to Avalide®)§ LOSARTAN/HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE †

(compare to Hyzaar[®])§

MICARDIS HCT® (telmisartan/hydrochlorothiazide) VALSARTAN/HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE † (compare to Diovan HCT®)§

candesartan/hydrochlorothiazide † (compare to Atacand HCT®)§ Diovan HCT® (valsartan/hydrochlorothiazide) Edarbyclor® (azilsartan/chlorthalidone) Tablet $(Qty\ Limit = 1\ tablet/day)$ Hvzaar[®] (losartan/hydrochlorothiazide) Telmisartan/hydrochlorothiazide † (compare to Micardis HCT®) §

Teveten HCT® (eprosartan/hydrochlorothiazide) §

failure to an angiotensin converting enzyme inhibitor (ACEI), an ACEI combination or any other angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB) or ARB combination.

Avalide, Diovan HCT, and Telmisartan HCT: patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization OR patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with a preferred Angiotensin Receptor Blocker (ARB) or ARB combination. AND If brand name product with generic available, the patient has had a documented intolerance with the generic product.

Atacand HCT, candasartan/HCTZ, Teveten HCT: patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with a preferred ARB/Hydrochlorothiazide

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
		combination. AND If the request is for Atacand HCT, the patient has had a documented intolerance with the generic product. Hyzaar: patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to an angiotensin converting enzyme inhibitor (ACEI), an ACEI combination or any other angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB) or ARB combination. AND patient has had a documented intolerance with the generic product. Edarbyclor: patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with a preferred Angiotensin Receptor Blocker (ARB) or ARB combination. AND patient is unable to take the individual components separately
ANGIOTENSIN RECEPTOR BLOCKER/CALCI	UM CHANNEL BLOCK COMBINATIONS	
Preferred After Clinical Criteria Are Met VALSARTAN/AMLODIPINE† (compare to Exforge®) (QL= 1tab/day)	Non- Preferred After Clinical Criteria Are Met Azor® (olmesartan/amlodipine) $(QL = 1 \ tablet/day)$ amlodipine/telmisartan† (compare to Twynsta®) $(QL = 1 \ tablet/day)$ Exforge® (valsartan/amlodipine) $(QL = 1 \ tab/day)$ Twynsta® (amlodipine/telmisartan) $(QL = 1 \ tablet/day)$	 Valsartan/amlodipine: patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to an angiotensin converting enzyme inhibitor (ACEI), an ACEI combination or any other angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB) or ARB combination. Exforge: patient has had a documented intolerance with the generic product Azor, Amlodipine/Telmisartan, and Twynsta: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to an angiotensin converting enzyme inhibitor (ACEI), an ACEI combination or any other angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB) or ARB combination. AND patient is unable to take the individual components separately. AND If the request is for Twynsta, the patient has a documented intolerance to generic amlodipine/telmisartan.
ANGIOTENSIN RECEPTOR BLOCKER/DIRECT	Γ RENIN INHIBITOR COMBINATIONS	
	Non- Preferred After Clinical Criteria Are Met Valturna® (aliskiren/valsartan) (Qty Limit = 1 tablet/day)	Valturna: patient is NOT a diabetic AND patient has a diagnosis of hypertension. AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to an angiotensin converting enzyme inhibitor (ACEI), an ACEI combination or any other angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB) or ARB combination. OR patient has had a documented treatment failure with Tekturna alone.
ANGIOTENSIN RECEPTOR BLOCKER/CALCIU	UM CHANNEL BLOCKER/HCTZ COMBO	
Preferred After Clinical Criteria Are Met EXFORGE HCT® (amlodipine/valsartan/hydrochlorothiazide) § (Quantity Limit = 1 tablet/day)	Non- Preferred After Clinical Criteria Are Met Tribenzor® (amlodipine/olmesartan/hydrochlorothiazide) $(QL = 1 \ tablet/day)$	Exforge HCT: patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to an angiotensin converting enzyme inhibitor (ACEI), an ACEI combination or any other angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB) or ARB combination.

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
	(
VALSARTAN/AMLODIPINE/HCTZ† (compare to		Tribenzor: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment
Exforge $HCT^{\textcircled{R}}$) (QL = 1/day)		failure to an angiotensin converting enzyme inhibitor (ACEI), an ACEI
		combination or any other angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB) or ARB combination. AND patient is unable to take the individual components
		separately.
ANGIOTENSIN RECEPTOR BLOCKER/MISCE	LLANEOUS COMBINATIONS	
Preferred Agent After Clinical Criteria Is Met		Entresto®: Diagnosis of chronic heart failure NYHA Class II-IV AND Age ≥ 18
ENTRESTO® (valsartan/sacubitril) (QL = 2		years of age AND left ventricular ejection fraction ≤ 40% AND no history of
tabs/day)		angioedema or unacceptable side effects during receipt of ACE inhibitor or ARB AND not to be used concomitantly with aliskiren in patients with diabetes or
		concurrently with an ACE inhibitor or other ARB AND no severe hepatic
		impairment (Child-Pugh C).
BETA BLOCKERS		
	B * (, ,)	Non-preferred drugs (except Coreg CR): patient has had a documented side
SINGLE AGENT	Betapace [®] * (sotalol) Betapace AF [®] * (sotalol)	effect, allergy, or treatment failure to at least three preferred drugs. (If a
ACEBUTOLOL† (compare to Sectral®)	Betapace AF * (sotalol) Bystolic (nebivolol) ($QL = 1 \text{ tablet/day for } 2.5 \text{ mg, } 5$	medication has an AB rated generic, one trial must be the generic formulation.)
	Bystone $^{\circ}$ (neotvoioi) (QL = 1 tablevaay for 2.3 mg, 3 mg and 10 mg	Coreg CR: Indication: Heart Failure: patient has been started and stabilized on
ATENOLOL† (compare to Tenormin [®])	tablet strengths, 2 tablets/day for 20 mg tab)	Coreg CR. (Note: Samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment
BETAXOLOL† (compare to Kerlone [®])	Coreg [®] * (carvedilol)	failure to metoprolol SR or bisoprolol. AND patient has been unable to be
BETAXOLOL (compare to Kerione)	Coreg $CR^{\textcircled{R}}$ (carvedilol CR) ($QL = 1 \text{ tablet/day}$	compliant with or tolerate twice daily dosing of carvedilol IR.
BISOPROLOL FUMARATE† (compare to Zebeta [®])	Corgard [®] * (nadolol)	Indication; Hypertension: patient has been started and stabilized on Coreg CR.
CARVEDILOL† (compare to Coreg [®])	Hemangeol [®] oral solution (propranolol)	(Note: Samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR
INNOPRAN XL [®] (propranolol SR)	Inderal LA®* (propranolol ER)	patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to 3(three) preferred anti-hypertensive beta-blockers.
	Inderal XL [®] (propranolol SR)	preferred anti-nypertensive beta-blockers.
LABETALOL† (compare to Trandate [®])		
METOPROLOL TARTRATE† (compare to	Kerlone [®] * (betaxolol)	
Lopressor®)	Levatol® (penbutolol)	
METOPROLOL SUCCINATE XL† (compare to Toprol XL [®])	Lopressor®* (metoprolol tartrate)	
Topiol AL)	Propranolol ER† (compare to Inderal LA®)	
NADOLOL† (compare to Corgard®)	Sectral®* (acebutolol)	
	Sorine [®] (sotalol)	
PINDOLOL† (formerly Visken [®])	Tenormin [®] * (atenolol)	
PROPRANOLOL† (formerly Inderal®)	Timolol† (formerly Blocadren®)	
FROFKANOLOLI (IOIIIIETIY INGETAL)	Toprol XL [®] * (metoprolol succinate XL)	

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
SOTALOL† (compare to Betapace [®] , Betapace AF [®])	Trandate [®] * (labetaolol)	
	Zebeta [®] * (bisoprolol)	
BETA-BLOCKER/DIURETIC COMBINATION ATENOLOL/CHLORTHALIDONE † (compare to Tenoretic®) BISOPROLOL/HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE† (compare to Ziac®) METOPROLOL/HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE† (compare to Lopressor HCT®)	Corzide [®] * (nadolol/bendroflumethiazide) Lopressor HCT [®] * (metoprolol/HCTZ) Propranolol/HCTZ† (formerly Inderide [®]) Tenoretic [®] * (atenolol/chlorthalidone) Ziac [®] * (bisoprolol/HCTZ) Dutoprol [®] (metoprolol succinate XR/hydrochlorothiazide) Nadolol/bendroflumethiazide† (compare to Corzide [®])	
CALCIUM CHANNEL BLOCKERS	radion bendionalisation (compare to consider)	
SINGLE AGENT Dihydropyridines AFEDITAB® CR † (nifedipine SR, compare to Adalat® CC) AMLODIPINE † (compare to Norvasc®)	Adalat [®] CC* (nifedipine SR) Isradipine (formerly Dynacirc [®]) Nisoldipine ER† (compare to Sular [®]) Norvasc [®] * (amlodipine)	Criteria for approval (except as noted below:) patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to at least three preferred drugs. (If a medication has an AB rated generic, one trial must be the generic formulation.) Nymalize: patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR patient has a medical necessity for a specialty dosage form (i.e. dysphagia,
FELODIPINE ER† (formerly Plendil [®]) NICARDIPINE † (formerly Cardene [®]) NIFEDIAC [®] CC † (nifedipine SR, compare to Adalat [®] CC) NIFEDICAL [®] XL † (nifedipine SR osmotic,	Nymalize [®] (nimodipine) Oral Solution Procardia [®] * (nifedipine IR) Procardia XL [®] * (nifedipine SR osmotic) Sular [®] (nisoldipine)	swallowing disorder).
compare to Procardia [®] XL) NIFEDIPINE IR † (compare to Procardia [®]) NIFEDIPINE SR osmotic † (compare to Procardia [®] XL)		
NIFEDIPINE SR † (compare to Adalat [®] CC) NIMODIPINE † (compare to Nimotop®) Miscellaneous	Calan [®] * (verapamil) Calan [®] SR* (verapamil CR)	
CARTIA® XT † (diltiazem SR, compare to	Cardizem®* (diltiazem)	
Cardizem [®] CD)	Cardizem® CD* (diltiazem SR)	
DILT-CD [®] † (diltiazem SR, compare to Cardizem [®] CD)	Cardizem [®] LA (diltiazem SR)	
DILT-XR [®] † (diltiazem SR)	Diltiazem ER†/Matzin LA† (compare to Cardizem®	

PREFERRED A CENTER	NON PREFERRED A CENTER	
PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
DILTIAZEM† (compare to Cardizem®) DILTIAZEM ER† (formerly Cardizem® SR) DILTIAZEM ER† (compare to Tiazac®) DILTIAZEM SR † (compare to Cardizem®CD) DILTIAZEM SR † TAZTIA® XT † (diltiazem ER, compare to Tiazac®) VERAPAMIL† (compare to Calan®) VERAPAMIL CR† (compare to Calan SR® VERAPAMIL SR† 120 mg, 180 mg 240 mg and 360 mg (compare to Verelan®) VERAPAMIL SR† 100 mg, 200 mg, 300mg (compare to Verelan PM®) CALCIUM CHANNEL BLOCKER/OTHER COMBINATION (Preferred After Clinical Criteria Are Met) EXFORGE HCT® (amlodipine/valsartan/hydrochlorothiazide) § (Quantity Limit = 1 tablet/day) VALSARTAN/AMLODIPINE† (compare to Exforge®)§ (Quantity Limit = 1 tablet/day) VALSARTAN/AMLODIPINE†(compare to Exforge HCT®) (QL = 1/day)	LA) Tiazac [®] * (diltiazem ER) Verelan [®] * (verapamil SR 120 mg, 180 mg, 240 mg and 360 mg) Verelan [®] PM* (100 mg, 200 mg and 300 mg) Azor [®] (olmesartan/amlodipine) (QL = 1 tablet/day) amlodipine/telmisartan† (compare to Twynsta [®]) (QL = 1 tablet/day) Tribenzor [®] (amlodipine/olmesartan/hydrochlorothiazide) (QL = 1 tablet/day) Twynsta [®] (amlodipine/telmisartan) (QL = 1 tablet/day) Amlodipine/atorvastatin† (compare to Caduet [®]) (Qty Limit = 1 tablet/day) Caduet [®] (amlodipine/atorvastatin) (Qty Limit = 1 tablet/day) Exforge [®] (valsartan/amlodipine) (Quantity Limit = 1 tablet/day)	Azor, Amlodipine/Telmisartan, Tribenzor, and Twynsta: patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to an angiotensin converting enzyme inhibitor (ACEI), an ACEI combination or any other angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB) or ARB combination AND patient is unable to take the individual components separately. AND If the request is for Twynsta, the patient has a documented intolerance to generic amlodipine/telmisartan. Amlodipine/atorvastatin, Caduet: prescriber must provide a clinically valid reason for the use of the requested medication. For approval of Caduet, the patient must have also had a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent. For combinations containing 40 mg or 80 mg atorvastatin, the individual generic components are available without PA and should be prescribed. Exforge, Exforge HCT: patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to an angiotensin converting enzyme inhibitor (ACEI), an ACEI combination or any other angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB) or ARB combination.
CENTRAL ALPHA AGONISTS		
ORAL Tablet CLONDIDNE IR† Tablets (compare to Catapress®) GUANFACINE IR† Tablets (compare to Tenex®) METHYLDOPA† Tablets	Catapres $^{\mathbb{R}^*}$ (clonidine) Tablet Nexiclon XR $^{\mathbb{R}}$ (clonidine) Extended Release Tablets (Quantity Limit = 3 tablets/day) Tenex $^{\mathbb{R}^*}$ (guanfacine) Tablets	Catapres, Tenex: Patient has a documented intolerance to the generic product. Nexiclon XR Tabs: patient has a diagnosis of hypertension. AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to at least TWO agents (either separately or as a combination product) from the following antihypertensive classes: a thiazide diuretic, a beta blocker, an angiotensin converting enzyme inhibitor (ACEI), angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB), or a

Nexicion XR	PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
Suspension Suspension Suspension Or tolerate twice daily dosing of the generic clonidine immediate-release tablets. Nexiclon XR Oral Susp: patient has a diagnosis of hypertension AND patient has had adocumented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to a least TWO agents (either separately or as a combination product) from the following antihypertensive classes: a third as medical necessity for a specialty dosage form (i.e. dysphagia, swallowing disorder. Catapares-TTS® (clonidine) Transdermal Patch ((by: Limit = 1 patch? dosys) Clonidine (compare to Catapares-TTS) Transdermal Patch ((by: Limit = 1 patch? dosys) Condinien (compare to Catapares-TTS) Transdermal Patch ((by: Limit = 1 patch? dosys) AND patient has a medical necessity for a specialty topical dosage form (i.e. dysphasia, swallowing disorder. compliance, nausea/vomiting). Catapares-TTS Patches: patient has a medical necessity for a specialty topical dosage form (i.e. dysphasia, swallowing disorder. compliance, nausea/vomiting). AND patient has a documented intolerance to the generic product. Patch (by: Limit = 1 patch? days) Vecamyl tabs: Patient has a diagnosis of moderately severe or severe hypertension AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with an angiotensin Receptor Blocker (ARB). Note: Approval of an ARB requires a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with an Angiotensin Converting Enzyme (ACI) inhibitor. Anturaide® (aliskiren/hydrochlorothiazide) ((by: Limit = 1 tablet/day)) Tekuma HCT® (aliskiren/hydrochlorothiazide) ((by: Limit = 1 tablet/day)) Te			PA CRITERIA
Suspension Suspension Suspension Or tolerate twice daily dosing of the generic clonidine immediate-release tablets. Nexiclon XR Oral Susp: patient has a diagnosis of hypertension AND patient has had adocumented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to a least TWO agents (either separately or as a combination product) from the following antihypertensive classes: a third as medical necessity for a specialty dosage form (i.e. dysphagia, swallowing disorder. Catapares-TTS® (clonidine) Transdermal Patch ((by: Limit = 1 patch? dosys) Clonidine (compare to Catapares-TTS) Transdermal Patch ((by: Limit = 1 patch? dosys) Condinien (compare to Catapares-TTS) Transdermal Patch ((by: Limit = 1 patch? dosys) AND patient has a medical necessity for a specialty topical dosage form (i.e. dysphasia, swallowing disorder. compliance, nausea/vomiting). Catapares-TTS Patches: patient has a medical necessity for a specialty topical dosage form (i.e. dysphasia, swallowing disorder. compliance, nausea/vomiting). AND patient has a documented intolerance to the generic product. Patch (by: Limit = 1 patch? days) Vecamyl tabs: Patient has a diagnosis of moderately severe or severe hypertension AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with an angiotensin Receptor Blocker (ARB). Note: Approval of an ARB requires a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with an Angiotensin Converting Enzyme (ACI) inhibitor. Anturaide® (aliskiren/hydrochlorothiazide) ((by: Limit = 1 tablet/day)) Tekuma HCT® (aliskiren/hydrochlorothiazide) ((by: Limit = 1 tablet/day)) Te			
Consider (compare to Catapres-TTS) Transdermal Patch (Ory Limit = 1 patch/7 days)	<u>Suspension</u>		or tolerate twice daily dosing of the generic clonidine immediate-release tablets. Nexiclon XR Oral Susp: patient has a diagnosis of hypertension AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to at least TWO agents (either separately or as a combination product) from the following antihypertensive classes: a thiazide diuretic, a beta blocker, an angiotensin converting enzyme inhibitor (ACEI), angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB), or a calcium channel blocker (CCB). AND patient has a medical necessity for a
All products require a PA Vecamyl®* (mecamylamine) Tablet Vecamyl tabs: Patient has a diagnosis of moderately severe or severe hypertension AND patient has tried and failed, intolerant to, or contraindicated to at least THREE different antihypertension therapies of different mechanism of actions. **RENIN INHIBITOR** SINGLE AGENT Tekturna® (aliskiren) (Quantity Limit = 1 tablet/day) COMBINATIONS Amturnide® (aliskiren/amlodipine/hydrochlorothiazide) (Qty Limit = 1 tablet/day) Tekamlo® (aliskiren/amlodipine) (Qty Limit = 1 tablet/day) Tekturna HCT® (aliskiren/hydrochlorothiazide) (Quantity Limit = 1 tablet/day) Tekturna HCT® (aliskiren/amlodipine) (Qty Limit = 1 tablet/day) Tekturna tisk und a diagnosis of moderately severe or severe hypertension. AND patient has a diagnosis of hypertension. AND patient has a diagnosis of hypertension. AND patient has a diagnosis of hypertens	TRANSDERMAL	(Qty Limit = 1 patch/7 days) Clonidine (compare to Catapres-TTS) Transdermal Patch	dosage form (i.e. dysphasia, swallowing disorder, compliance, nausea/vomiting). Catapres-TTS Patches: patient has a medical necessity for a specialty topical dosage form (i.e. dysphasia, swallowing disorder, compliance, nausea/vomiting).
AND patient has tried and failed, intolerant to, or contraindicated to at least THREE different antihypertension therapies of different mechanism of actions. RENIN INHIBITOR SINGLE AGENT Tekturna® (aliskiren) (Quantity Limit = 1 tablet/day) COMBINATIONS	GANGLIONIC BLOCKERS		
SINGLE AGENT Tekturna [®] (aliskiren) (<i>Quantity Limit</i> = 1 tablet/day) COMBINATIONS Amturnide [®] (aliskiren/amlodipine/hydrochlorothiazide) (<i>Qty Limit</i> = 1 tab/day) Tekamlo [®] (aliskiren/amlodipine) (<i>Qty Limit</i> = 1 tablet/day) Tekturna HCT [®] (aliskiren/hydrochlorothiazide) (<i>Quantity Limit</i> = 1 tablet/day) Tekturna HCT [®] (aliskiren/hydrochlorothiazide) (<i>Quantity Limit</i> = 1 tablet/day) Tekturna HCT [®] (aliskiren/hydrochlorothiazide) (<i>Quantity Limit</i> = 1 tablet/day) Tekturna HCT [®] (aliskiren/hydrochlorothiazide) (<i>Quantity Limit</i> = 1 tablet/day) Tekturna HCT [®] (aliskiren/hydrochlorothiazide) (<i>Quantity Limit</i> = 1 tablet/day) Tekturna HCT [®] (aliskiren/hydrochlorothiazide) (<i>Quantity Limit</i> = 1 tablet/day) Tekturna HCT [®] (aliskiren/hydrochlorothiazide) (<i>Quantity Limit</i> = 1 tablet/day) Tekturna HCT [®] (aliskiren/hydrochlorothiazide) (<i>Quantity Limit</i> = 1 tablet/day) Tekturna HCT [®] (aliskiren/hydrochlorothiazide) (<i>Quantity Limit</i> = 1 tablet/day) Tekturna: patient is NOT a diabetic who will continue on therapy with an ACEI or ARB ARB requires a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with an Angiotensin Receptor Blocker (ARB). Note: Approval of an ARB requires a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with an Angiotensin Receptor Blocker (ARB). Note: Approval of an ARB requires a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with an Angiotensin Converting Enzyme (ACE) inhibitor. OR patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with an Angiotensin Converting Enzyme (ACE) inhibitor.	All products require a PA	Vecamyl ^{®*} (mecamylamine) Tablet	AND patient has tried and failed, intolerant to, or contraindicated to at least
Tekturna® (aliskiren) (<i>Quantity Limit</i> = 1 tablet/day) COMBINATIONS Amturnide® (aliskiren/amlodipine/hydrochlorothiazide) (<i>Qty Limit</i> = 1 tab/day) Tekamlo® (aliskiren/amlodipine) (<i>Qty Limit</i> = 1 tablet/day) Tekturna HCT® (aliskiren/hydrochlorothiazide) (<i>Quantity Limit</i> = 1 tablet/day) Tekturna HCT® (aliskiren/hydrochlorothiazide) (<i>Quantity Limit</i> = 1 tablet/day) ARB AND patient has a diagnosis of hypertension. AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with an Angiotensin Converting Enzyme (ACE) inhibitor. Amturnide, Tekalmo, Tekturna HCT: patient is NOT a diabetic who will continue on therapy with an ACEI or AND patient has a diagnosis of hypertension. AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with an Angiotensin Receptor Blocker (ARB). Note: Approval of an ARB requires a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with an Angiotensin Receptor Blocker (ARB). Note: Approval of an ARB requires a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with an Angiotensin Receptor Blocker (ARB). Note: Approval of an ARB requires a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with an Angiotensin Receptor Blocker (ARB). Note: Approval of an ARB requires a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with an Angiotensin Receptor Blocker (ARB). Note: Approval of an ARB requires a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with an Angiotensin Receptor Blocker (ARB). Note: Approval of an ARB requires a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with an Angiotensin Receptor Blocker (ARB). Note: Approval of an ARB requires and advanced by the Articles of the Articles	RENIN INHIBITOR		
ANTI-INFECTIVES ANTIBIOTICS		Tekturna [®] (aliskiren) (<i>Quantity Limit</i> = 1 tablet/day) <u>COMBINATIONS</u> Amturnide [®] (aliskiren/amlodipine/hydrochlorothiazide) (<i>Qty Limit</i> = 1 tab/day) Tekamlo [®] (aliskiren/amlodipine) (<i>Qty Limit</i> = 1 tablet/day) Tekturna HCT [®] (aliskiren/hydrochlorothiazide)	ARB AND patient has a diagnosis of hypertension. AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with an angiotensin Receptor Blocker (ARB). Note: Approval of an ARB requires a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with an Angiotensin Converting Enzyme (ACE) inhibitor. Amturnide, Tekalmo, Tekturna HCT: patient is NOT a diabetic who will continue on therapy with an ACEI or AND patient has a diagnosis of hypertension. AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with an Angiotensin Receptor Blocker (ARB). Note: Approval of an ARB requires a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with an Angiotensin Converting Enzyme (ACE) inhibitor. OR patient has had a
		ANTI-INFECTIVES ANTIE	BIOTICS

CEPHALOSPORINS 1ST GENERATION

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
	1	
CAPSULES/TABLETS CEFADROXIL† Capsules, Tablets (formerly Duricef®) CEPHALEXIN† Capsules (compare to Keflex®) SUSPENSION CEFADROXIL† Suspension (formerly Duricef®) CEPHALEXIN† Suspension (formerly Keflex®) IV drugs are not managed at this time	Cephalexin [®] Tablets Keflex [®] * (cephalexin) Capsules	 Cephalexin Tabs: patient has had a documented intolerance to cephalexin generic capsules. Keflex: patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to generic cefadroxil and cephalexin. Limitations: Cephalexin and Keflex 750 mg dosage strength not covered. Use alternative strengths.
CEPHALOSPORINS 2 ND GENERATION		
CAPSULES/TABLETS CEFACLOR† CAPSULE CEFPROZIL† (formerly Cefzil®) TABLET CEFUROXIME† (compare to Ceftin®) TABLET	Cefaclor [®] ER Tablet Ceftin [®] * (cefuroxime) tablet	Cefaclor ER Tabs: patient has had a documented intolerance to cefaclor capsules. Ceftin Tabs: patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to at least two of the following medications: cefaclor, cefprozil, and cefuroxime. One trial must be the generic formulation.
SUSPENSION CEFACLOR SUSPENSION CEFPROZIL† (formerly Cefzil®) SUSPENSION	Ceftin [®] (cefuroxime) suspension	Ceftin Suspension: patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to both of the following suspensions: cefaclor and cefprozil.
IV drugs are not managed at this time		
CEPHALOSPORINS 3 RD GENERATION		
CAPSULES/TABLETS CEFDINIR† (formerly Omnicef®) CAPSULE SUPRAX® (cefixime) TABLET	Cedax [®] (ceftibuten) capsule Cefpodoxime proxetil tablet ceftibuten†capsule (compare to Cedax [®]) Suprax [®] (cefixime) Capsule Suprax [®] (cefixime) Chewable Tablets	Spectracef tablet, Cedax® Capsule, Cefditoren tablet, Ceftibuten capsule, Cefpodoxime Proxetil tablets: patient is completing a course of therapy which was initiated in the hospital. OR patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to one preferred cephalosporin. Cedax Susp, Ceftibuten Susp, Cefpodoxime Proxetil Susp, Cefixime Susp, Suprax Susp: patient is completing a course of therapy which was initiated in
SUSPENSION CEFDINIR† (formerly Omnicef®) SUSPENSION		the hospital. OR patient has had a documented side effect or treatment failure to cefdinir suspension.
IV drugs are not managed at this time	Cedax [®] (ceftibuten) suspension Cefixime suspension Cefpodoxime proxetil suspension ceftibuten†suspension (compare to Cedax [®]) Suprax [®] (cefixime) suspension	
KETOLIDES		

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
	Ketek [®] (telithromycin)	Ketek: member is continuing a course of therapy initiated while an inpatient at a hospital. OR diagnosis or indication for the requested medication is community-acquired pneumonia. AND member is at least 18 years of age at the time of the request. AND member has no contraindication or a history of hypersensitivity or serious adverse event, from any macrolide antibiotic. AND Infection is due to documented Streptococcus pneumoniae (including multi-drug resistant [MDRSP*] s.pneumoniae), Haemophilus influenzae, Moraxella catarrhalis, Chlamydophila pneumoniae, or Mycoplasma pneumoniae AND member has had a documented therapeutic failure with all clinically appropriate alternatives. AND member does not have any of the following medical conditions: myasthenia gravis, hepatitis or underlying liver dysfunction, history of arrhythmias (e.g. QTc prolongation, or antiarrhythmic therapy), uncorrected hypokalemia or hypomagnasemia, clinically significant bradycardia, a history of therapy with Class IA (e.g. quinidine or procainamide) or Class III (e.g. dofetilide) antiarrhythmic medications.
MACROLIDES		
Azithromycin AZITHROMYCIN† tabs, liquid (≤ 5 day supply) (compare to Zithromax®) (Maximum 10 days therapy/30 days) Clarithromycin CLARITHROMYCIN† (compare to Biaxin®)	azithromycin† tablets and liquid (if > 5 day supply) (compare to Zithromax [®]) (Maximum 10 days therapy/30 days) Azithromycin† packet (compare to Zithromax [®]) (QL = 2 grams/fill) Zithromax [®] * (azithromycin) tablets and liquid QL = 5 days supply/RX, maximum 10 days therapy/30 days Zithromax [®] (azithromycin) packet (QL=2 grams/fill) Zmax [®] Suspension (azithromycin extended release for oral suspension) QL = 5 days supply/RX, maximum 10 days therapy/30 days Biaxin [®] * (clarithromycin)	Non-preferred agents (except as below): patient has a documented side-effect, allergy, or treatment failure to at least two of the preferred medications. (If a product has an AB rated generic, one trial must be the generic.) OR patient is completing a course of therapy with the requested medication that was initiated in the hospital. Azithromycin/Zithromax packets: A clinically valid reason why the dose cannot be obtained using generic azithromycin tablets AND If the request is for brand Zithromax, the patient has a documented intolerance to the generic product. Azithromycin > 5 day supply: patient has a diagnosis of Lyme Disease AND has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to at least two of the following: doxycycline, amoxicillin, or a 2nd generation cephalosporin. For early Lyme disease, without neurologic or rheumatologic (arthritis) complications, the length of authorization is up to 10 days. For neurologic or rheumatologic Lyme disease, the length of authorization is up to 28 days OR patient has a diagnosis of Cystic Fibrosis. (length of authorization up to 6 months) OR patient has a
Erythromycin	Clarithromycin SR† (compare to Biaxin [®] XL) E.E.S [®] † (erythromycin ethylsuccinate) ERY-TAB [®] (erythromycin base, delayed release) ERYTHROMYCIN BASE†	diagnosis of HIV/immunocompromised status and azithromycin is being used for MAC or Toxoplasmosis treatment or prevention. (length of authorization up to 6 months) OR patient has a diagnosis of bacterial sinusitis AND has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to penicillin, amoxicillin, or sulfamethoxazole/trimethoprim (Bactrim). (length of authorization up to 10 days) OR patient has a diagnosis of severe bronchiectasis with frequent exacerbations (length of authorization up to 6 months)

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
<u>Fidaxomicin</u>	ERYTHROMYCIN ETHYLSUCCINATE† (compare to E.E.S [®]) Eryped [®] (erythromycin ethylsuccinate) Erythrocin (erythromycin stearate) PCE Dispertab [®] (erythromycin base) Dificid [®] (fidaxomicin) tablet (Quantity limit = 2 tablets per day, 10 day supply per 30 days)	Dificid: patient's diagnosis or indication is Clostridium difficile associated diarrhea (CDAD) AND patient has had a side-effect, allergy, treatment failure or contraindication to metronidazole. OR prescriber provides a clinically compelling rationale why metronidazole is not appropriate for the patient. (E.g. patient has severe Clostridium difficile infection, history of recurrent infections). AND patient has had a side-effect, allergy, treatment failure or contraindication to oral vancomycin capsules (Vancocin).
IV drugs are not managed at this time		
OXAZOLIDINONES		
IV form of this medication not managed at this time	Sivextro® (tedizolid) (Quantity limit = 1 tabs/day) Zyvox® (linezolid) (QL = 56 tablets per 28 days) Zyvox® (linezolid) suspension (QL = 60 ml/day, maximum 28 days supply)	Criteria for Approval: patient has been started on intravenous or oral linezolid or tedizolid in the hospital and will be finishing the course of therapy in an outpatient setting OR patient has a documented blood, tissue, sputum, or urine culture that is positive for Vancomycin-Resistant Enterococcus (VRE) species. OR patient has a documented blood or sputum culture that is positive for Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus species OR patient has a documented tissue or urine culture that is positive for Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus AND patient has had a documented treatment failure with trimethoprim/sulfamethoxazole OR there is a clinically valid reason that the patient cannot be treated with trimethoprim/sulfamethoxazole.
PENICILLINS (ORAL)		
SINGLE ENTITY AGENTS Natural Penicillins PENICILLIN V POTASSIUM† (formerly Veetids®) tablets, oral solution Penicillinase-Resistant Penicillins DICLOXACILLIN† Capsules Aminopenicillins AMOXICILLIN† (formerly Amoxil®) capsules, tablets, chewable tablets, suspension AMPICILLIN† (formerly Principen®) capsules, suspension	Moxatag [®] (amoxicillin extended release) tablet $QL = 1$ tablet/day	 Augmentin: patient has had a documented intolerance to the generic formulation of the requested medication. OR patient is < 12 weeks of age and requires the 125 mg/5 mL strength of Augmentin. Amoxicillin/Clavulanate ER, Augmentin XR, Moxatag: prescriber must provide a clinically valid reason for the use of the requested medication. Additionally, for approval of brand Augmentin XR, the patient must have a documented intolerance to generic Amoxicillin/Clavulanate ER Limitations: Brand Augmentin® Chewable tablets do not offer Federal Rebate and therefore cannot be provided.
COMBINATION PRODUCTS AMOXICILLIN/CLAVULANATE† (compare to Augmentin ®) tablets, chewable tablets, suspension	Amoxicillin/clavulanate† ER (compare to Augmentin $XR^{\textcircled{\$}}$) tablets	
AMOXICILLIN/CLAVULANATE† 600-42.9mg/5ml	Augmentin [®] *♣ (amoxicillin/clavulanate) tablets,	

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
(110 171 required unless otherwise noted)	(1711equileu)	TH CRITERIA
(formerly Augmentin ES®) suspension	suspension Augmentin XR [®] (amoxicillin/clavulanate) tablets PA will be granted for 125 mg/5 mL strength for patients < 12 weeks of age	
QUINOLONES		
CIPROFLOXACIN† (compare to Cipro®) tabs, oral suspension LEVOFLOXACIN† (compare to Levaquin®) tabs, sol OFLOXACIN† IV drugs are not managed at this time	Avelox [®] (moxifloxacin HCL) Avelox ABC PACK [®] (moxifloxacin HCL) Cipro [®] * (ciprofloxacin) tabs, oral suspension Cipro XR [®] (ciprofloxacin) ciprofloxacin ER† (compare to Cipro XR [®]) Levaquin [®] * (levofloxacin) tabs,sol moxifloxacin† (compare to Avelox [®])	Cipro, Cipro XR, ciprofloxacin ER: patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to generic ciprofloxacin immediate-release tablets or oral suspension. AND If the request is for Cipro XR or Cipro the patient has had a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent. Avelox, Moxifloxacin: patient is completing a course of therapy with the requested medication that was initiated in the hospital. OR patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to levofloxacin. AND If the request is for Avelox, the patient has had a documented intolerance to generic moxifloxacin. Levaquin (brand): patient has a documented intolerance with the generic levofloxacin
DIFAMVCING		levolioxacin
RIFAMYCINS	Xifaxan [®] (rifaximin) 200 mg Tablets (<i>Qty limit depends on indication</i>) Xifaxan [®] (rifaximin) 550 mg Tablets (<i>Qty limit depends on indication</i>)	Criterial for Approval: Based on Indication: Hepatic Encephalopathy (Xifaxan 550 mg Tablets Only): patient has a diagnosis of hepatic encephalopathy. AND Patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure or contraindication to lactulose. AND Quantity limit is 2 tablets/day (550 mg tablets only). Traveller's Diarrhea (Xifaxan 200 mg Tablets Only): patient has a diagnosis of traveller's diarrhea caused by noninvasive strains of Escherichia coli. AND Patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure or contraindication with a fluoroquinolone. AND Quantity limit is 9 tablets/RX (200 mg tablets only). Small Intestinal Bacterial Overgrowth (Xifaxan 550 mg or 200 mg Tablets: patient has a diagnosis of SIBO. AND Patient has attempted dietary modification and has had a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure or contraindication to (alone or in combination) one of the following: Amoxicillinclavulanate, cephalosporin, metronidazole, fluoroquinolone, tetracycline, and trimethoprim-sulfamethoxazole. AND Quantity limit is 800 mg to 1,200 mg/day.

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
		Irritable Bowel Syndrome (Xifaxan 550 mg or 200 mg Tablets): patient has a diagnosis of irritable bowel syndrome without constipation or with symptoms of bloating. AND Patient has attempted dietary modification and has had a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure or contraindication to two of the following classes (one of which must be an antibiotic): • Antibiotics (alone or in combination: amoxicillin-clavulanate, cephalosporin, metronidazole, fluoroquinolone, tetracycline, trimethoprim-sulfamethoxazole) • SSRIs • TCAs • Antispasmodics • Antidiarrheals • Cholestyramine resin AND Quantity limit is 1,200 mg to 1,650 mg/day. Inflammatory Bowel Disease: Crohn's Disease (Xifaxan 550 mg or 200 mg Tablets): patient has a diagnosis of Crohn's Disease. AND Patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure or contraindication to two of the following: 6-mercaptopurine, aminosalicylates, azathioprine, corticosteroids, fluoroquinolone and/or metronidazole. AND Quantity limit is 600 mg to 1,600 mg/day. Inflammatory Bowel Disease: Ulcerative Colitis (Xifaxan 200 mg Tablets): patient has a diagnosis of Ulcerative Colitis. AND Patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure or contraindication to two of the following: 6-mercaptopurine, aminosalicylates, azathioprine, corticosteroids, fluoroquinolone and/or metronidazole. AND Quantity limit is 800 mg/day (4 x 200 mg tablets/day). Clostridium difficile Diarrhea (Xifaxan 200 mg Tablets): patient has a diagnosis of C. difficile diarrhea. AND Patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure or contraindication to metronidazole. AND Quantity limit is
VANCOMYCIN		
IV vancomycin products are not managed at this time	Vancocin [®] (vancomycin) Capsules Vancomycin† (compare to Vancocin [®]) Capsules	Criteria for Approval: patient's diagnosis or indication is enterocolitis caused by Staphylococcus aureus. OR patient's diagnosis or indication is antibiotic-associated pseudomembranous colitis caused by Clostridium AND patient has had a therapeutic failure, adverse reaction or contraindication to metronidazole OR prescriber provides a clinically compelling rationale why metronidazole is not appropriate for the patient. (e.g. patient has severe Clostridium difficile infection, history of recurrent infections). AND For approval of brand Vancocin, the patient must meet the above criteria and have a documented intolerance to the generic.
	ANTI-INFECTIVES ANTI	FUNGAL
ALLYLAMINES		

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
TERBINAFINE† tabs (compare to Lamisil®) <i>QL</i> = 30 tablets/month (therapy limit of 90 days) GRISEOFULVIN MICROSIZE Cap, Tab, Susp, Powder	Griseofulvin Ultramicrosize Tablets Lamisil [®] tablets (terbinafine HCL) $QL = 30$ $tablets/month$	 Griseofulvin Ultramicrosize: patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with terbinafine tablets and a preferred formulation of griseofulvin. Lamisil Tabs: the patient must have a documented intolerance to generic terbinafine. Lamisil Granules: patient has a diagnosis of a Tinea capitis infection (confirmed with a positive KOH stain, PAS stain, or fungal culture). AND patient has a requirement for an oral liquid dosage form. AND patient had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with Griseofulvin suspension
AZOLES		Complex
FLUCONAZOLE† (compare to Diflucan tabs, suspension KETOCONAZOLE† (formerly Nizoral®) tabs CLOTRIMAZOLE Troche† (compare to Mycelex®) IV drugs are not managed at this time.	Cresemba® (isavuconazonium) Caps Diflucan®* (fluconazole) tabs, suspension itraconazole† (compare to Sporanox®) caps Noxafil® (posaconazole) oral suspension Noxafil® (posaconazole) DR Tablets (QL=93 tablets/30 days) Onmel® (itraconazole) 200 mg tablet (QL=1 tab/day) Oravig® (miconazole) 50mg buccal tablet Sporanox® (itraconazole) caps, solution VFend® (voriconazole) tabs, suspension voriconazole† (compare to VFend®) tabs, suspension	 Diagnosis of either invasive aspergillosis or mucormycosis Age ≥18 years old Documented side effect, allergy, contraindication or treatment failure with voriconazole Completion of regimen started by hospital Itraconazole 100mg/Sporanox: patient has a diagnosis of invasive aspergillosis, blastomycosis, or histoplasmosis OR The patient has a diagnosis of a fingernail/toenail onychomycosis infection (confirmed with a positive KOH stain, PAS stain, fungal culture or physician clinical judgment) AND has a documented side-effect, allergy, contraindication, or treatment failure to oral terbinafine AND meets at least 1 of the following criteria: Pain to affected area that limits normal activity, Diabetes Mellitus, Patient is immunocompromised OR Patient has diagnosis of systemic dermatosis, Patient has significant vascular compromise OR patient is completing a course of therapy with the requested medication that was initiated in the hospital. OR patient has a documented side-effect, allergy, or treatment failure to at least ONE of the preferred medications. For approval of Sporanox®capsules, the patient must have a documented intolerance to generic itraconazole. For approval of Sporanox solution, the patient must have a medical necessity for a liquid dosage form. Onmel 200mg: patient has a diagnosis of a toenail onychomycosis infection (confirmed with a positive KOH stain, PAS stain, fungal culture or physician clinical judgment) AND has a documented side-effect, allergy, contraindication, or treatment failure to oral terbinafine AND there is a clinical reason that itraconazole 100 mg generic capsules cannot be used AND meets at least 1 of the following criteria: Pain to affected area that limits normal activity, Diabetes Mellitus, Patient has significant vascular compromise Limitations: Coverage of Onychomycosis agents will NOT be approved solely for cosmetic purposes.

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	is completing a course of therapy with the requested medication that was initiated in the hospital. OR patient has a documented side-effect, allergy, or treatment failure to ONE of the preferred medications AND itraconazole. AND For approval of Vfend® tablets, the patient must have a documented intolerance to generic voriconazole. AND For approval of voriconazole suspenion, the patient must have a medical necessity for a liquid dosage form. For approval of Vfend® suspension, the patient must additionally have a documented intolerance to generic voriconazole suspension. Noxafil: patient has a diagnosis of HIV/immunocompromised status (neutropenia secondary to chemotherapy, hematopoietic stem cell transplant recipients) AND Noxafil is being used for the prevention of invasive Aspergillosis/Candida infections. OR patient is completing a course of therapy with the requested medication that was initiated in the hospital. OR Oral Suspension ONLY patient has a documented side-effect, allergy, or treatment failure to ONE of the preferred medications AND itraconazole AND the patient is being treated for oropharyngeal candidiasis. Diflucan (brand): For approval of Diflucan brand name product, the patient must have a documented intolerance to generic fluconazoleOravig: The indication for use is treatment of oropharyngeal candidiasis AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure/inadequate response to both nystatin suspension and clotrimazole troche. Oravig: The indication for use is treatment of oropharyngeal candidiasis AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure/inadequate response to both nystatin suspension and clotrimazole troche.
	ANTI-INFECTIVES ANTIMALAR	IALS: QUININE
	Quinine Sulfate † (compare to Qualquin®) Qualaquin® (quinine sulfate)	Criteria for Approval: diagnosis or indication is for the treatment of malaria. (Use for leg cramps not permitted.) AND If the request is for brand Qualaquin, the patient has a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent.
	ANTI-INFECTIVES ANTI-	VIRALS
HERPES (ORAL)		
ACYCLOVIR† (compare to Zovirax [®]) VALACYCLOVIR† (compare to Valtrex [®])	famciclovir † (compare to Famvir $^{\textcircled{\$}}$) § Famvir $^{\textcircled{\$}}$ (famciclovir) Sitavig $^{\textcircled{\$}}$ (acyclovir) Buccal Tablet $QL=2$ tablets/30	Famciclovir, Zovirax: patient has a documented side effect or allergy, or treatment failure (at least one course of ten or more days) with acyclovir AND valacyclovir.Famvir: patient has a documented side effect or allergy, or treatment failure (at least

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
() 1	(14 13)	
	days Valtrex ^{®*} (valacyclovir) Zovirax [®] *(acyclovir) §	one course of ten or more days) with acyclovir AND valacyclovir. AND patient has a documented intolerance to generic famciclovir. Sitavig: patient has a diagnosis of recurrent herpes labialis (cold sores). AND patient is immunocompetent AND patient has a documented side effect or treatment failure with acyclovir AND valacyclovir. Valtrex: patient has a documented intolerance to generic valacyclovir
INFLUENZA MEDICATIONS		
Preferred After Clinical Criteria Are Met RELENZA® (zanamivir) QL= 20 blisters / 30 days TAMIFLU® (oseltamivir) QL=10 capsules/30 days(45 mg & 75 mg caps) 20 capsules / 30 days (30 mg caps) 180 ml (6 mg/ml) / 30 days (suspension)		 Tamiflu, Relenza: Tamiflu and Relenza will NOT require prior-authorization at this time when prescribed within the following quantity limits: Relenza: 20 blisters per 30 days Tamiflu: 75mg or 45mg: 10 caps per 30 day Tamiflu: 30mg: 20 caps per 30 days Tamiflu: Suspension (6mg/ml): 180ml (3 bottles) per 30 days Limitations: Amantadine, Flumadine and rimantadine are not CDC recommended for use in influenza treatment or chemoprophylaxis at this time and are not covered for this indication. For information regarding amantadine see "Parkinsons Medications". Flumadine/rimantadine is not covered for any indication.
INFLUENZA VACCINES		
SEASONAL Influenza Vaccine INJECTION Inactivated Influenza Vaccine, Trivalent (IIV3), Standard Dose (egg based) AFLURIA [®] Injection FLUVIRIN [®] Injection	Inactivated Influenza Vaccine, Trivalent (IIV3), Standard Dose (egg based) Fluad TM Injection	 Flucelvax Quadrivalent: Prescriber provides clinical rationale why one of the preferred influenza vaccines cannot be used. Flublok: Patient must have a documented severe reaction to egg based influenza vaccine. Fluzone High Dose, Fluad: Vaccine is being requested for influenza prophylaxis during flu season AND patient is ≥ 65 years old AND Prescriber provides clinical rationale why one of the preferred influenza vaccines cannot be used. Note: the CDC and its Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP) have not expressed a preference for any flu vaccine formulation for this age
Inactivated Influenza Vaccine, Quadrivalent (IIV4), Standard Dose (egg based)	Inactivated Influenza Vaccine, Trivalent (IIV3), High Dose (egg based) Fluzone High-Dose® Injection	group.
FLUARIX QUADRIVALENT Injection FLUAVAL QUADRIVALENT Injection FLUZONE QUADRIVALENT Injection FLUZONE INTRADERMAL Injection	Recombinant Influenza Vaccine, Trivalent (RIV3) (egg FREE) Flublok® Injection	
	Inactivated Influenza Vaccine, Quadrivalent	

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
	(ccIIV4), Standard Dose (cell culture based) (NOT egg free) Flucelvax Quadrivalent® Injection	
VACCINES - OTHER		
Preferred after Age Limit is met		
Gardasil Zostavax		 Gardasil: Covered for 19 years old to 26 years old (those under 19 should be referred to their pediatrician or PCP for state-supplied vaccine) Zostavax: Covered if ≥ 60 years of age Vaccines on the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP) list of recommended vaccines for children ≤ 18 years of age are supplied through the Vaccines for Children program administered by the Vermont Department of Health, and are not available through DVHA's pharmacy programs • Vaccines on the ACIP list of recommended vaccines for adults ≥ 19 years of age are available at many primary care provider offices and through the pharmacy programs. Vaccines are subject to the same limitations as the ACIP guideline recommendations. Providers who participate in the Blueprint for Health initiative must enroll in the Vaccines for Adults program administered by the Vermont Department of Health. The ACIP guidelines and information about enrollment in these programs can be found at http://healthvermont.gov/hc/imm/provider.aspx•Vaccines not on the recommended list may require Prior Authorization.
	ANTI-MIGRAINE TRIP	IANS
Single Agent ORAL SUMATRIPTAN† (compare to Imitrex®) Quantity Limit = 18 tablets/month (25 mg), 9 tablets/month (50 mg, 100 mg)	Amerge [®] (naratriptan) 1 mg, 2.5 mg Quantity Limit = 9 tablets/month Frova [®] (frovatriptan) 2.5 mg Quantity Limit = 9 tablets/month Imitrex [®] * (sumatriptan) Quantity Limit = 18 tablets/month (25 mg), 9	Amerge, Frova, Imitrex, Maxalt, Maxalt MLT, Naratriptan, Zomig, Zomig ZMT, Zolmitriptan, Zolmitriptan ODT: patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to Sumatriptan, Relpax, and Rizatriptan or Rizatriptan ODT. If the request is for brand Maxalt, Zomig, or Zomig ZMT, the patient must also have a documented intolerance to the generic product. Rizatriptan, Rizatriptan ODT: patient has had a documented side effect, allergy,
RELPAX® (eletriptan) 20 mg, 40 mg Quantity Limit = 12 tablets/month After Sumatriptan Trial	tablets/month (50 mg, 100 mg), Maxalt® (rizatriptan) 5 mg, 10 mg tablet Quantity Limit = 12 tablets/month Maxalt-MLT® (rizatriptan ODT)	or treatment failure with Sumatriptan. Treximet: patient had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with 2 preferred Triptans, AND patient is unable to take the individual components (sumatriptan and naproxen) separately.

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
RIZATRIPTAN† (compare to Maxalt [®]) Quantity Limit = 12 tablets/month RIZATRIPTAN ODT† (compare to Maxalt- MLT [®]) § Quantity Limit = 12 tablets/month	Quantity Limit = 12 tablets/month NARATRIPTAN† (compare to Amerge®) § (Quantity Limit = 9 tablets/month) Zomig® (zolmitriptan) tablets Quantity Limit = 12 tablets/month (2.5 mg), 6 tablets/month (5 mg) Zomig® ZMT (zolmitriptan ODT) Quantity Limit = 12 tablets/month (2.5 mg), 6 tablets/month (5 mg) Zolmitriptan† (compare to Zomig®) tablets Quantity Limit = 12 tablets/month (2.5 mg), 6 tablets/month (5 mg) Zolmitriptan† ODT (compare to Zomig® ZMT) Quantity Limit = 12 tablets/month (2.5 mg), 6 tablets/month (5 mg)	 Zomig Nasal Spray, Imitrex Nasal Spray, Onzetra Xsail: patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with Sumatriptan Nasal Spray Alsuma, Imitrex, Sumavel Dose Pro Injections, Zembrace: patient has had a documented intolerance to generic sumatriptan injection. To exceed quantity limits: patient is taking a medication for migraine prophylaxis.
NASAL SPRAY SUMATRIPTAN (compare to Imitrex [®]) Quantity Limit =12 units/month (5 mg nasal spray), 6 units/month (20 mg nasal spray) NASAL POWDER	Imitrex [®] (sumatriptan) Quantity Limit = 12 units/month (5 mg nasal spray), 6 units/month (20 mg nasal spray) Zomig [®] (zolmitriptan)	
All products require PA.	Quantity Limit = 12 units/month (2.5 or 5 mg nasal spray)	
	Onzetra Xsail® (sumatriptan succinate) Quantity Limit = 8 doses/30 days	
INJECTABLE SUMATRIPTAN (compare to Imitrex®) Quantity Limit =4 injections/month (4 or 6 mg injection)	Alsuma [®] (sumatriptan) 6 mg/0.5ml Quantity Limit =4 injections/month Imitrex [®] (sumatriptan) Quantity Limit =4 injections/month (4 or 6 mg injection)	
	Sumavel DosePro® (sumatriptan) 6 mg/0.5ml, 4 mg/0.5 ml Quantity Limit =4 injections/month	
	Zembrace® SymTouch (sumatriptan) 3mg/5ml	

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
Combination Product (Oral)		
	Treximet [®] (sumatriptan/naproxen)	
	Quantity Limit = 9 tablets/month	

ANTI-OBESITY

Effective 10/12/2011, anti-obesity agents (weight loss agents) are no longer a covered benefit for all Vermont Pharmacy Programs. This change is resultant from Drug Utilization Review (DUR) Board concerns regarding safety and efficacy of these agents.

ANTI-PSYCHOTIC ATYPICAL & COMBINATIONS (CHILDREN < 18 YEARS OLD)

Preferred After Clinical Criteria Are Met TABLETS/CAPSULES OLANZAPINE† (compare to Zyprexa®) FDA maximum recommended dose = 20 mg, Quantity limit = 1.5 tabs/day (2.5 mg, 5 mg, & 10 mg tabs) RISPERIDONE† (compare to Risperdal®) FDA maximum recommended dose = 16 mg, QUETIAPINE† (compare to Seroquel®) FDA maximum recommended dose = 800 mg, ZIPRASIDONE† (compare to Geodon®) FDA maximum recommended dose = 160 mg,	7.5 mg PDA maximum recommended dose = 30 mg/day, Quantity limit = 1.5 tabs/day (5 mg, 10 mg & 15 mg tabs) Clozapine† (compare to Clozaril®) FDA maximum recommended dose = 900 mg/day Clozaril® (clozapine) FDA maximum recommended dose = 900 mg/day Geodon® (ziprasidone) FDA maximum recommended dose = 160 mg/day Invega® (paliperidone)	Target symptoms or Diagnosis that will be accepted for approval: Target Symptoms - Grandiosity/euphoria/mania; Obsessions/compulsions; Psychotic symptoms; Tics (motor or vocal). Diagnosis- Autism with Aggression and/or irritability; Disruptive Mood Dysregulation Disorder; Bipolar Disorder; Intellectual Disability with Aggression and/or Irritability; Major Depressive Disorder with psychotic features; Obsessive Compulsive Disorder; Schizophrenia/Schizoaffective Disorder; Tourette's Syndrome. Criteria for approval of ALL drugs: Medication is being requested for one of the target symptoms or diagnoses listed above AND the patient is started and stabilized on the requested medication (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization) OR patient meets additional criteria outlined below. Note: all requests for patients < 5 years will be reviewed by the DVHA medical director. Invega/Saphris: patient had had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with at least two preferred products (typical or atypical antipsychotics) one of which is risperidone.
Preferred After Clinical Criteria Are Met	Risperdal [®] (risperidone) FDA maximum recommended dose = 16 mg/day Seroquel [®] (quetiapine) FDA maximum recommended dose = 800 mg/day	 Clozaril, Geodon, Risperdal, Seroquel, Zyprezxa: patient has a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent. Clozapine: patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with at least three other antipsychotic medications (typical or atypical antipsychotics), two of which must be preferred agents.

FDA maximum recommended dose = 20mg/day QL

Saphris[®] (asenapine)

Seroquel XR: patient has not been able to be adherent to a twice daily dosing

schedule of quetiapine immediate release resulting in a significant clinical

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
	= 2 tabs/day	impact.
ORAL SOLUTIONS RISPERIDONE† (compare to Risperdal®) oral solution FDA maximum recommended dose = 16 mg/day	Seroquel XR [®] (quetiapine XR) FDA maximum recommended dose = 800 mg/day Quantity Limit = 1 tab/day (150 mg & 200 mg tablet strengths), 2 tabs/day (50 mg strength) Zyprexa [®] (olanzapine) FDA maximum recommended dose = 20 mg/day, Quantity limit = 1.5 tabs/day (2.5 mg, 5 mg, 7.5 mg & 10 mg tabs) Abilify [®] (aripiprazole) oral solution FDA maximum recommended dose = 25 mg/day Risperdal [®] (risperidone) oral solution FDA maximum recommended dose = 16 mg/day Versacloz [®] (clozapine) Oral Suspension FDA maximum recommended dose = 900 mg/day Quantity limit = 18 ml/day	Abilify, aripiprazole: Indication for use is treatment of autism with intellectual disability with aggression and syndrome/tics (motor or vocal): the patient allergy or treatment failure with risperided risperidone would not be an appropriate appre-existing medical conditions such as of Indication is for one of the other target sympatient has had a documented side effect two preferred products (typical or atypical risperdone. OR prescriber feels that neith appropriate alternatives for the patient be such as obesity or diabetes. For approval a documented intolerance to the generic of Abilify Oral Solution: patient has had a treatment failure with risperidone oral so risperidone would not be an appropriate appre-existing medical conditions such as of
ORALLY DISINTEGRATING TABLETS	Abilify [®] Discmelt (aripiprazole) FDA maximum recommended dose = 30 mg/day, Quantity limit = 2 tabs/day (10 mg & 15 mg tabs) clozapine orally disintegrating tablets† (Compare to FazaClo [®]) FDA maximum recommended dose = 900 mg/day	Versacloz Oral Solution: AND patient has or treatment failure with at least three off atypical antipsychotics). AND patient is disintegrating tablets. Olanzapine ODT, Risperdal M-Tabs, Rispects clinical criteria for non-orally dising medication AND Medical necessity for a
	FazaClo [®] (clozapine orally disintegrating tablets) FDA maximum recommended dose = 900 mg/day Olanzapine orally disintegrating tablets† (compare to Zyprexa Zydis [®])	provided AND if the request is for Rispe patient has a documented intolerance to t Clozapine ODT, FazaClo: Medical necess provided AND patient has had a docume
	FDA maximum recommended dose = 20 mg/day , Quantity limit = 1.5 tabs/day (5 mg & 10 mg tabs)	failure with at least three other antipsych antipsychotics) If the request is for Fazac intolerance to the generic equivalent.
	Risperdal [®] M-Tab (risperidone orally disintegrating tablets) FDA maximum recommended dose = 16 mg/day	intolerance to the generic equivalent. Abilify Discrelt Medical necessity for a sp AND patient has had a documented side
	Risperidone† ODT (compare to Risperdal [®] M-Tab) FDA maximum recommended dose = 16 mg/day	Risperdal M-tab OR prescriber feels that alternative for the patient because of pre-
	Zyprexa Zydis [®] (olanzapine orally disintegrating tablets)	obesity or diabetes Limitations: Approval for use in Children

rith aggression and/or irritability, and/or irritability or Tourette's atient has had a documented side effect, done OR the prescriber feels that e alternative for the patient because of obesity or diabetes.

emptoms or patient diagnoses listed above: ct allergy or treatment failure with at least ical antipsychotic), one of which is ither risperidone nor quetiapine would be because of pre-existing medical conditions al of brand Abilify, the patient must have c equivalent.

a documented side effect, allergy or solution OR prescriber feels that e alternative for the patient because of obesity or diabetes.

as had a documented side effect, allergy other antipsychotic medications (typical or is unable to use clozapine orally

isperidone ODT, Zyprexa Zydis: patient sintegrating oral dosage forms of the same a specialty dosage form has been perdal M-tabs or Zyprexa Zydis, the the generic equivalent.

ssity for a specialty dosage form has been nented side effect, allergy or treatment chotic medications (typical or atypical aclo, the patient has a documented

specialty dosage form has been provided le effect, allergy or treatment failure with at risperidone would not be an appropriate re-existing medical conditions such as

n < 18 years old will not be granted for the

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
	FDA maximum recommended dose = 20 mg/day, Quantity limit = 1.5 tabs/day (5mg&10mg)	following medications or dosage forms due to no FDA approval for use in children and little or no literature to support their use in this population. Exceptions will be made for patients who have been started and stabilized on the requested medication or dosage form (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization): Fanapt, Latuda, Rexulti, Vraylar, Geodon Im, Abilify IM, Olanzapine IM, Zyprexa IM, Abilify Maintena, Invega Sustenna, Invega Trinza, Risperdal Consta, Zyprexa Relprevv, Symbyax, Olanzapine/fluoxetine.
ANTI	PSYCHOTIC ATYPICAL & COMBINATION	IS (ADULTS ≥ 18 YEARS OLD)
TABLETS/CAPSULES CLOZAPINE† (compare to Clozaril®) FDA maximum recommended dose = 900 mg/day	Aripiprazole (compare to Abilify [®]) FDA maximum recommended dose=30mgday, QL = 1.5 tabs/day (5mg, 10mg, & 15mg) Abilify [®] (aripiprazole) FDA maximum recommended dose = 30 mg/day, Quantity limit = 1.5 tabs/day (5 mg, 10 mg & 15 mg	Criteria for approval of ALL non-preferred drugs: patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR patient meets additional criteria outlined below. Note: Trazodone dosed at < 150mg/day will not be considered as a trial for adjunct treatment of MDD or any anxiety disorder. Bupropion will

OLANZAPINE† (compare to Zyprexa[®]) FDA maximum recommended dose = 20 mg/day,

Quantity limit = 1.5 tabs/day (2.5 mg, 5 mg, 7.5 mg & 10 mg tabs)

RISPERIDONE† (compare to Risperdal®)

FDA maximum recommended dose = 16 mg/day

QUETIAPINE† (compare to Seroquel®) > 50 mg/day FDA maximum recommended dose = 800 mg/day

ZIPRASIDONE† (compare to Geodon[®]) FDA maximum recommended dose = 160 mg/day tabs)

Clozaril[®]* (clozapine)

FDA maximum recommended dose = 900 mg/dayFanapt[®] (iloperidone)

FDA maximum recommended dose = 24 mg/day $Quantity\ limit = 2\ tablets/day$

Geodon^{®*} (ziprasidone)

FDA maximum recommended dose = 160 mg/day Invega[®] (paliperidone)

FDA maximum recommended dose = 12 mg/day Quantity limit = 1 tab/day (3mg, 9mg), 2tabs/day(6mg)

Latuda[®] (lurasidone)

FDA maximum recommended dose = 160 mg/day *Quantity limit* = 1 tablet/day all strengths except 80 mg = 2 tablets/day

Quetiapine (compare to Seroquel®) <50mg/day (adults >18 years old)

Rexulti[®] (brexpiprazole)

FDA maximum recommended dose = 3mg (adjunct of MDD) or 5mg (schizophrenia)

Risperdal[®]* (risperidone)

FDA maximum recommended dose = 16 mg/daySaphris (asenapine) sublingual tablet

FDA maximum recommended dose = 20 mg/day

not be considered as a trial for adjunct treatment of any anxiety disorder.

Fanapt. Vraylar: The indication for use is the treatment of schizophrenia/schizoaffective disorder or bipolar disorder. AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with at least three preferred products (typical or atypical antipsychotics).

Invega, Saphris: The indication for use is the treatment of schizophrenia/schizoaffective disorder AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with at least three preferred products (typical or atypical antipsychotics), one of which is risperidone.

Note: Prior therapy with injectable Invega Sustenna® is not considered to be started and stabilized for oral Invega. Patients transferring to oral therapy from Invega Sustenna® should transition to oral risperidone (unless patient previously failed such treatment).

Clozaril, Geodon, Risperdal, and Zyprexa: patient has a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent.

Latuda:

Indication for use is schizophrenia/schizoaffective disorder or Bipolar I depression: The patient is pregnant OR

Indication for use is schizophrenia/schizoaffective disorder: the patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with two preferred products (typical or atypical antipsychotics) OR

Indication for use is Bipolar I depression: the patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with two preferred products (typical or

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
ORAL SOLUTIONS RISPERIDONE† (compare to Risperdal®) oral solution FDA maximum recommended dose = 16 mg/day	Seroquel [®] (quetiapine) FDA maximum recommended dose = 800 mg/day Seroquel XR [®] (quetiapine XR) FDA maximum recommended dose = 800 mg/day Quantity Limit = 1 tab/day (150 mg & 200 mg tablet strengths), 2 tabs/day (50 mg strength) Vraylar [®] (cariprazine) FDA maximum recommended dose = 6mg/day, Quantity limit = 1 capsule/day ZYPREXA [®] * (olanzapine) FDA maximum recommended dose = 20 mg/day, Quantity limit = 1.5 tabs/day (2.5 mg, 5 mg, 7.5 mg & 10 mg tabs) Abilify [®] (aripiprazole) oral solution FDA maximum recommended dose = 25 mg/day Risperdal [®] (risperidone) oral solution FDA maximum recommended dose = 16 mg/day Versacloz [®] (clozapine) Oral Suspension FDA maximum recommended dose = 900 mg/day	atypical antipsychotics) OR the prescriber feels that neither quetiapine or olanzapine/fluoxetine combination would be appropriate alternatives for the patient because of pre-existing conditions such as obesity or diabetes. Rexulti: Indication for use is schizophrenia: the patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with at least three preferred products, one being Abilify (typical or atypical antipsychotics) OR Indication for use is adjunct treatment of Major Depressive Disorder (MDD): the patient has had a documented inadequate response to at least 3 different antidepressants from two different classes AND the patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with one preferred atypical antipsychotic product and Abilify being used as adjunctive therapy. Quetiapine/Seroquel < or = 50mg/day: The patient is being prescribed > 50 mg/day with combinations of tablet strengths. OR Indication for use is a mental health indication (other than the two below indications or a sleep disorder) OR Indication for use is Adjunct treatment of Major Depressive Disorder (MDD): the patient has had a documented inadequate response to at least 3 different antidepressants from 2 different classes OR Indication for use is Adjunct treatment of any anxiety disorder (panic, agoraphobia, social phobia, obsessive-compulsive disorder, PTSD, Acute Stress Disorder, Generalized Anxiety Disorder): the patient has had a documented inadequate
SHORT-ACTING INJECTABLE PRODUCTS GEODON® IM (ziprasidone intramuscular injection) FDA maximum recommended dose = 40 mg/day	Quantity limit = 18 ml/day	response to at least 3 different antidepressants from 2 different classes If the request if for brand Seroquel, the patient has a documented intolerance to generic quetiapine. NOTE: Quetiapine in doses of < 50 mg/day will not be approved for indications of insomnia, for sleep or as a hypnotic. Seroquel XR: Indication for use is schizophrenia/schizoaffective disorder or bipolar disorder (bipolar mania, bipolar depression, and bipolar maintenance: The patient has
LONG-ACTING INJECTABLE PRODUCTS		not been able to be adherent to a twice daily dosing schedule of quetiapine immediate release resulting in a significant clinical impact OR
All products require PA	Abilify [®] IM (aripiprazole intramuscular injection) FDA maximum recommended dose = 30 mg/day Olanzapine† intramuscular injection (compare to Zyprexa [®] IM) FDA maximum recommended dose = 30 mg/day Zyprexa [®] IM (olanzapine intramuscular injection) FDA maximum recommended dose = 30 mg/day	Indication for use is Adjunct treatment of Major Depressive Disorder (MDD): the patient has had a documented inadequate response to at least 3 different antidepressants from 2 different classes AND the patient has had a documented treatment failure with quetiapine immediate release being used as adjunctive therapy. Indication for use is Adjunct treatment of any anxiety disorder (panic, agoraphobia, social phobia, obsessive-compulsive disorder, PTSD, Acute Stress Disorder,
	Abilify Maintena [®] (aripiprazole monohydrate) FDA maximum recommended dose = 400 mg/month	Generalized Anxiety Disorder): the patient has had a documented inadequate response to at least 3 different antidepressants from 2 different

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
	Quantity limit = 1 vial/28 days Aristada® (aripiprazole lauroxil) Quantity Limit = 1 syringe/28 days Invega Sustenna® (paliperidone palmitate) FDA maximum recommended dose = 234 mg/month Invega Trinza® (paliperidone palmitate) FDA maximum recommended dose = 819mg/3months Risperdal® Consta (risperdone microspheres) FDA maximum recommended dose = 50 mg/14 days Zyprexa Relprevv® (olanzapine pamoate) FDA maximum recommended dose = 600 mg/month Quantity limit = 1 vial/28 days (405 mg) or 2 vials/month (210 or 300 mg)	classes or at least 2 antidepressants and buspirone AND the patient has had a documented treatment failure with quetiapine immediate release being used as adjunctive therapy. Abilify, apripiprazole: Indication for use is schizophrenia/schizoaffetive disorder or bipolar disorder: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with at least three preferred products (typical or atypical antipsychotics) OR the patient has a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with ziprasidone and the prescriber feels that neither risperidone nor quetiapine would be appropriate alternatives for the patient because of pre-exsisting medical conditions such as obesity or diabetes. Indication for use is Adjunct treatment of Major Depressive Disorder (MDD): the patient has had a documented inadequate response to at least 3 different antidepressants from 2 different classes AND the patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with one preferred atypical antipsychotic product being used as adjunctive therapy.
ORALLY DISINTEGRATING TABLETS All products require PA	Abilify [®] Discmelt (aripiprazole) FDA maximum recommended dose = 30 mg/day, Quantity limit = 2 tabs/day (10 mg & 15 mg tabs) clozapine orally disintegrating tablets† (Compare to FazaClo [®]) FDA maximum recommended dose = 900 mg/day FazaClo [®] (clozapine orally disintegrating tablets) FDA maximum recommended dose = 900 mg/day Olanzapine orally disintegrating tablets† (compare to Zyprexa Zydis [®]) FDA maximum recommended dose = 20 mg/day, Quantity limit = 1.5 tabs/day (5 mg & 10 mg tabs) Risperdal [®] M-Tab (risperidone orally disintegrating tablets) FDA maximum recommended dose = 16 mg/day Risperidone† ODT (compare to Risperdal [®] M-Tab) FDA maximum recommended dose = 16 mg/day Zyprexa Zydis [®] (olanzapine orally disintegrating tablets) FDA maximum recommended dose = 20 mg/day, Quantity limit = 1.5 tabs/day (5 mg & 10 mg tabs)	Indication for use as Adjunct treatment of any anxiety disorder (panic agoraphobia, social phobia, obsessive-cumpulsive disorder, PTSD, Acute Stress Disorder, Generalized Anxiety Disorder): the patient has had a documented inadequate response to at least 3 different antidepressants from 2 different classes or at least 2 antidepressants and buspirone. AND the patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with one preferred atypical antipsychotic product being used as adjunctive therapy. Indication for use is treatment of aggression, psychosis, or agitation secondary to Alzheimer's disease or other dementias: the patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with two preferred products (typical or atypical antipsychotics). (Note: Please consider FDA Black Box Warning). Indication for use is treatment of irritability associated with autistic disorder: the patient has had a documented side effect, allergy treatment failure with risperidone. Indication for use is treatment of Tourette's syndrome: the patient has had a coumented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with guanfacine or clonidine and also risperidone. For approval of brand Abilify, the patient must have documented intolerance to the generic equivalent. Abilify Oral Solutions: The patient must meet all clinical criteria for approval of Abilify/aripiprazole as listed above AND the patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with preferred risperidone oral solution. Risperdal Oral Solution: The patient has a documented intolerance to the generic
<u>COMBINATION PRODUCTS</u>	olanzapine/fluoxetine† (compare to Symbyax [®])	product risperidone.

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
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All products require PA	FDA maximum recommended dose = 18 mg/75 mg (per day) Symbyax [®] (olanzapine/fluoxetine) FDA maximum recommended dose = 18 mg/75 mg (per day)	Versacloz Oral Solution: The patient has a medical necessity for a non-solid oral dosage form and is unable to use clozapine orally disintegrating tablets. NON-PREFERRED SHORT-ACTING INJECTABLE PRODUCTS: Medical necessity for a specialty dosage form has been provided. AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with Geodon IM. In addition, for approval of Zyprexa® IM, the patient must have had a documented intolerance to generic olanzapine IM. LONG-ACTING INJECTABLE PRODUCTS: Medical necessity for a specialty dosage form has been provided AND patient meets additional clinical criteria as outlined below. Risperdal Consta Inj: Tolerability has been established previously with oral risperidone. Invega Sustenna Inj: Tolerability has been established previously with oral/injectable risperidone or oral paliperidone. Invega Trinza: Tolerability has been established previously with oral/injectable risperidone or oral paliperidone AND Invega Sustenna for at least four months AND only when the dose has been stable over the prior two months. Zyprexa Relprevv: Medical necessity for a specialty dosage form has been provided (non-compliance with oral medications) AND Tolerability has been established previously with oral aripiprazole for at least 2 weeks. Aristada®: Tolerability has been established previously with oral aripiprazole for at least 2 weeks AND the patient has documented treatment failure with Abilify Maintena ORALLY DISINTEGRATING TABLETS: Medical necessity for a specialty dosage form has been provided. AND If the request is for FazaClo, Risperdal M-Tab or Zyprexa Zydis, the patient has a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent. COMBINATION PRODUCTS: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with two preferred products (ziprasidone, risperidone, and quetiapine). OR The prescriber provides a clinically valid reason for the use of the requested medication. AND If the request is for brand product, the patient has a documented in
	ANTI-PSYCHOTIC: TYP	ICALS
ORAL TABLETS/CAPSULES CHLORPROMAZINE† FLUPHENAZINE†	Haldol [®] * (haloperidol) Loxitane [®] * (loxapine) Navane [®] * (thiothixene) 2 mg, 5 mg, 10 mg	Criteria for Approval Oral: patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with at least two preferred products (If a product has an AB rated generic, one trial must

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
((Constant)	
HALOPERIDOL† (compare to Haldol [®])		be the generic)
LOXAPINE† (compare to Loxitane®)		
NAVANE [®] (thiothixene) (20 mg ONLY) PERPHENAZINE† (formerly Trilafon [®]) THIORIDAZINE† (formerly Mellaril [®]) THIOTHIXENE† (compare to Navane [®]) TRIFLUOPERAZINE†		Long Acting Injectable Products: for approval of haldol decanoate, the patient has a documented intolerance to the generic product.
LONG ACTING INJECTABLE PRODUCTS FLUPHENAZINE DECANOATE† HALOPERIDOL DECANOATE † (compare to Haldol® decanoate)	Haldol [®] decanoate* (haloperidol decanoate)	
	BILE SALTS AND BILIAR	Y AGENTS
URSODIOL tablet, capsule	Actigall® (ursodiol) Chenodal® (chendiol) Cholbam® (cholic acid) Ocaliva® (obeticholic acid) Urso® (Urosiol) Urso® Forte (ursodiol)	Chenodal: The indication for use is with radiolucent stones in well-opacifying gallbladders, in whom selective surgery would be undertaken except for the presence of increased surgical risk due to systemic disease or age AND the patient does not have any of the following contraindications to therapy: women who are pregnant or may become pregnant, known hepatocyte dysfunction or bile ductal abnormalities such as intrahepatic cholestasis, primary biliary cirrhosis or sclerosing cholangitis. Cholbam: The indication for use is the treatment of bile acid synthesis disorders due to single enzyme defects OR for the adjunctive treatment of peroxisomal disorders, including Zellweger spectrum disorders, AND the patient exhibits manifestations of liver disease, steatorrhea, or complications from decreased fat soluble vitamin absorption AND the prescriber is hepatologist or gastroenterologist. Initial approval will be granted for 3 months. For reapproval after 3 months, there must be documented clinical benefit. Ocaliva: The indication for use is the treatment of primary biliary cholangitis (PBC) AND the patient has had an inadequate response or is unable to tolerate ursodiol. Urso, Urso Forte, Actigall: The patient must have a documented treatment limiting side effect to generic ursodiol.
	BONE RESORPTION INF	IIBITORS
ORAL BISPHOSPHONATES TABLETS/CAPSULES	Actonel [®] (risedronate) Alendronate oral solution Atelvia (risedronate) Delayed Release Tablet (Quantity Limit = 4 tablets/28 days)	Actonel, Risedronate: patient has a diagnosis/indication of Paget's Disease AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure (at least a six-month trial) to generic alendronate tablets OR patient has a

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
ALENDRONATE† (compare to Fosamax [®]) tablets BINOSTO® (alendronate) 70 mg effervescent tablet (Quantity Limit=4 tablets/28 days)	Boniva [®] (ibandronate) (<i>Quantity Limit</i> = 150 mg tablet/1 tablet per 28 days) Didronel [®] (etidronate) Etidronate† (compare to Didronel [®]) Fosamax ^{®*} (alendronate) Fosamax Plus D [®] (alendronate/vitamin D) Ibandronate† (compare to Boniva [®]) (<i>Quantity Limit</i> = 150 mg tablet/1 tablet per 28 days) Risedronate† (compare to Actonel [®]) Skelid [®] (tiludronate) Boniva [®] Injection (ibandronate) (<i>QL</i> = 3 mg/3 months (four doses)/year)	diagnosis/indication of postmenopausal osteoporosis, osteoporosis in men or glucocorticoid induced osteoporosis AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure** to generic alendronate tablets. AND if the request is for brand Actonel, the patient has also had a documented intolerance to generic risedronate Alendronate Oral Solution: prescriber provides documentation of medical necessity for the specialty dosage form (i.e. inability to swallow tablets, dysphagia) AND the patient has a documented intolerance to Binosto. Atelvia, Boniva Oral, Ibandronate: patient has a diagnosis/indication of postmenopausal osteoporosis AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure** to generic alendronate tablets. AND if the request if for brand Boniva oral, the patient has also had a documented intolerance to generic Ibandronate Calcitonin Nasal Spray (generic), Fortical, Miacalcin Nasal Spray: patient is
INJECTABLE BISPHOSPHONATES All products require PA	ibandronate Injection† (compare to Boniva®) (QL=3 mg/3 months (four doses)/year) Reclast® Injection (zoledronic acid) (Quantity Limit = 5 mg (one dose)/year) Zoledronic Acid Injection† (compare to Reclast®) 5mg/100ml(QL=5 mg (one dose)/year) Zometa® (zoledronic acid) Injection 4mg/100ml or conc. 4mg/5ml Evista® (raloxifene) Tablet (QL = 1 tablet/day)	started and stabilized on the requested medication. If the request is for generic Calcitonin Nasal Spray, the patient has had a documented intolerance to brand Miacalcin. Note: Calcitonin Nasal Spray (brand and generic) no longer recommended for osteoporosis. Miacalcin Injection: patient has a diagnosis/indication of Paget's Disease Evista Tablets: patient has had a documented intolerance to generic raloxifene. Fosamax Tablets: patient has had a documented intolerance to generic alendronate tablets. Fosamax Plus D: there is a clinical reason why the patient is unable to take generic alendronate tablets and vitamin D separately. Didronel, Etidronate, and Skelid: patient has a diagnosis/indication of Paget's
ESTROGEN AGONIST/ANTAGONIST RALOXIFENE† (compare to Evista®) Tablet (QL=1 tablet/day) INJECTABLE RANKL INHIBITOR All products require PA	Prolia [®] Injection (denosumab) (<i>QL</i> =60 mg/6 months (two doses)/year) Xgeva [®] (denosumab) (<i>QL</i> =120 mg/28 days)	Disease AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure (at least a six-month trial) to generic alendronate tablets. If a medication has an AB rated generic, there must have also been a trial of the generic formulation. Forteo: patient has a diagnosis/indication of postmenopausal osteoporosis in females, primary or hypogoandal osteoporosis in males or glucocorticoid induced osteoporosis AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure** to an oral bisphosphonate. AND prescriber has verified that
CALCITONIN NASAL SPRAY All products require PA CALCITONIN INJECTION All products require PA	Calcitonin† Nasal Spray (compare to Miacalcin [®]) Fortical [®] † (calcitonin) Nasal Spray Miacalcin [®] (calcitonin) Nasal Spray Miacalcin [®] (calcitonin) Injection Forteo [®] (teriparatide) (Quantity Limit = 1 pen (3 ml)/28	the patient has been counseled about osteosarcoma risk AND the quantity requested does not exceed 1 pen (3ml) per 28 days with a lifetime maximum duration of treatment of 2 years. Boniva Injection, Ibandronate Injection: patient has a diagnosis/indication of postmenopausal osteoporosis AND patient has had a documented side effect or treatment failure** to a preferred bisphosphonate. Prolia Injection: diagnosis or indication is osteopenia in men at high risk for fracture receiving androgen deprivation therapy for nonmetastatic prostate cancer OR diagnosis or indication

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
PARATHYROID HORMONE INJECTION All products require PA	days) (Lifetime max duration of treatment = 2 years)	is osteopenia in women at high risk for fracture receiving adjuvant aromatase inhibitor therapy for breast cancer OR patient has a diagnosis/indication of postmenopausal osteoporosis AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure** to a preferred bisphosphonate Reclast Injection, Zoledronic Acid Injection (5mg): patient has a diagnosis/indication of Paget's disease of bone OR patient has a diagnosis/indication of postmenopausal osteoporosis OR patient is male with a diagnosis of osteoporosis OR patient has a diagnosis of glucocorticoid induced osteoporosis AND patient has had a documented side effect or treatment failure** to a preferred bisphosphonate. AND if the request is for Reclast, the patient has a documented intolerance to generic zoledronic acid injection. Zometa Injection, Zoledronic Acid Injection (4mg): Diagnosis or indication is bone metastases from solid tumors, multiple myeloma, osteopenia or treatment of hypercalcemia of malignancy Xgeva Injection: diagnosis or indication is bone metastases from solid tumors (e.g. prostate, breast, thyroid, non-small lung cancer) **Treatment failure is defined as documented continued bone loss or fracture after one or more years despite treatment with an oral bisphosphonate.
	BOTULINUM TOX	KINS
	Botox® (onabotulinumtoxinA) Myobloc® (rimabotulinumtoxinB) Dysport® (abobotulinumtoxinA) Xeomin® (incobotulinumtoxinA)	BOTOX (onabotulinumtoxinA): The indication for use is: o Strabismus and blepharospasm associated with dystonia, including essential blepharospasm, VII cranial nerve disorders/hemifacial spasm or Focal dystonias, including cervical dystonia, spasmodic dystonia, oromandibular dystonia OR Limb spasticity (e.g., due to cerebral palsy, multiple sclerosis, or other demyelinating CNS diseases) OR Focal spasticity (e.g., due to hemorrhagic stroke, anoxia, traumatic brain injury) OR Severe Axillary Hyperhidrosis (if member has failed an adequate trial of topical therapy) OR Overactive bladder or detrusor overactivity (if member has failed an adequate trial of at least TWO urinary antispasmodics (either short- or long-acting formulations) OR Chronic migraine (>15 days per month with headache lasting 4 hours a day or longer) and the member has failed

or has a contraindication to an adequate trial of at least TWO medications for

anticonvulsants). For re-approval after 3 months, the patient must have had an improvement in symptoms. AND The patient is >12 years of age if for blepharospasm or strabismus, >16 years of age for cervical dystonia, and >18

migraine prophylaxis from at least two different classes (tricyclic antidepressants, SNRI's, beta-blockers, calcium channel blockers or

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PREFERRED AGENTS (No. DA required upless atherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	DA CDITEDIA
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
		years of age for upper or lower limb spasticity, hyperhidrosis, chronic migraine or overactive bladder/detrusor overactivity. Dysport (abobotulinumtoxinA): The patient has a diagnosis of cervical dystonia or upper limb spasiticity AND The patient is ≥18 years of age OR the patient has a diagnosis of lower limb spasticity and is 2 years of age or older. Myobloc (rimabotulinumtoxinB): The patient has a diagnosis of focal dystonia, including cervical dystonia, spasmodic dystonia, oromandibular dystonia AND The patient is >16 years of age Xeomin (incobotulinumtoxinA): The patient has a diagnosis of cervical dystonia, upper limb spasticity, or blepharospasm. AND The patient is ≥18 years of age LIMITATIONS: Coverage of botulinum toxins will not be approved for cosmetic use (e.g., glabellar lines, vertical glabellar eyebrow furrows, facial rhytides, horizontal neck rhytides, etc.). (BOTOX Cosmetic (onabotulinumtoxinA) is not covered) IMPORTANT NOTE: Botulinum neurotoxins are used to treat various disorders of focal muscle spasm and excessive muscle contractions, such as focal dystonias. When injected intramuscularly, botulinum neurotoxins produce a presynaptic neuromuscular blockade by preventing the release of acetylcholine from the nerve endings. As a consequence of the chemistry and clinical pharmacology of each botulinum neurotoxin product, botulinum neurotoxins are not terchangeable, even among same sterotype products. Units of biological activity are unique to each preparation and cannot be compared or converted into units of another. It is important that providers recognize there is no safe dose conversion ratio—i.e., one unit of BOTOX (onabotulinumtoxinA), formerly type A) does not equal one unit of Myobloc (rimabotulinumtoxinA) does not equal one unit of Dysport (abobotulinumtoxinA) does not equal one unit of provided in the providers recognize there is no each product's individual dosing, efficacy and safety profiles.
	BPH AGENTS	
ALPHA BLOCKERS DOXAZOSIN† (compare to Cardura [®]) TAMSULOSIN† (compare to Flomax [®]) Quantity Limit = 2 capsules/day	alfuzosin ER† (compare to Uroxatral [®]) Quantity Limit = 1 tablet/dayCardura [®] * (doxazosin) Cardura XL [®] (doxazosin) Quantity Limit = 1 tablet/day Flomax [®] * (tamsulosin)	 Cardura, Cardura XL: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with two alpha blockers, one of which must be generic doxazosin. Flomax: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with two preferred alpha blockers, one of which must be generic tamsulosin.

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
TERAZOSIN† (formerly Hytrin [®]) ANDROGEN HORMONE INHIBITORS FINASTERIDE† (compare to Proscar [®]) (QL = 1 tablet/day) COMBINATION PRODUCT	Quantity Limit = 2 capsules/day Rapaflo® (silodosin) Quantity Limit = 1 capsule/day Uroxatral® (alfuzosin) Quantity Limit = 1 tablet/day Avodart® (dutasteride) ($QL = 1$ capsule/day) finasteride† (compare to Proscar®) females; males age < 45 ($QL = 1$ tablet/day) Proscar® *(finasteride) ($QL = 1$ tablet/day) Jalyn® (dutasteride/tamsulosin) ($QL = 1$ capsule/day)	alfuzosin ER, Rapaflo, Uroxatral: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with two preferred alpha blockers. In addition, for approval of Uroxatral, the patient must have a documented intolerance to generic alfuzosin ER. Avodart: The patient has a diagnosis of BPH (benign prostatic hypertrophy) AND the patient has a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure to generic finasteride. Proscar: The patient has a diagnosis of BPH (benign prostatic hypertrophy) AND the patient has a documented intolerance to generic finasteride. Finasteride for males age < 45: The patient has a diagnosis of BPH (benign prostatic hypertrophy) Jalyn: The patient has a diagnosis of BPH (benign prostatic hypertrophy) AND the patient has a documented treatment failure/inadequate response to combination therapy with generic tamsulosin and finasteride. LIMITATIONS: Coverage of androgen hormone inhibitors will not be approved for cosmetic use in men or women (male-pattern baldness/alopecia or hirsutism). (This includes Propecia (finasteride) and its generic equivalent whose only FDA approved indication is for treatment of male pattern hair loss.) Current clinical guidelines recommend the use of Cialis (tadalafil) only in men with concomitant erectile dysfunction or pulmonary hypertension. Medicaid programs do not receive Federal funding for drugs used in the treatment of erectile dysfunction so Cialis will not be approved for use in BPH.
	CARDIAC GLYCOSID	ES
DIGOXIN† DIGOXIN† Oral Solution LANOXIN [®] (digoxin)		
CHEMICAL DEPENDENCY		
ALCOHOL DEPENDENCY		
ACAMPROSATE† (compare to Campral [®]) DISULFIRAM† 250 mg, 500 mg tab (compare to Antabuse [®])	Antabuse [®] * (disulfiram) Campral [®] * (acamprosate) Revia [®] * (naltrexone oral)	Revia, Antabuse, Campral: The patient has had a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent product
NALTREXONE oral † (compare to Revia®)	Vivitrol [®] (naltexone for extended-release injectable	

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
	suspension) $(QL = 1 \text{ injection } (380 \text{ mg}) \text{ per } 30 \text{ days})$	
OPIATE DEPENDENCY		
NALTREXONE oral † (compare to Revia®) Preferred Agent after Clinical Criteria are Met SUBOXONE® sublingual FILM (buprenorphine/naloxone) QL = 2 films per day (8 mg strength), 3 films per day (2 mg strength)or 1 film per day (4 mg and 12 mg strengths) (Maximum daily Dose = 16 mg/day) *Maximum days supply for Suboxone is 14 days* Note: Methadone for opiate dependency can only be prescribed through a Methadone Maintenance Clinic	buprenorphine† sublingual TABLET(formerly Subutex®) QL = 3 tablets per day (2 mg strength) or 2 tablets/day (8 mg strength) (Maximum Daily Dose = 16 mg/day) Revia®* (naltrexone oral) buprenorphine/naloxone† (formerly Suboxone®) sublingual TABLET QL = 2 tablets per day (8 mg strength) or 3 tablets per day (2 mg strength) (Maximum daily Dose = 16 mg/day) Bunavail® (QL= 1film per day(2.1/0.3mg, 6.1/1mg), 2films per day (4.2/0.7mg) Zubsolv® (QL=1 film per day of all strengths) **Maximum days supply for buprenorphine/naloxone or buprenorphine is 14 days** For Prevention of Relapse to Opioid Dependency Vivitrol® (naltrexone for extended-release injectable	Suboxone, Buprenorphine/Naloxone, Buprenorphine: Diagnosis of opiate dependence confirmed (will not be approved for alleviation of pain) AND Prescriber has a DATA 2000 waiver ID number ("X-DEA license") in order to prescribe AND A "Pharmacy Home" for all prescriptions has been selected (Pharmacy located or licensed in VT) AND Requests for Buprenorphine/Naloxone SL tablet, Bunavail or Zubsolv after documented intolerance of Suboxone Film must include a completed MedWatch form that will be submitted by DVHA to the FDA. AND If buprenorphine (formerly Subutex) is being requested, Patient is either pregnant and history (copy of positive pregnancy test) has been submitted (duration of PA will be one 1 month post anticipated delivery date) OR Patient is breastfeeding a methadone or morphine dependent baby and history from the neonatologist or pediatrician has been submitted. Vivitrol: There must be a documented trial of oral naltrexone AND Patient should be opiate free for > 7 -10 days prior to initiation of Vivitrol. If the diagnosis is alcohol dependence, there must be a clinically compelling reason for use (e.g.
	suspension) (QL = 1 injection (380 mg) per 30 days)	multiple hospital admissions for alcohol detoxification).
OVERDOSE TREATMENT		
NALOXONE HCL Prefilled luer-lock needleless syringe plus intranasal mucosal atomizing device (Rescue kit) NARCAN® (naloxone hcl) Nasal Spray Quantity Limit = 4 single-use sprays/28days	Evzio [®] (naloxone hcl autoinjector)	Compelling clinical reason why a rescue kit comprised of naloxone plus atomizer or Narcan NS cannot be used.

GASTROINTESTINAL AGENTS: CONSTIPATION/DIARRHEA, IRRITABLE BOWEL SYNDROME-CONSTRIPATION (IBS-C), IRRITABLE BOWEL SYNDROME-DIARRHEA (IBS-D), SHORT BOWEL SYNDROME, OPIOID INDUCED CONSTIPATION

Preferred Agents (No PA Required)	Non-preferred Agents (PA Required)	<u>Criteria</u>
Constipation: Chronic, IBS_C, or Opioid-Induced (Amitiza, Linzess, & Movantik length of approval: Init	ial PA of 3 months and & 12 months thereafter; Relistore: 3 months
Bulk-Producing Laxatives PSYLLIUM† Osmotic Laxatives	Amitiza [®] (lubiprostone) (Qty Limit = 2 capsules/day) Linzess [®] (linaclotide) (Qty limit = 1 capsule/day) Movantik (naloxegol) (Qty limit=1 tablet/day)	Amitiza: The patient has a diagnosis of chronic idiopathic constipation (CIC) (24 mcg capsules) OR The patient is a woman and has a diagnosis of irritable bowel syndrome with constipation (IBS-C) (8 mcg capsules) OR opioid-induced
LACTULOSE† POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL 3350 (PEG)† (Relistor® (methylnatrexone)	constipation AND The patient has had documented treatment failure to lifestyle and dietary modification (increased fiber and fluid intake and increased physical

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
Stimulant Laxative BISACODYL† SENNA† Stool Softener DOCUSATE† Miscellaneous DICYCLOMINE Short Bowel Syndrome (SBS) (length of approval: 6.1)	Months)	activity). AND The patient has had documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure to a 1 week trial each of at least 2 preferred laxatives from the Bulk-Producing Laxative or Osmotic Laxative categories (see below). Linzess: The patient is 18 years of age or older. AND The patient has a diagnosis of chronic idiopathic constipation (CIC) (145 mcg capsules) OR The patient has a diagnosis of irritable bowel syndrome with constipation (IBS-C) (290 mcg capsules) AND The patient has had documented treatment failure to lifestyle and dietary modification (increased fiber and fluid intake and increased physical activity). AND The patient has had documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure to a 1 week trial each of at least 2 preferred laxatives from the Bulk-Producing Laxative or Osmotic Laxative categories (see below). Movantik: The patient must have documented opioid-induced constipation AND The patient has had documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure to a 1 week trial of at least 2 preferred laxatives from Bulk-Producing Laxative or Osmotic Laxative categories Relistor: The patient must have documented opioid-induced constipation and be receiving palliative care AND The patient must have had documented treatment failure to a 1 week trial of at least 2 preferred laxatives from 2 different laxative classes (see below) used in combination.
	Gattex® (teduglutide) Vials Maximum days' supply = 30 days	Gattex: Patient has a diagnosis of short bowel syndrome AND Patient is receiving specialized nutritional support administered intravenously (i.e. parenteral nutrition) AND Patient is 18 years of age or older AND Patient does not have an active gastrointestinal malignancy (gastrointestinal tract, hepatobiliary, pancreatic), colorectal cancer, or small bowel cancer. AND After preliminary review by the Clinical Call Center, the request will be forwarded to the DVHA Medical Director for final approval. Note: Re-approval requires evidence of decreased parenteral nutrition support from baseline.
Antidiarrheal: HIV/AIDs (length of approval: initial a	oproval 3 months, subsequent 1 year)	
DIPHENOXYLATE/ATROPINE† LOPERAMIDE†	Fulyzaq [®] (crofelemer) 125 mg DR Tablets $QL = 2 \text{ tablets/day}$	Fulyzaq: Patient has HIV/AIDS and is receiving anti-retroviral therapy AND Patient is at least 18 years of age AND Patient requires symptomatic relief of noninfectious diarrhea AND Infectious diarrhea (e.g. cryptosporidiosis, c. difficile, etc.) has been ruled out AND Patient has tried and failed at least one anti-diarrheal medication (i.e. loperamide or atropine/diphenoxylate)
Antidiarrheal: IBS-D (length of approval: initial appro	val 3 months, subsequent 1 year)	
	Alosetron (compare to Lotronex®) Lotronex® (alosetron) Viberzi® (eluxadoline)	Lotronex/alosetron: The patient is a woman and has a diagnosis of severe diarrhea- predominant irritable bowel syndrome (IBS) with symptoms lasting 6 months or longer AND has had anatomic or biochemical abnormalities of the GI tract excluded AND has not responded adequately to conventional therapies loperamide,

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	cholestyramine, and TCA's. For approval of generic alosetron, the patient must have documented intolerance to brand Lotronex. Viberzi: The patient has a diagnosis of IBS-D AND does not have any of the following contraindications to therapy A) known or suspected biliary duct obstruction, or sphincter of Oddi disease or dysfunction B) alcoholism, alcohol abuse, alcohol addiction, or drink more than 3 alcoholic beverages/day C) a history of pancreatitis; structural diseases of the pancreas D) severe hepatic impairment (Child-Pugh Class C) AND has not responded adequately to conventional therapies loperamide, cholestyramine, and TCA's.
	CONTRACEPTIV	ES
SELECT PRODUCTS (length of approval: 1 year MONOPHASIC AGENTS:)	
Due to the extensive list of products, any monophasic BCP not listed as non-preferred is considered preferred.	Brevicon-28 (norethindrone/ethinyl estradiol) Gildesse fe (norethindrone/ ethinyl estradiol/FE) Lo-Estrin (norethindrone/ethinyl estradiol) Lo-Estrin FE (norethindrone/ ethinyl estradiol/FE) LoEstrin (norethindrone/ ethinyl estradiol) LoMedia FE (norethindrone/ ethinyl estradiol/FE) Lo/Ovral 21 Lo/Ovral 28 Modicon (norethindrone/ethinyl estradiol) Nordette-28 Norinyl 1/35 (norethindrone/ethinyl estradiol) Ogestrel (norgestrel/ ethinyl estradiol) Ortho-Ccept 28 (desogestrel/ethinyl estradiol) Ortho-Cyclen-28 (norgestimate/ethinyl estradiol) Ovcon-35/28 (norethindrone/ethinyl estradiol) Yaz (drospirenone/ ethinyl estradiol) Yasmin 28 (drospirenone/ ethinyl estradiol) Zovia 1-50(ethynodiol D/ ethinyl estradiol)	Non-preferred agents: Trial with at least three preferred contraceptive products including the preferred formulation of the requested non-preferred agent
BIPHASIC AGENTS	Miratta (danagastral/athinyl saturdial)	Non-preferred agents: Trial with at least three preferred contraceptive products
AZURETTE (desogestrel/ ethinyl estradiol) DESOGESTREL ETHINYL ESTRADIOL KARIVA (desogestrel/ ethinyl estradiol) MINASTRIN FE (norethindrone ethinyl estradiol)	Mircette (desogestrel/ ethinyl estradiol) Necon 10/11-28 (norethindrone/ ethinyl estradiol)	including the preferred formulation of the requested non-preferred agent

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
NORETHIDRONE/ETHINYL ESTRADIOL 0.5/1-35		
PIMTREA (desogestrel/ ethinyl estradiol)		
VIORELE (desogestrel/ ethinyl estradiol)		
TRPHASIC AGENTS		
ALYACEN (norethindrone ethinyl estradiol)	Cyclessa (desogestrel/ ethinyl estradiol)	Non-preferred agents: Trial with at least three preferred contraceptive products
ARANELLE (norethindrone/ethinyl estradiol)	Estrostep FE (norethindrone/ethinyl estradiol/FE)	including the preferred formulation of the requested non-preferred agent
CAZIANT (desogestrel/ ethinyl estradiol)	Ortho-Novum 7/7/7 (norethindrone/ethinyl estradiol)	
CYCLAFEM (norethindrone/ethinyl estradiol)	Ortho Tri-Ccyclen (norgestimate/ ethinyl estradiol)	
DASETTA (norethindrone/ethinyl estradiol)	Tri-Norinyl (norethindrone/ethinyl estradiol)	
ENPRESSE (levonorgestrel/ ethinyl estradiol)		
LEENA (norethindrone/ethinyl estradiol)		
LEVONEST (levonorgestrel/ ethinyl estradiol))		
MYZILRA (levonorgestrel/ ethinyl estradiol)		
NATAZIA (dienogest/estradiol valerate)		
NECON 7/7/7 (norethindrone/ethinyl estradiol)		
Norgestimate ethinyl estradiol		
NORTREL 7/7/7 (norethindrone/ethinyl estradiol)		
ORTHO TRI-CYCLEN LO (norgestimate/ ethinyl		
estradiol)		
PIRMELLA (norethindrone/ethinyl estradiol)		
TILIA FE (norethindrone/ethinyl estradiol/FE)		
TRI-ESTARYLLA (norgestimate/ ethinyl estradiol)		
TRI-LEGEST FE (norethindrone/ethinyl estradiol/FE)		
TRI-LINYAH (norgestimate/ ethinyl estradiol)		
TRINESSA (norgestimate/ ethinyl estradiol)		
TRI-PREVIFEM (norgestimate/ ethinyl estradiol)		
TRI-SPRINTEC (norgestimate/ ethinyl estradiol)		
TRIVORA (levonorgestrel/ ethinyl estradiol)		
VELIVET (desogestrel/ ethinyl estradiol)		
EXTENDED CYCLE		
AMETHIA (levonorgestrel/ ethinyl estradiol)		Non-preferred agents: Trial with at least three preferred contraceptive products
AMETHIA LO (levonorgestrel/ ethinyl estradiol)		including the preferred formulation of the requested non-preferred agent
AMETHYST (levonorgestrel/ ethinyl estradiol)		
ASHLYNA (levonorgestrel/ ethinyl estradiol)		
CAMRESE (levonorgestrel/ ethinyl estradiol)		
CAMRESE LO (levonorgestrel/ ethinyl estradiol)		
DAYSEE (levonorgestrel/ ethinyl estradiol)		
INTROVALE (levonorgestrel/ ethinyl estradiol 3MTH)		
JOLESSA (levonorgestrel/ ethinyl estradiol 3MTH)		
LEVONORGESTREL ETHINYL ESTRADIOL		

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
(140 1 A required unless otherwise noted)	(1 A required)	TACKITEMA
TBDSPK 3 month		
LEVONORGESTREL ETHESTRAD ETHINYL		
ESTRADIOL TBDSPK 3 month		
LO-SEASONIQUE (levonorgestrel/ ethinyl estradiol)		
QUASENSE (levonorgestrel/ ethinyl estradiol 3MTH)		
QUARTETTE (levonorgestrel/ ethinyl estradiol)		
SEASONIQUE (levonorgestrel/ ethinyl estradiol)		
PROGESTIN ONLY CONTRACEPTIVES		
CAMILA (norethindrone)	Nor-QD (norethindrone)	Non-preferred agents: Trial with at least three preferred contraceptive products
DEBLITANE (norethindrone)	Ortho Micronor (norethindrone)	including the preferred formulation of the requested non-preferred agent
ERRIN (norethindrone)	()	
HEATHER (norethindrone)		
JENCYCLA (norethindrone)		
JOLIVETTE(norethindrone)		
LYZA (norethindrone)		
NORA-BE (norethindrone)		
NORETHINDRONE 0.35MG		
NORLYROC (norethindrone)		
SHAROBEL (norethindrone)		
INJECTABLE CONTRACEPTIVES		
MEDROXYPROGESTERONE ACETATE 150MG	Depo-Provera (IM) (medroxyprogesterone acetate)	
(IM) VIAL/SYRINGE	150mg Susp vial/syringe	
DEPO-PROVERA 104 (SUB-Q) SYRINGE		
(medroxyprogesterone acetate)		
VAGINAL RING		
NUVARING [®] (etonogestrel/ethinyl estradiol vaginal		
ring)		
TOPICAL CONTRACEPTIVE		
ORTHO EVRA PATCH (norelgestromin/ethinyl		
estradiol)		
XULANE PATCH (norelgestromin/ ethinyl estradiol)		
EMERGENCY CONTRACEPTIVE		
AFTERA (levonorgestrel)	Plan B One-step (levonorgestrel)	
ECONTRA EZ (levonorgestrel)		
FALLBACK (levonorgestrel)		
LEVONORGESTREL		
MY WAY (levonorgestrel)		
NEXT CHOICE (levonorgestrel)		
OPCICON ONE-STEP (levonorgestrel)		
TAKE ACTION (levonorgestrel)		

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
ELLA (ulipristal)		
coro	NARY VASODILATORS/ANTIANGINAL	S/SINUS NODE INHIBITORS
ORAL	•	
ISOSORBIDE DINITRATE† tablet(compare to Isordil®) ISOSORBIDE DINITRATE† ER tablet ISOSORBIDE MONONITRATE† tablet (compare to Ismo®, Monoket®) ISOSORBIDE MONONITRATE† ER tablet (compare to Imdur®) NITROGLYCERIN† SL tablet NITROGLYCERIN† ER capsule NITROLINGUAL PUMP SPRAY® NITROGLYCERIN SPRAY LINGUAL† (compare to Nitroglycerin Pump Spray®) NITROMIST® Lingual Spray NITROQUICK® (nitroglycerin SL tablet) NITROSTAT® (nitroglycerin SL tablet) NITRO-TIME® (nitroglycerin ER capsule)	Dilatrate-SR [®] (isosorbide dinitrate SR capsule) Imdur [®] * (isosorbide mononitrate ER tablet) Ismo [®] * (isosorbide mononitrate tablet) Isosorbide dinitrate SL tablet Isordil [®] * (isosorbide dinitrate tablet) Monoket [®] * (isosorbide mononitrate tablet) BiDil [®] (isosorbide dinitrate/hydralazine) Ranexa [®] (ranolazine) (Quantity Limit = 3 tablets/day (500 mg), 2 tablets/day (1000 mg)))	Dilatrate-SR, Imdur: The patient has had a side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to at least two of the following medications: isosorbide dinitrate ER tablet, isosorbide mononitrate ER tablet, nitroglycerin ER capsule or Nitro-time. If a product has an AB rated generic, one trial must be the generic formulation. Ismo, Isordil, Monoket, Isosorbide dinitrate SL tablet: The patient has had a side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to at least two of the following medications: isosorbide dinitrate tablet or isosorbide mononitrate tablet. If a product has an AB rated generic, one trial must be the generic formulation Bidil: The prescriber provides a clinically valid reason why the patient cannot use isosorbide dinitrate and hydralazine as separate agents. Ranexa: The patient has had a diagnosis/indication of chronic angina. AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with at least one medication from two of the following classes: beta-blockers, maintenance nitrates, or calcium channel blockers. AND The patient does not have any of the following conditions: Hepatic insufficiency, Concurrent use of medications which may interact with Ranexa: CYP450 3A4 inducers (rifampin, rifabutin, rifapentin, phenobarbital, phenytoin, carbamazepine, St.John's wort) CYP450 3A4 inhibitors (diltiazem, verapamil, ketoconazole, protease inhibitors, grapefruit juice, macrolide antibiotics) Note: doses of digoxin or drugs metabolized by CYP450 2D6 (TCAs, some antipsychotics) may need to be adjusted if used with Ranexa. AND The dose requested does not exceed 3 tablets/day (500 mg) or 2 tablets/day (1000 mg).
NITREK [®] (nitroglycerin transdermal patch) NITRO-BID [®] (nitroglycerin ointment) NITROGLYCERIN TRANSDERMAL PATCHES† (compare to Nitro-Dur [®])	Nitro-Dur [®] * (nitroglycerin transdermal patch)	Nitro-Dur: patient has had a side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to Nitrek or generic nitroglycerin transdermal patches.
SINUS NODE INHIBITORS	Carlanar (inabradina) (OI = 60 taba/20 d)	Couloner Clinical Cuitoria
	Corlanor® (ivabradine) (QL=60 tabs/30 days)	Corlanor Clinical Criteria:Diagnosis of stable, symptomatic heart failure AND

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
		 Left ventricular ejection fraction of ≤ 35% AND Resting heart rate ≥ 70 bpm AND In sinus rhythm AND Persisting symptoms despite maximally tolerated doses of beta blockers or who have contraindication to beta blocker therapy
	CORTICOSTEROIDS: C	DRAL CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERT
CORTISONE ACETATE tablets DEXAMETHASONE† tablets, elixir, intensol, solution DEXPAK® tabs (dexamethasone taper pack) HYDROCORTISONE† tab (compare to Cortef®) MEDROL® (methylprednisolone) 2mg tablets METHYLPREDNISOLONE† (compare to Medrol®) tabs METHYLPREDNISOLONE DOSE PACK† (compare to Medrol Dose Pack®) tabs ORAPRED® ODT (prednisolone sod phosphate) (age < 12 yrs) PREDNISOLONE† 3 mg/ml oral solution, syrup (compare to Prelone®) PREDNISOLONE SODIUM PHOSPHATE† 3 mg/ml oral solution (compare to Orapred®) PREDNISOLONE SOD PHOSPHATE ORAL SOLUTION† 6.7mg/5ml (5mg/5ml base) (compare to Pediapred®) PREDNISONE† intensol, solution, tablets	Celestone (betamethasone) oral solution Cortef (hydrocortisone) tablets Flo-Pred (prednisolone acetate) oral suspension $ \begin{array}{l} \text{Medrol}^{\textcircled{\&}} * \text{(hydrocortisone) tablets} \\ \text{Flo-Pred}^{\textcircled{\&}} * \text{(methylprednisolone) tablets} \\ \text{Medrol Dose Pak}^{\textcircled{\&}} * \text{(methylprednisolone) tabs} \\ \text{Millipred}^{\textcircled{\&}} * \text{(prednisolone) tablets} \\ \text{Millipred}^{\textcircled{\&}} * \text{(prednisolone sodium phos) oral solution} \\ \text{Millipred DP}^{\textcircled{\&}} * \text{(prednisolone) dose pack tablets} \\ \text{Orapred}^{\textcircled{\&}} * \text{ oral solution* (prednisolone sod phos)} \\ \text{Orapred}^{\textcircled{\&}} * \text{ ODT (prednisolone sod phos) (age } \geq 12 \text{ yrs)} \\ \text{Pediapred}^{\textcircled{\&}} * \text{(prednisolone sod phosphate) oral solution} \\ \text{prednisolone sodium phosphate oral solution } 25 \\ \text{mg/5ml} \\ \text{Rayos}^{\textcircled{\&}} * \text{(prednisone) Delayed Release Tablet} \\ \text{($Quantity limit = 1 tablet/day)} \\ \text{Veripred}^{\textcircled{\&}} * \text{20 oral solution (prednisolone sodium phosphate)} \\ \end{array}$	 Rayos: The patient has had a trial of generic immediate release prednisone and has documented side effects that are associated with the later onset of activity of immediate release prednisone taken in the morning. All Others: The patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication. OR The patient has a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to at least two preferred medications. If a product has an AB rated generic, one trial must be the generic formulation.
	COUGH AND COLD PREPA	RATIONS
All generics MUCINEX [®] (guaifenesin)	Hydrocodone/chlorpheniramine (compare to Tussionex [®]) ($QL = 60 \text{ ml/RX}$) Tussionex [®] (hydrocodone/chlorpheniramine) ($QL = 60 \text{ ml/RX}$)	Tussionex, TussiCaps, Hydrocodone/chlorpheniramine suspension (generic): The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to two of the following generically available cough or cough/cold products: hydrocodone/homatropine (compare to Hycodan), promethazine/codeine (previously Phenergan with Codeine), guaifenesin/codeine (Cheratussin AC) or

TussiCaps[®] (hydrocodone/chlorpheniramine) (QL = 12

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
	capsules/RX) All other brands	benzonatate. AND patient is 6 years old of age or greater. AND The quantity requested does not exceed 60 ml (Tussionex) or 12 capsules (TussiCaps). AND If the request is for Tussionex□, the patient has a documented intolerance to generic hydrocodone/chlorpheniramine suspension. All Other Brands: The prescriber must provide a clinically valid reason for the use of the requested medication including reasons why any of the generically available preparations would not be a suitable alternative.
CYSTIC FIBROSIS MEDICATIONS		

Preferred After Clinical Criteria Are Met:

BETHKIS® (tobramycin) inhalation solution (Quantity Limit = 56 vials/56 days; maximum days'

supply = 56 days) (2 vials/day for 28 days, then 28 days off)

KITABIS® (tobramycin sol)

(QL= 56vials/56days; maximum days' supply = 56 days; 2 vials/day for 28 days, then 28 days off)

TOBI[®] (tobramycin PODHaler capsules for inhalation)

(QL = 224 capsules/56 days; maximum days' supply = 56 days) (4 capsules twice daily for 28 days, then 28 days off)

Cayston® (aztreonam) inhalation solution (Quantity Limit = 84 vials/56 days; maximum days supply = 56 days) (3 vials/day for 28 days, then 28 days off)

(2 vials/day for 28 days, then 28 days off) Kalydeco® (ivacaftor) tablets

(Quantity Limit = 2 tablets/day, maximum days' supply = 30 days)

Kalydeco® (ivacaftor) packets

(Quantity Limit = 2 packets/day, maximum days' supply = 30 days)

Orkambi® (lumacaftor/ivacaftor) (Quantity Limit= 120/30 days; max days supply=30 days)

Pulmozyme® (dornase alfa) inhalation solution (Quantity Limit =60/30 days; maximum days supply=30 days)

TOBI® (tobramycin) inhalation solution (Quantity Limit = 56 vials/56 days; maximum days supply = 56 days)

(2 vials/day for 28 days, then 28 days off)

Tobramycin inhalation solution† (compare to Tobi®) (Quantity Limit = 56 vials/56 days; maximum days' supply = 56 days)(2

Bethkis, Kitabis, Pulmonzyme: diagnosis or indication is cystic fibrosis

TOBI, tobramycin inhalation solutions: Diagnosis or indication is cystic fibrosis
and the patient has a documented failure or intolerance to Kitabis and Bethkis.

Cayston: diagnosis or indication is cystic fibrosis and the patient has had a documented failure, intolerance or inadequate response to inhaled tobramycin therapy alone

Kalydeco: The patient has a diagnosis of Cystic Fibrosis. AND □ Patient has one of the following mutations on at least one allele in the cystic fibrosis transmembrane conductance regulator gene: G551D, G1244E, G1349D, G178R, G551S, S1251N, S1255P, S549N, or S549R and who have an R117H mutation in the CFTR gene (documentation provided). AND The patient is ≥2 years old. Note: Renewal of Prior Authorization will require documentation of member response.

TOBI PODHALER: allowed after a trial of another form of inhaled tobramycin **Orkambi:** The patient has a diagnosis of Cystic Fibrosis AND Initial Criteria

- $\geq \frac{6}{6}$ years of age
- Patient must be determined to be homozygous for the F508del mutation in the CFTR gene as confirmed by an FDA-approved CF mutation test AND
- Patient has a baseline forced expiratory volume in one second (FEV1) of 40 percent of the predicted normal value AND
- If the patient is between the ages of 12-18, they must have undergone a baseline ophthalmic examination to monitor for lens opacities/cataracts
- Prescriber is a CF specialist or pulmonologist

Ongoing Approval Criteria

- Patient has stable or improved FEV1
- Patient has LFTs/bilirubin monitored every 3 months for the first year of therapy and annually after the first year
- ALT or AST \leq 5 X the upper limit of normal or ALT/AST \leq 3 X the upper limits of normal and bilirubin is \leq 2 X the upper limit of normal
- Between the ages of 12 and 18, have follow up ophthalmic exam at least

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
	vials/day for 28 days, then 28 days off)	annually
	DEDMATOLOGICAL AC	PAMIC
	DERMATOLOGICAL AG	EN 15
ACTINIC KERATOSIS THERAPY		
ALDARA [®] (imiquimod) 5 % Cream EFUDEX ^{®*} (fluorouracil) 5% cream, solution FLUOROURACIL (compare to CARAC [®]) 0.5% cream CARAC [®] (fluorouracil) 0.5% cream $C=cream, F=foam, G=gel, L=lotion, O=ointment, S=solution$	Diclofenac Sodium 3 % Gel (compare to Solaraze [®]) Qty Limit = 1 tube/30 days Fluorouracil† (compare to Efudex [®]) 5% cream, 5%, 2% solution Imiquimod [†] (compare to Aldara [®]) 5 % cream Picato [®] (ingenol mebutate) 0.015 % Gel Qty Limit = 3 tubes Picato [®] (ingenol mebutate) 0.05 % Gel Qty Limit = 2 tubes Solaraze [®] (diclofenac sodium) 3 % Gel Qty Limit = 1 tube/30 days Tolak [®] (fluorouracil) Cream Zyclara (imiquimod) 3.75 % Cream Qty Limit = 56 packets/6 weeks Zyclara (imiquimod) 2.5%, 3.75 % Cream Pump	 Imiquimod (generic) cream: The patient has had a documented intolerance to brand Aldara Picato: The diagnosis or indication is actinic keratosis AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, contraindication or treatment failure with a generic topical fluorouracil product. OR The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, contraindication or treatment failure with preferred brand Aldara Solaraze Gel, Tolak, Diclofenac Gel: The diagnosis or indication is actinic keratosis AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, contraindication or treatment failure with a preferred topical fluorouracil product. Zyclara Cream: The diagnosis or indication is actinic keratosis on the face or scalp AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with 5-fluorouracil and Aldara or generic imiquimod 5% cream. OR The treatment area is greater than 25 cm2 on the face or scalp. AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with 5-fluorouracil.
	Qty Limit = 2 pumps/8 weeks	
ANTIOBIOTICS TOPICAL		
Single Agent BACITRACIN† MUPIROCIN OINTMENT† (compare to Bactroban®)	Altabax [®] (retapamulin) $QL = 1$ tube Bactroban [®] (mupirocin) Cream Bactroban [®] * (mupirocin) Ointment Centany [®] Ointment (mupirocin) Gentamicin Cream or Ointment Mupirocin cream† (compare to Bactroban [®])	 Altabax: The patient is being treated for impetigo. AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with mupirocin ointment AND MRSA (methicillin resistant staph aureus) has been ruled out by culture Bactroban Cream or Ointment, mupirocin cream, Centany Ointment: The patient has had a documented intolerance with generic mupirocin ointment AND If the request is for brand Bactroban Cream, the patient has also had a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent.
Combination Products BACITRACIN-POLYMYXIN† NEOMYCIN-BACITRACIN-POLYMYXIN† Note: Bactroban® Nasal Ointment is not included in this managed category C=cream, F=foam, G=gel, L=lotion, O=ointment, S=solution	Cortisporin [®] Cream (neomycin-polymyxin-hydrocortisone) Cortisporin [®] Ointment(bacitracin-neomycin-polymyxin-hydrocortisone) All other branded products	Cortisporin Cream or Ointment, Gentamicin Cream or Ointment: The patient has had a documented side-effect, allergy or treatment failure with at least one preferred generic topical antibiotic

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
ANTIFUNGALS: ONYCHOMYCOSIS		
CICLOPIROX † 8 % solution (compare to Penlac® Nail Lacquer) QL =6.6 ml/90 days	Penlac® Nail Lacquer (ciclopirox 8 % solution) QL = 6.6 ml/90 Kerydin® Jublia® QL=48 weeks treatment	 Jublia, Kerydin, Penlac Sol: The patient meets at least 1 of the following criteria: Pain to affected area that limits normal activity, Diabetes Mellitus, Patient is immunocompromised, Patient has diagnosis of systemic dermatosis, Patient has significant vascular compromise AND Documented intolerance to generic ciclopirox 8% solution. LIMITATIONS: Coverage of Onychomycosis agents will NOT be approved solely for cosmetic purposes. Kits with multiple drug products or non-drug items not covered.
ANTIFUNGALS: TOPICAL		
Single Agent CICLOPIROX † (compare to Loprox®) 0.77% C, Sus, G; 1%Sh CLOTRIMAZOLE†(formerly Lotrimin®) 1% C, S ECONAZOLE † (formerly Spectazole®) 1% C KETOCONAZOLE † (compare to Kuric®, Nizoral®) 2% C, 2% Sh MICONAZOLE † all generic/OTC products NYSTATIN † O, C, P (compare to Mycostatin®, Nystop®, Pedi-Dri®, Nyamyc®) TOLNAFTATE † (compare to Tinactin®) 1% C, P, Sp, S Combination Products CLOTRIMAZOLE W/BETAMETHASONE † (compare to Lotrisone®) C, L NYSTATIN W/TRIAMCINOLONE † (formerly Mycolog II®) C, O C=cream, F=foam, G=gel, L=lotion, P=powder, S=solution, Sh=shampoo, Sp=spray, Sus=suspension	Ertaczo [®] (sertaconazole) 2% C Exelderm [®] (sulconazole) 1% C, S Extina [®] (ketoconazole) 2% F Ketoconazole† (compare to Extina [®]) 2 % Foam Lamisil RX/OTC [®] (terbinafine) 1% C, S, Sp, G Luzu [®] (luliconazole) 1% Cream Mentax [®]) 1% C Naftin [®] (naftifine) 1% & 2% C, 1%, 2% G Nizoral [®] * (ketoconazole) 2% Sh Nystop [®] , Pedi-Dri [®] , Nyamyc [®] * (nystatin) P Oxistat [®] (oxiconazole) 1% C, L Lotrisone [®] * (clotrimazole w/betamethasone) C, L Vusion [®] (miconazole w/zinc oxide) O (QL=50 g/30 days) All other branded products Note: Please refer to "Dermatological: Antifungals: Onychomycosis" for ciclopirox solution and Penlac [®] Nail Lacquer	 All Brands (except Vusion): The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to at least TWO different preferred generic topical antifungal agents. (If a product has an AB rated generic, one trial must be the generic equivalent of the requested product.) OR The patient has a contraindication that supports the need for a specific product or dosage form of a brand topical antifungal. Ketoconazole Foam: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to at least TWO different preferred generic topical antifungal agents. Vusion: The patient has a diagnosis of diaper dermatitis complicated by documented candidiasis AND The patient is at least 4 weeks of age. AND The patient has had two trials (with two different preferred antifungal agents) used in combination with a zinc oxide diaper rash product resulting in documented side effects, allergy, or treatment failures. Limitations: Foam products (e.g. Ecoza (econazole nitrate)) not covered. Other topical dosage preparations preferred.
ANTIVIRALS: TOPICAL		
ABREVA OTC (docosanol) 10% C C=cream, O=ointment Note: See Anti-Infectives: Antivirals: Herpes: Oral for	Acyclovir (compare to Zovirax [®]) 5 % O Denavir [®] (penciclovir) 1% C	Denavir: The patient has a diagnosis of oral herpes simplex infection and a failure of both oral antiviral and Abreva OTC.Acyclovir, Zovirax: If prescribed for the treatment of oral herpes simplex infection,

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
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Sitavig [®]	Zovirax [®] (acyclovir) 5% C, O Xerese® (acyclovir 5%/hydrocortisone 1%) C	the patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure (at least one course of four or more days) with Denavir. ** Topical antiviral therapy offers minimal clinical benefit in the treatment of genital herpes and its use is discouraged by the CDC so topical antiviral therapy will not be approved for this indication. **
CORTICOSTEROIDS: LOW POTENCY		
ALCLOMETASONE 0.05% C, O† (compare to Aclovate) FLUOCINOLONE 0.01% C, S, oil† (compare to Derma-Smoothe, Synalar®) HYDROCORTISONE† 0.5%, 1%, 2.5% C; 1%, 2.5% L, 0.5%, 1%, 2.5% O C=cream, F=foam, G=gel, L=lotion, O=ointment, S=solution	Capex [®] (fluocinolone) 0.01% shampoo Derma-Smoothe [®] * (fluocinolone 0.01%) oil Desonate [®] (desonide) 0.05% G Desonide† 0.05% C,L,O (compare to DesOwen [®]) DesOwen [®] * (desonide) 0.05% C, L Synalar [®] * (fluocinolone) 0.01% S All other brands	CRITERIA FOR APPROVAL (NON-PREFERRED AGENTS): The patient has a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to at least two different preferred agents of similar potency. (If a product has an AB rated generic, one trial must be the generic.)
CORTICOSTEROIDS: MEDIUM POTENCY		
BETAMETHASONE DIPROPIONATE† 0.05% C, L, O (formerly Diprosome®) BETAMETHASONE VALERATE† 0.1% C, L, O (formerly Beta-Val®) BETAMETHASONE VALERATE†0.12% (compare to Luxiq®) F CLOCORTOLONE 0.1% C (compare to Cloderm®) FLUOCINOLONE† 0.025% C, O (compare to Synalar®) FLUTICASONE † 0.05% C; 0.005% O (compare to Cutivate®) HYDROCORTISONE BUTYRATE† 0.1% C, O, S MOMETASONE FUROATE† 0.1% C, L, O, S (compare to Elocon®) TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE† 0.025%, 0.1% C, L, O (formerly Aristocort® or Kenalog®)	Cloderm® (clocortolone) 0.1% C Cordran® (all products) Cutivate® (fluticasone) 0.05% L Dermatop® (prednicarbate) 0.1% C, O desoximetasone 0.05% C, O (compare to Topicort®) Elocon®* (all products) Fluticasone† (compare to Cutivate®) 0.05%, L Hydrocortisone Valerate† 0.2% C,O Kenalog® (triamcinolone) Aerosol Spray Luxiq® (betamethasone valerate) F prednicarbate† (compare to Dermatop®) 0.1% C, O Sernivo® (betamethasone dipropionate) 0.05% Spray Synalar®* (fluocinolone) 0.025% C, O Topicort®* (desoximetasone) 0.05% C, O Triamcinolone Aerosol Spray Trianex®* (triamcinolone) 0.05% O All other brands	CRITERIA FOR APPROVAL (NON-PREFERRED AGENTS): The patient has a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to at least two different preferred agents of similar potency. (If a product has an AB rated generic, one trial must be the generic.)
CORTICOSTEROIDS: HIGH POTENCY		
AUGMENTED BETAMETHASONE† 0.05% C, L(compare to Diprolene® AF)	Amcinonide† (formerly Cyclocort [®]) Apexicon E [®] (diflorasone) 0.05% C	CRITERIA FOR APPROVAL (NON-PREFERRED AGENTS): The patient has

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
(110 171 required unless otherwise noted)	(171 required)	TH CRITERIA
BETAMETHASONE VALERATE† 0.1% C, O (formerly Beta-Val®) DESOXIMETASONE† 0.05% C, G, O; 0.25% C, O (compare to Topicort®) FLUOCINONIDE† 0.05% C, G, O, S (formerly Lidex®) TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE† 0.5% C, O (formerly Aristocort®) C=cream, F=foam, G=gel, L=lotion, O=ointment, S=solution	Difforasone diacetate† 0.05% C, O (compare to Apexicon E®) Diprolene® AF* (augmented betamethasone) 0.05% C, L Halog® (halcinonide) all products Topicort®* (desoximetasone) 0.05% G; 0.25% C, O, Spray All other brands	a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to at least two different preferred agents of similar potency. (If a product has an AB rated generic, one trial must be the generic.)
CORTICOSTEROIDS: VERY HIGH POTENCY		
AUGMENTED BETAMETHASONE† 0.05% C,L, O (compare to Diprolene®) 0.05% G DIFLORASONE DIACETATE† 0.05% O (compare to Apexicon®, formerly Psorcon E®) HALOBETASOL PROPRIONATE† (compare to Ultravate®) C=cream, F=foam, G=gel, L=lotion, O=ointment, S=solution	Clobetasol propionate† (compare to Clobex [®]) 0.05% L, Sh, Spray Clobetasol propionate (compare to Temovate®/Cormax®) 0.05% C,G,O,S Clobetasol 0.05% F (compare to Oulux®) clobetasol propionate emulsion† (compare to Olux E®) 0.05% F Clobex® (clobetasol propionate) 0.05% L, shampoo, spray Diprolene®* (augmented betamethasone) 0.05% L, O Diprolene®AF 0.05% C fluocinonide† (compare to Vanos®)0.1% C Olux®*/Qlux E® (clobetasol propionate) 0.05% F Temovate®* (clobetasol propionate) 0.05% C, O, Vanos® (fluocinonide) 0.1% C Ultravate®* (halobetasol propionate) 0.05% C, O All other brands	CRITERIA FOR APPROVAL (NON-PREFERRED AGENTS): The patient has a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to at least two different preferred agents of similar potency. (If a product has an AB rated generic, one trial must be the generic.)
GENITAL WART THERAPY		
GEMTAL WART THERAT I		
ALDARA® (imiqumod 5%)	Imiquimod [†] 5 % (compare to Aldara [®]) cream Condylox [®] Gel (podofilox gel)	 Condylox gel, Veregan: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with Aldara Condylox Solution: The patient has had a documented intolerance to generic podofilox solution.

PRESERVED A GENTER	MON PREFERRED A GENTIA			
PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA		
PODOFILOX SOLUTION† (compare to Condylox®) IMMUNOMODULATORS	Condylox ** solution (podofilox solution) Veregan® (sinecatechins ointment) (Quantity limit = 15 grams (1 tube)/per 30 days) Zyclara® (imiquimod 3.75%) Cream (Quantity limit = 56 packets)/per 8 weeks) Zyclara® (imiquimod 3.75%) Cream Pump (Quantity limit = 2 pumps/per 8 weeks)	Imiquimod (generic) cream: The patient has had a documented intolerance to brand Aldara		
Effective 11/1/06: PA required for Elidel / Protopic/tacrolimus for children < 2 years. Quantity Limit = 30 gm / fill, 90 gm / 6 mos. Step Therapy required (previous trial of topical steroid for patients ≥ 2 yrs). Protopic/tacrolimus ointment concentration limited to 0.03% for age < 16 years old.				
ELIDEL (pimecrolimus) PROTOPTIC (tacrolimus) PROTOPTIC (tacrolimus)	Elidel [®] (pimecrolimus) (age < 2 yrs) Protopic [®] (tacrolimus) (age < 2 yrs) Tacrolimis Ointment [†] (compare to Protopic [®]) All Patient	Criteria for Approval Age < 2 years (requests will be approved for up to 6 months): The patient has a diagnosis of atopic dermatitis (eczema). AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with at least one moderate to high potency topical corticosteroid within the last 6 months. AND The quantity requested does not exceed 30 grams/fill and 90 grams/6 months. AND If the request is for generic tacrolimus ointment, the patient has a documented intolerance to brand Protopic. Criteria for Approval Age > 2 years (requests will be approved for up to 1 year): The patient has a diagnosis of atopic dermatitis (eczema). AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with at least one moderate to high potency topical corticosteroid within the last 6 months. AND The quantity requested does not exceed 30 grams/fill and 90 grams/6 months. AND If the request is for generic tacrolimus ointment, the patient has a documented intolerance to brand Protopic.		
SCABICIDES AND PEDICULOCIDES				
PERMETHRIN† 5 % (compare to Elimite [®]) C PEDICULICIDES (lice treatment) PERMETHRIN† 1 % CR, L PIPERONYL BUTOXIDE AND PYRETHRINS† G, S, Sh Preferred After Clinical Criteria Are Met (1 OTC step via electronic PA) NATROBA® (spinosad 0.9 %) Ss§ SKLICE® (Ivermectin 0.5 %) L	Eurax [®] (crotamiton 10 %) <i>C</i> , <i>L</i> Lindane† <i>L</i> Lindane† <i>Sh</i> Malathion † <i>L</i> (compare to Ovide [®]) Ovide [®] (malathion) <i>L</i> Spinosad† (compare to Natroba) <i>Ss</i> Ulesfia [®] (benzyl alcohol 5%) <i>L</i> All other brand and generic Scabicides and Pediculicides	NON-PREFERRED SCABICIDES: The patient has had a documented side effect or allergy to permethrin cream or treatment failure with two treatments of permethrin cream. Natroba, Sklice: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure to OTC permethrin or piperonyl butoxide and pyrethrins Non-Preferred Pediculicides: The patient has had a documented side effect or allergy to OTC permethrin and piperonyl butoxide and pyrethrins and one treatment of Natroba or Sklice OR treatment failure with two treatments of OTC permethrin and/or piperonyl butoxide and pyrethrins and one treatment of Natroba or Sklice. For approval of Ovide® Lotion, the patient must also have a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent product.		

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
C=cream, CR=crème rinse, G=gel, L=lotion, S=solution, Sh=shampoo, Sp=spray, Ss=suspension		
	DESMOPRESSIN: INTRANA	SAL/ORAL
Intranasal Oral DESMOPRESSIN†	DDAVP® (desmopressin) Nasal Solution or Spray 0.01% Desmopressin † Nasal Solution or Spray 0.01 % (compare to DDAVP®) Minirin † (desmopressin) Nasal Spray 0.01% Stimate® (desmopressin) Nasal Solution 1.5 mg/ml DDAVP®* (desmopressin) tablets	CRITERIA FOR APPROVAL: Intranasal: The diagnosis or indication for the requested medication is (1) Diabetes Insipidus, (2) hemophilia type A, or (3) Von Willebrand disease AND If the request is for brand DDAVP, the patient has a documented intolerance to generic desmopressin spray or solution. CRITERIA FOR APPROVAL: non-preferred oral: The diagnosis or indication for the requested medication is (1) Diabetes Insipidus and/or (2) primary nocturnal enuresis AND The patient has had a documented intolerance to generic desmopressin tablets LIMITATIONS: Desmopressin intranasal formulations will not be approved for the treatment of primary nocturnal enuresis (PNE) due to safety risks of hyponatremia. Oral tablets may be prescribed for this indication.
	DIABETIC TESTING SUI	PPLIES
MONITORS/METERS		
Please refer to the DVHA website for covered Diabetic testing supplies.		CRITERIA FOR APPROVAL: The prescriber demonstrates that the patient has a medical necessity for clinically significant features that are not available on any of the preferred meters/test strips. LIMITATIONS: Talking monitors are not covered under the pharmacy benefit.
TEST STRIPS/LANCETS		
DIABETIC TEST STRIPS Please refer to the DVHA website for covered Diabetic testing supplies. LANCETS		CRITERIA FOR APPROVAL: The prescriber demonstrates that the patient has a medical necessity for clinically significant features that are not available on any of the preferred meters/test strips. LIMITATIONS: Talking monitors are not covered under the pharmacy benefit.
All brands and store brands		

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
(140 171 required unless other wise noted)	(i i i i cquired)	TH CIGIDAN
	EPINEPHRINE: AUTO-IN	JECTOR CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR CONT
EPINEPHRINE INJ (compare to Adrenaclick®) 0.15MG (epinephrine 0.15mg/0.15ml (1:1000)) EPINEPHRINE INJ (compare to Adrenaclick®) 0.3MG (epinephrine 0.3mg/0.3ml (1:1000)) EPIPEN® 2-PAK INJ 0.3 MG	Adrenaclick® 0.15MG (epinephrine 0.15mg/0.15ml (1:1000)) Adrenaclick® 0.3MG (epinephrine 0.3mg/0.3ml (1:1000))	Adrenaclick: The patient has a documented intolerance to both preferred products.
(epinephrine 0.3 mg/0.3 ml (1:1000))		
EPIPEN-JR [®] 2-PAK INJ 0.15 MG (epinephrine 0.15 mg/0.3 ml (1:2000))		
	ESTROGENS: VAGIN	IAL
Estradiol ESTRACE VAGINAL® Cream		
ESTRING [®] Vaginal Ring VAGIFEM [®] Vaginal Tablets		
Conjugated Estrogens PREMARIN VAGINAL® Cream		
Estradiol Acetate FEMRING® Vaginal Ring		
	FIBROMYALGIA AGE	NTS
	Savella® (milnacipran) tablet, titration pack Quantity Limit = 2 tablets/day Cymbalta® (duloxetine) Duloxetine† (compare to Cymbalta®) Lyrica® (pregabalin)	Savella: The diagnosis or indication is treatment of fibromyalgia AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to TWO drugs from the following: gabapentin, tricyclic antidepressant, SSRI antidepressant, SNRI antidepressant, miscellaneous antidepressant, cyclobenzaprine or Lyrica. Cymbalta/Duloxetine: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to TWO drugs from the following: gabapentin, tricyclic antidepressant, SSRI antidepressant, SNRI antidepressant, miscellaneous antidepressant, cyclobenzaprine, Lyrica® or Savella® (this indication not processed via automated step therapy) AND if the request is for duloxetine, the patient has had a documented intolerance with brand Cymbalta.

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
		Lyrica: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to TWO drugs from the following: gabapentin, tricyclic antidepressant, SSRI antidepressant, SNRI antidepressant, miscellaneous antidepressant, cyclobenzaprine or Savella®, if medication is being used for fibromyalgia (this indication not processed via automated step therapy) AND If the request is for the oral solution, the patient is unable to use Lyrica capsules (eg. swallowing disorder).

GASTROINTESTINAL

INFLAMMATORY BOWEL DISEASE INJECTABLES (Initial approval is 3 months, renewals are 1 year)

Preferred After	Clinical	Criteria Are	Met

HUMIRA® (adalimumab)

Quantity limit = 6 syringes/28 days for the first month (Crohn's starter kit);2 syringes/28 days subsequently

REMICADE[®] (infliximab)

 $Cimzia^{ ext{(}}$ (certolizumab pegol)

Quantity limit = 1 kit/28 days

Entyvio® (vedolizumab)

Quantity limit = 300mgX 3/42 days, 300mg X 1 every 56 days thereafter

Simponi® (golimumab) SC

3 of 100mg prefilled syringe or autoinjector X 1, then 100mg/28days

Tysabri[®] (natalizumab)

NOTE: Crohn's Disease Self-Injectables (Humira and Cimzia) must be obtained and billed through our specialty pharmacy vendor, Briova. Please see the Humira and Cimzia Prior Authorization/Patient Enrollment Form for instructions. Briova may supply Remicade upon request or you may continue to obtain through your usual supplier. Briova will not be supplying Tysabri at this time – please continue to obtain through your usual supplier.

Clinical Criteria (Crohn's Disease)

Humira, Remicade, Cimzia, Tysabri, Entyvio:

- Patient has a diagnosis of Crohn's disease and has already been stabilized on the medication. OR
- Diagnosis is moderate to severe Crohn's disease and at least 2 of the following drug classes resulted in an adverse effect, allergic reaction, inadequate response, or treatment failure (i.e. resistant or intolerant to steroids or immunosuppressants): aminosalicylates, antibiotics, corticosteroids, and immunomodulators such as azathioprine, 6-mercaptopurine, or methotrexate. Note: Humira and Cimzia have been shown to be effective in patients who have been treated with infliximab but have lost response to therapy.

Cimzia additional criteria:

- Patient age > 18 years AND
- The prescriber must provide a clinically valid reason why Humira cannot be used.

Tysabri additional criteria:

 The patient has a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure, or contraindication to BOTH, Remicade and Humira.

Entyvio additional criteria:

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
		 Patient age > 18 years AND The patient has a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure (including corticosteroid dependence despite therapy), or contraindication to BOTH Remicade and Humira Clinical Criteria (Ulcerative Colitis) Humira, Remicade: Patient has a diagnosis of Ulcerative Colitis and has already been stabilized on the medication. OR The patient has a diagnosis of Ulcerative Colitis and has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with at least 2 of the following 3 agents: aminosalicylates (e.g. sulfasalazine, mesalamine, etc), corticosteroids, or immunomodulators (e.g. azathioprine, 6-mercaptopurine, cyclosporine, etc.). Entyvio, Simponi: Patient has a diagnosis of ulcerative colitis and has already been stabilized on the drug OR Age > 18 years AND a diagnosis of ulcerative colitis AND has demonstrated corticosteroid dependence or has had an inadequate response to or failed to tolerate oral aminosalicylates, oral corticosteroids, azathioprine, or 6-mercaptopurine AND the prescriber must provide a clinically valid reason why Humira and Remicade cannot be used.
H.PYLORI COMBINATION THERAPY		
	Helidac [®] (bismuth subsalicylate, metronidazole, tetracycline) (<i>Quantity limit=224 caps & tabs/14 days</i>) Lansoprazole, amoxicillin, clarithromycin (compare to Prevpac®) (<i>Quantity limit = 112 caps & tabs/14 days</i>)	CRITERIA FOR APPROVAL: The patient has a documented treatment failure with combinations of individual proton pump inhibitors or H2 antagonists given together with two appropriate antibiotics OR The patient has been unable to be compliant with individual agents prescribed separately. AND For approval of brand Prevpac®, the patient has a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent combination product.
	Omeclamox-Pak® (omeprazole, clarithromycin, amoxicillin) (Quantity limit = 80 caps & tabs/10 days) Prevpac® (lansoprazole, amoxicillin, clarithromycin) (Quantity limit = 112 caps & tabs/14 days) Pylera® (bismuth subcitrate, metronidazole, tetracycline) capsules	

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
	(Quantity limit=120 capsules/10 days)	
	(2)	
H-2 BLOCKERS		
FAMOTIDINE† (compare to Pepcid [®]) tablet RANITIDINE† (compare to Zantac [®]) tablet	Cimetidine† (compare to Tagamet®) tablet Pepcid®* (famotidine) tablet \$ ranitidine† capsule \$ Tagamet®* (cimetidine) tablet \$ Zantac®* (ranitidine) tablet \$	Nizatidine capsule, Pepcid tablet, ranitidine capsule, Tagamet tablet, Zantac tablets: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to at least one preferred medication. If a medication has an AB rated generic, the trial must be the generic formulation. For approval of ranitidine capsules, the patient must have had a trial of ranitidine tablets.
SYRUPS AND SPECIAL DOSAGE FORMS CIMETIDINE † ORAL SOLUTION RANITIDNE† syrup (compare to Zantac®)	famotidine† (compare to Pepcid [®]) oral suspension § Nizatidine †Oral Solution (compare to Axid [®]) Pepcid [®] (famotidine) Oral Suspension §	Famotidine Oral Suspension, Nizatidine Oral Solution, Pepcid Oral Suspension: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to ranitidine syrup or cimetidine oral solution. If a medication has an AB rated generic, there must have been a trial of the generic formulation. Cimetidine tablet current users as of 05/29/2015 would be grandfathered
INFLAMMATORY BOWEL AGENTS (ORAL &	RECTAL PRODUCTS)	
MESALAMINE PRODUCTS Oral APRISO® (mesalamine capsule extended-release) ASACOL® (mesalamine tablet delayed-release) DELZICOL® (mesalamine capsule delayed-release) $(QL = 6 \ capsules/day)$	Asacol HD [®] (mesalamine tablet delayed release)	 Azulfidine, Colazal: patient has had a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent of the requested medication. Asacol HD: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with two (2) preferred oral mesalamine products. Entocort EC/Uceris ER tab: The patient had a documented intolerance to the generic budesonide 24 hr capsules.
LIALDA [®] (mesalamine tablet extended-release) PENTASA ER 250mg [®] (mesalamine cap CR)	Pentasa ER 500mg [®] (mesalamine cap CR) Sfrowasa [®] (mesalamine enema sulfite free)	Giazo: The diagnosis is ulcerative colitis AND The patient is male and > 18 years old. AND The patient has a documented intolerance to generic balsalazide. Pentasa 500mg current users as of 8/7/2015 will be grandfathered
Rectal CANASA® (mesalamine suppository) MESALAMINE ENEMA† (compare to Rowasa®)	Entocort EC [®] * (budesonide 24 hr cap) $QL = 3 \ capsules/day$ Uceris (budesonide) ER Tablet $QL = 1 \ tablet/day$	Sfrowasa: The patient has had a documented intolerance to mesalamine enema. LIMITATIONS: Kits with non-drug products are not covered.
CORTICOSTEROIDS ORAL BUDESONIDE 24HR (compare to Entocort EC®) QL = 3 capsules/day RECTAL UCERIS RECTAL FOAM (budesonide)	Azulfidine $^{\mathbb{R}}$ * (sulfasalazine) Colazal $^{\mathbb{R}}$ * (balsalazide) Giazo $^{\mathbb{R}}$ (balsalazide disodium) tablet $QL = 6 \ tablets/day$	

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
(()	
OTHER BALSALAZIDE† (compare to Colazal®) DIPENTUM® (olsalazine) SULFAZINE SULFAZINE EC SULFASALAZINE† (compare to Azulfidine®) SULFASALAZINE DR		
PROKINETIC AGENTS		
Tablets	Reglan [®] * (metoclopramide)	Reglan: The patient has had a documented intolerance to generic metoclopramide
METOCLOPRAMIDE† tabs (compare to Reglan®)		tablets.
Oral Solution		
METOCLOPRAMIDE† (formerly Reglan®) oral sol		
Orally Disintegrating Tablets	Metozolv ODT [®] (metoclopramide) ($QL=4 tabs/day$)	Metozolv ODT: The patient has a medical necessity for a disintegrating tablet formulation (i.e. swallowing disorder, inability to take oral medications) AND Generic metoclopramide oral solution cannot be used
PROTON PUMP INHIBITORS		
ORAL CAPULES/TABLETS OMEPRAZOLE† RX capsules (compare to Prilosec®) (Quantity limit = 1 capsule/day) PANTOPRAZOLE† tablets (compare to Protonix®) (Quantity limit=1 tab/day)	Aciphex [®] (rabeprazole) tablets (<i>Quantity limit=1 tab/day</i>) Dexilant [®] (dexlansoprazole) capsules (<i>Quantity limit=1 cap/day</i>) Esomeprazole [®] Strontium capsules (<i>Quantity limit = 1 cap/day</i>) Nexium [®] (esomeprazole) capsules § (<i>Quantity limit=1 cap/day</i>).	Nexium powder for suspension, Prevacid Solutabs (for patients > 12 years old), Prilosec packet, and Protonix packet: The patient has a requirement for a non- solid oral dosage form (e.g. an oral liquid, dissolving tablet or sprinkle). Aciphex Sprinkle: The patient has a requirement for a non-solid oral dosage form AND The member has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to omeprazole capsule opened and sprinkled omeprazole or lansoprazole suspension or Prevacid solutab. Other non-preferred medications: The member has had a documented side effect,
LANSOPRAZOLE† generic RX capsules (compare to Prevacid®) § (Quantity limit = 1 cap/day)	omeprazole † generic OTC tablets (Quantity limit=1 tab/day) omeprazole magnesium† generic OTC 20 mg capsules § (Quantity limit=1 cap/day) omeprazole/sodium bicarb capsules RX (compare to Zegerid®) § (Quantity limit=1 cap/day) Prevacid® RX (lansoprazole) capsules (Quantity limit=1 cap/day) Prevacid® 24 hr OTC (lansoprazole) capsules (Quantity limit=1 cap/day) Prilosec OTC® 20mg (omeprazole magnesium) tablets (Quantity limit = 1 tablet/day) Prilosec®* RX (brand) (omeprazole) capsules (Quantity limit=1 cap/day) Protonix®* (pantoprazole) tablets (Quantity limit=1	allergy, or treatment failure to Omeprazole RX generic capsules, Lansoprazole RX generic capsules, and Pantoprazole generic tablets. If the request is for Prevacid 24 hr OTC or Prevacid RX, the patient must also have a documented intolerance to lansoprazole generic RX capsules. If the request is for brand Zegerid RX capsules, the patient must also have a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent. CRITERIA FOR APPROVAL (twice daily dosing): Gastroesophageal Reflux Disease (GERD) – If member has had an adequate trial (e.g. 8 weeks) of standard once daily dosing for GERD, twice daily dosing may be approved. Zollinger-Ellison (ZE) syndrome – Up to triple dose PPI may be approved. Hypersecretory conditions (endocrine adenomas or systemic mastocytosis) – Double dose PPI may be approved. Erosive Esophagitis, Esophageal stricture, Barrett's esophagitis (complicated)

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
SUSPENSION & SPECIAL DOSAGE FORMS	rabeprazole (compare to Aciphex [®]) tablets (<i>Quantity limit = 1 tab/day</i>) Zegerid RX [®] (omeprazole/sodium bicarb) caps, oral, suspension (<i>Quantity limit=1 cap/day</i>)hex [®] Sprinkle (rabeprazole) DR Capsule (<i>Quantity limit=1 cap/day</i>) Nexium [®] (esomeprazole) powder for suspension § (<i>Quantity limit=1 packet/day</i>) Prevacid Solutabs [®] (lansoprazole) (<i>Quantity limit=1 tab/day</i>) Prilosec [®] (omeprazole magnesium) packet (<i>Quantity limit=2 packets/day</i>) Protonix [®] (pantoprazole) packet (<i>Quantity limit=1 packet/day</i>)	GERD) – Double dose PPI may be approved. Treatment of ulcers caused by H. Pylori – Double dose PPI may be approved for up to 2 weeks. Laryngopharyngeal reflux – Double dose PPI may be approved. LIMITATIONS: First-Lansoprazole® and First-Omeprazole Suspension Kits ered as Federal Rebate no longer offered. Nexium 24HR OTC (esomeprazole) capsules OTC Plan Exclusion - these products are not covered
	GAUCHER'S DISEASE MEDI	ICATIONS
	Cerdelga (Quantity limit=2 caps/day) Cerezyme® (imiglucerase for injection) Elelyso® (taliglucerase alfa for injection)	CRITERIA FOR APPROVAL: The diagnosis or indication is Gaucher disease (GD) type I. AND The diagnosis has been confirmed by molecular or

Elelyso® (taliglucerase alfa for injection) Vpriv® (velaglucerase alfa for injection) Zavesca® (miglustat) ($QL = max \ 3 \ caps/daily$) **Maximum days supply per fill for all drugs is 14 days**

enzymatic testing.

Age Limits

Elelyso, Vpriv: for patients ≥ 4 years old **Cerezyme:** for patients ≥ 2 years old Cerdelga, Zavesca: for patients ≥ 18 years old

Cerdelga/Vpriv additional criteria: Failure, intolerance or other contraindication to enzyme replacement therapy with Elelyso

Cerdelga additional criteria:

- For whom enzyme replacement therapy is not a therapeutic option (e.g. due to allergy, hypersensitivity, or poor venous access)
- Testing to verify if CYP2D6 extensive metabolizer (EM), intermediate metabolizer (IM), poor metabolizer (PM), ultra-rapid metabolizer (URM), or if CYP2D6 genotype cannot be determined
 - O Dose max: 84mg twice/day if EM or IM
 - O Dose max: 84mg/day if PM
 - Not indicated or URM
 - o Case by case determination if CYP2D6 cannot be determined

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS		
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA	
		Zavesca additional criteria: • For whom enzyme replacement therapy is not a therapeutic option (e.g. due to allergy, hypersensitivity, or poor venous access)	
	GOUT AGENTS		
SINGLE INGREDIENT COLCHICINE MITIGARE® (colchicine) capsule QL= 2 capsule/day SINGLE INGREDIENT URICOSURIC AGENTS PROBENECID† XANTHINE OXIDASE INHIBITORS ALLOPURINOL† (compare to Zyloprim®) COMBINATION PRODUCTS COLCHICINE/PROBENECID† PEG-URICASE AGENTS	Colcrys [®] (colchicine) tablet QL = 3 tablets/day (gout) or 4 tablets/day (FMF) Colchicine tablets (compare to Colcrys [®]) Colchicine capsules Zyloprim [®] * (allopurinol) Uloric [®] (febuxostat) QL (40 mg tablets) = 1 tablet/day	Colcrys, colchicine tablets: Diagnosis or indication is Familial Mediterranean Fever (FMF) or Diagnosis OR Diagnosis or indication is acute treatment of gout flares: The patient has had a documented side effect or treatment failure with at least one drug from the NSAID class OR the patient is not a candidate for therapy with at least one drug form the NSAID class due to one of the following: The patient is 60 years of ager or older The patient has a history of GI bleed The patient is currently taking an anticoagulant (warfarin or heparin), an oral corticosteroid, or methotrexate. OR Diagnosis or indication is prophylaxis of gout flares in adults: the patient must have a documented intolerance to Mitigare capsules. Colchicine capsules: the diagnosis or indication is prophylaxis of gout flares in adults AND the patient must have a documented intolerance to Mitigare capsule. Uloric: The diagnosis or indication is treatment of gout AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure or a contraindication to allopurinol. NOTE: Treatment failure is defined as inability to reduce serum uric acid levels to < 6 mg/dl with allopurinol doses of 600 mg/day taken consistently. Additionally, renal impairment is not considered a contraindication to allopurinol use. Zyloprim: The patient has had a documented intolerance to generic allopurinol	
GROWTH STIMULATING AGENTS			
***Must be obtained through Specialty Pharmacy		gents Prior Authorization/Enrollment Form for instructions.)	
GENOTROPIN® NORDITROPIN®	Humatrope [®] Nutropin AQ Omnitrope Saizen Tev-Tropin® Zomacton® Specialized Indications – See Specific Criteria Increlex® (mecasermin)	Criteria for Approval Pediatric: 1) The patient must have one of the following indications for growth hormone: □ Turner syndrome confirmed by genetic testing. □ Prader-Willi Syndrome confirmed by genetic testing. □ Growth deficiency due to chronic renal failure. □ Patient who is Small for Gestational Age (SGA) due to Intrauterine Growth Retardation (IUGR)and catch up growth not achieved by age 2 (Birth weight less than 2500g at gestational age of <37 weeks or a birth weight or length below the 3rd percentile for gestational age).	

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
	Serostim® Zorbtive®	OR □ Pediatric Growth Hormone Deficiency confirmed by results of two provocative growth hormone stimulation tests (insulin, arginine, levodopa, propranolol, clonidine, or glucagon) showing results (peak level) < 10ng/ml. 2) The requested medication must be prescribed by a pediatric endocrinologist (or pediatric nephrologist if prescribed for growth deficiency due to chronic renal failure). 3) Confirmation of non-closure of epiphyseal plates (x-ray determining bone age) must be provided for females > age 12 and males > age 14. 4) Initial requests can be approved for 6 months. Subsequent requests can be approved for up to 1 year with documentation of positive response to treatment with growth hormone. Criteria for Approval Adult: The patient must have one of the following indications for growth hormone: Panhypopituitarism due to surgical or radiological eradication of the pituitary. OR Adult Growth Hormone Deficiency confirmed by one growth hormone stimulation test (insulin, arginine, levodopa, propranolol, clonidine, or glucagon) showing results (peak level) <5ng/ml. Growth hormone deficient children must be retested after completion of growth. LIMITATIONS: Coverage of Growth Hormone products will not be approved for patients who have Idiopathic Short Stature. HUMATROPE, NUTROPIN AQ, OMNITROPE, SAIZEN, TEV-TROPIN, ZOMACTON: The patient has a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to both preferred agents. Incretex: Member has growth hormone gene deletion AND neutralizing antibodies to growth hormone, OR primary insulin-like growth factor (IGF-1) deficiency (IGFD), defined by the following: 0 Height standard deviation score < -3 AND Basal IGF-1 standard deviation score < -3 AND Normal or elevated growth hormone level Member is ≥ 2 years old (safety and efficacy has not been established in patients younger than 2), AND Member has open epiphysis, AND Member is under the care of an endocrinologist or other specialist trained to diagnose and treat growth disorders. Serostim: A diagnosis of AIDS a
	HEMOPHILIA	FACTORS
AHF-Factor VII	HEMOI HILIA	
Must be obtained through Specialty Pharma	acy Provider, Briova	
NOVOSEVEN® VIAL		
AHF-Factor VIII		

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS		
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA	
Must be obtained through Specialty Pharmac	cy Provider, Briova		
ADVATE® VIAL	Adynovate® Vial	All Non-Preferred Products: The prescriber must provide a clinically compelling	
HELIXATE FS® VIAL	Eloctate® Vial	reason for the use of the requested medication including reasons why any of the	
HEMOFIL® M VIAL	Nuwiq [®] Vial	preferred products would not be suitable alternatives.	
KOGENATE FS® VIAL	Kovaltry® Vial		
MONOCLATE-P® KIT			
NOVOEIGHT® VIAL			
OBIZUR® VIAL			
RECOMBINATE® VIAL			
XYNTHA® SYRINGE, VIAL			
AHF-Factor IX			
Must be obtained through Specialty Pharmac	cy Provider, Briova		
ALPHANINE® SD VIAL	Alprolix® Vial	All Non-Preferred Products: The prescriber must provide a clinically compelling	
BEBULIN® VIAL	Idelvion® Vial	reason for the use of the requested medication including reasons why any of the	
BENEFIX® KIT	Ixinity® Vial	preferred products would not be a suitable alternative	
MONONINE® KIT	Kcentra® Vial		
	Profilnine® Vial		
	Rixubis® Vial		
AHF-Von Willebrand Factor			
Must be obtained through Specialty Pharmacy Provider, Briova			
ALPHANATE® VIAL			
HUMATE-P® VIAL			
KOATE®-DVI KIT			
WILATE® KIT			

HEPATITIS C AGENTS

Must be obtained through Specialty Pharmacy Provider, Briova Initial PA: 3 months; subsequent maximum 3 months

RIBASPHERE† 200 mg tabs	Non-Preferred After Clinical Criteria Are Met	Direct Acting Agents: Daklinza, Epclusa, Harvoni, Olysio, Sovaldi, Technivie
RIBAVIRINn† 200 mg tablets **Preferred After Clinical Criteria Are Met** EPCLUSA® (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir) HARVONI® (ledipasvir/sofosbuvir)	Copegus® (ribavirin 200 mg tabs) Daklinza® (daclatasvir) Moderiba® tablets,Dose Pak (ribavirin) Olysio® (simeprevir) 150 mg Capsules (QL = 1capsule/day)(Maximum 12 weeks/lifetime)	 and Viekira pak, Zepatier: Hep C PA form must be completed and clinical documentation supplied. Combination therapy will be either approved or denied in its entirety. Member must have Metavir fibrosis score of 3 or 4. Prescriber must be a hepatologist, gastroenterologist or infectious disease specialist
TECHNIVIE® (ombitasvir, paritaprevir, ritonavir) PEG-INTRON/PEG-INTRON REDIPEN (peginterferon alfa-2b) (QL= 1 kit(4 pens per) 28 days) PEG-INTRON REDIPEN PAK 4 (peginterferon alfa-	Pegasys® (peginterferon alfa-2a)(QL=4 vials/28 days) Pegasys Convenience PAK®(peg-interferon alfa-2a)(QL=1 kit/28 days) Pegasys Proclick (peginterferon alfa-2a)	 See PA form for detailed requirements and for documentation required For approval of a non-preferred agent, the provider must submit clinical documentation detailing why the patient is not a candidadate for a preferred driect acting agent regimen. Pegasys: Diagnosis is hepatitis C AND the patient has a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure to Peg-Intron

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
2b) (QL= I kit(4 pens per) 28 days)	Rebetol Oral Solution® (ribavirin 40 mg/ml) Ribapak Dose Pack® (ribavirin) ribavirin † 200 mg capsules Ribasphere† 400 and 600 mg tabs(ribavirin) SOVALDI® (sofosbuvir) Viekira PAK® (ombitasvir, paritaprevir, ritonavir tablet with dasabuvir tablet) Zepatier® (elbasvir/grazoprevir)	Non-preferred Ribavirin Brands/strengths:_The patient is unable to use generic ribavirin 200 mg tablets
	HEREDITARY ANGIOEDEMA N	MEDICATIONS
Preferred After Clinical Criteria Are Met KALBITOR® (ecallantide) (QL = 6 vials (2 packs) per fill	Berinert [®] (human C1 inhibitor) Cinryze [®] (human C1 inhibitor) (QL = 16 vials/28 days for prophylaxis; 4 vials per fill for acute attacks) Firazyr [®] (icatibant) Prefilled Subcutaneous Syringe (QL = 3 syringes (9 ml)/fill) Ruconest® (recombinant C1 esterase inhibitor) (QL = 4 vials/fill)	Berinert: The diagnosis or indication is treatment of an acute Hereditary Angioedema (HAE) attack. (Approval may be granted so that 2 doses may be kept on hand). Cinryze: The diagnosis or indication is prophylaxis of Hereditary Angioedema (HAE) attacks. AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure or a contraindication to androgen therapy (i.e. danazol). OR The medication is to be used for the treatment of an acute Hereditary Angioedema (HAE) attack. Firazyr: The diagnosis or indication is treatment of an acute Hereditary Angioedema (HAE) attack. Kalbitor: The diagnosis or indication is treatment of an acute Hereditary Angioedema (HAE) attack. (Approval may be granted so that 2 doses may be kept on hand). Ruconest: The diagnosis or indication is treatment of an acute Hereditary Angioedema (HAE) attack AND the patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure or a contraindication to Berinert® or Cinryze® (Approval may be granted so that 2 doses may be kept on hand)
	IDIOPATHIC PULMONARY FI	
	Esbriet [®] (pirfenidone) ($QL = 270 \ tabs/month$) Ofev [®] (nintedanib) ($QL = 60 \ tabs/month$)	 Clinical Criteria: Esbriet, Ofev Age ≥ 18 Diagnosis of idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis (IPF-ICD-9 Code 516.31 or ICD-10 code J84.112) as well as exclusion of other known causes of Interstitial Lung Disease. May not be used in combination with Ofev® or Esbriet® respectively. The prescriber is a pulmonologist. Clinical documentation that the member is a non-smoker or has not smoked in 6 weeks.

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
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		o FVC≥ 50% of predicted
		AND one of the following
		High-resolution computed tomography (HRCT) revealing IPF or
		probable IPF.
		 Surgical lung biopsy consistent with IPF or probable IPF.
		Reauthorization Criteria:
		 Documentation the patient is receiving clinical benefit to Esbrit[®] or Ofev[®]
		therapy as evidenced by < 10% decline in percent predicted FVC of <
		200mL decrease in FVC AND
		o There is clinical documentation that the member has remained tobacco-
		free.
	IMMUNOLOGIC THERAPIES	FOR ASTHMA
(Initial 3 months, Renewal 1 year)		
	Xolair® (omalizumab) subcutaneous injection vial	Xolair®:
	Quantity $limit = 6$ vials every 28 days	Diagnosis of moderate to severe persistent asthma:
	Nucala® (mepolizumab) subcutaneous injection	 The patient must be 6 years of age or older AND
	Quantity limit = 1 vial every 28 days	 The patient has had a therapeutic failure or contraindication to an inhaled
	Cinqair® (reslizumab) Intravenous injection	corticosteroid (with or without chronic oral corticosteroid therapy), a
		leukotriene receptor antagonist, and a long-acting beta-agonist AND
		The prescriber is a pulmonologist, allergist, or immunologist AND
		Patient has tested positive to at least one perennial aerollergen by skin or Patient has tested positive to at least one perennial aerollergen by skin or Patient has tested positive to at least one perennial aerollergen by skin or
		blood test (i.e.: RAST, CAP, intracutaneous test) AND
		• Patient has a IgE level ≥ 30 and ≤ 700 IU/ml (ages 12 and older) OR IgE level ≥ 30 and ≤ 1300 IU/ml (ages 6-11) prior to beginning therapy with
		Xolair.
		Diagnosis of chronic idiopathic urticaria:
		• The patient must be 12 years of age or older AND
		 The patient has a therapeutic failure or contraindication to an H1
		antihistamine (e.g. cetirizine, fexofenadine) at double the daily dose AND
		The patient has therapeutic failure or contraindication to a leukotriene
		receptor antagonist.
		Limitations: Xolair use will not be approved if requested for prevention of peanut
		related allergic reaction or in patients with a diagnosis of moderate to severe
		persistent asthma who are currently smoking.
		Nucala, <mark>Cinqair</mark> :
		• The patient must be 12 years of age or older for Nucala or 18 years of age
		or older for Cinqair AND
		The patient must have a diagnosis of severe persistent asthma with an

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
		eosinophilic phenotype as defined by pre-treatment blood eosinophil course of ≥ 150 cells per mcL within the previous 6 weeks or ≥ 300 cells per mc within 12 months prior to initiation of therapy AND • The patient has a history of 2 or more exacerbations in the previous year despite regular use of high dose inhaled corticosteroids (ICS) AND inadequate symptom control when given in combination with another controller medication (long-acting beta agonist {LABA} or leukotriene receptor antagonist {LTRA}) for a minimum of 3 consecutive months, with or without oral corticosteroids. Pharmacy claims will be evaluated assess compliance with therapy. AND • The patient has a pre-treatment FEV₁ < 80% predicted AND • The prescriber is an allergist, immunologist, or pulmonologist. AND For continuation of therapy after the initial 3 month authorization, the patient must continue to receive therapy with both an ICS and a controller medication (LABA or LTRA) AND have either a decreased frequency of exacerbations OR decreased use of maintenance oral corticosteroids OR reduction in the sig and symptoms of asthma OR an increase in predicted FEV₁ from baseline. Limitations: Nucala® and Cinqair® will not be considered in patients who are currently smoking, in combination with omalizumab, OR for treatment of other eosinophilic conditions.
	INTERLEUKIN (IL)-1 RECEPTO	OR BLOCKERS
Preferred After Clinical Criteria Are Met ILARIS® (canakinumab) (QL = 1 vial/56 days)(CAPS diagnosis) (QL = 2 vials/28 days)(sJIA diagnosis	Arcalyst $^{\textcircled{\textbf{@}}}$ (rilonacept) (QL = 2 vials for loading dose, then 1 vial per week)	Ilaris: The diagnosis is Cryopyrin-Associated Periodic Syndrome (CAPS) OR The diagnosis is Familial Cold Autoinflammatory Syndrome (FCAS) OR The diagnosis or indication for the requested medication is Muckle-Wells Syndrome (MWS) AND The patient is > 4 years old OR The diagnosis is systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis (sJIA) with active systemic features and varying degrees of synovitis with continued disease activity after initial therapy (Initial therapy defined as 1 month of anakinra (Kineret), 2 weeks of glucocorticoid monotherapy (oral or IV) or one month of NSAIDs). AND patient is > 2 years of age. Arcalyst: The diagnosis is Cryopyrin-Associated Periodic Syndrome (CAPS) OR The diagnosis is Familial Cold Autoinflammatory Syndrome (FCAS) OR The diagnosis is Muckle-Wells Syndrome (MWS) AND The patient is > 12 years of AND The patient must have a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure.

or a contraindication to Ilaris (canakinumab)

Note: Medical Records to support the above diagnosis must accompany the Prior Authorization request. Authorization for continued use shall be reviewed at least

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted) EXJADE® (deferasirox) FERRIPROX® (deferiprone)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required) IRON CHELATING AGI Jadenu®(deferasirox)	every 12 months to confirm patient has experienced disease stability or improvement while on therapy. ENTS Jandenu®: patient has had a documented side effect allergy or treatment failure to Exjade®; Jadenu® will not be approved without compelling clinical reason why
	LIPOTROPICS	Exjade stands will not be approved without competing crimical reason why Exjade cannot be used as they are different forms of the same medication
BILE ACID SEQUESTRANTS		
CHOLESTYRAMINE† powder (compare to Questran®) CHOLESTYRAMINE LIGHT† powder (compare to Questran Light®) PREVALITE† powder (cholestyramine light) COLESTIPOL† tablets, granules (compare to Colestid®)	Questran e powder (cholestyramine) Questran Light powder (cholestyramine light) Colestid tablets, granules (colestipol) Welchol (colesevelam)	 Questran: The patient has had a documented intolerance to cholestyramine powder Questran Light: The patient has had a documented intolerance to cholestyramine light powder Colestid: The patient has had a documented intolerance to colestipol tablets or granules Welchol: If being prescribed for lipid reduction, the patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to cholestyramine and colestipol. OR If being prescribed for lipid reduction, the patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to cholestyramine and colestipol.
FIBRIC ACID DERIVATIVES		
GEMFIBROZIL† (compare to Lopid [®]) 600 mg On statin concurrently or after gemfibrozil trial FENOFIBRATE NANOCRYSTALIZED† (compare to Tricor [®]) 48 mg, 145 mg Quantity Limit = 1 capsule/day FENOFIBRIC ACID (compare to Trilipix [®]) 45 mg, 135 mg delayed release capsule Quantity Limit = 1 capsule/day	Antara [®] (fenofibrate micronized) 43 mg, 30 mg, 90 mg, 130 mg fenofibrate tablets†(compare to Lofibra [®] tablets) § 54 mg, 160 mg fenofibrate capsule† (compare to (Lipofen [®]) § 50 mg, 150 mg fenofibrate micronized capsule†(compare to Lofibra [®] capsules) 67 mg, 134 mg, 200 mg fenofibrate micronized† (compare to Antara [®]) § 43 mg, 130 mg fenofibric acid § 35 mg, 105 mg Quantity Limit = 1 capsule/day Fenoglide [®] (fenofibrate MeltDose) 40 mg, 120 mg	 Lopid: The patient has had a documented intolerance to generic gemfibrozil. Fenofibrate nanocrystallized, Fenofibric acid (45mg,135mg): The patient has been started and stabilized on the medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR The patient is taking a statin concurrently. OR The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to gemfibrozil. Antara, fenofibrate, fenofribrate micronized, fenofibric acid (35mg, 105mg), Fenoglide, Fibricor, Lipofen, Lofibra, Tricor, Triglide, and Trilipix: The patient is taking a statin concurrently and has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with preferred fenofibrate nanocrystallized or fenofibric acid stregths. (If a product has an AB rated generic, there must have been a trial with the generic formulation.) OR The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to gemfibrozil and preferred fenofibrate nanocrystallized or fenofibric acid strengths. (If a product has an AB rated

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
(No 1 A required unless otherwise noted)	(1 A required)	TACKITEMA
	Fibricor [®] (fenofibric acid) § 35 mg, 105 mg Quantity Limit = 1 capsule/day Lipofen [®] (fenofibrate) 50 mg, 150 mg Lofibra [®] (fenofibrate micronized) Capsules 67mg, 134 mg, 200 mg Lofibra [®] (fenofibrate) Tablets 54 mg, 160 mg Lopid [®] * (gemfibrozil) 600 mg Tricor [®] (fenofibrate nanocrystallized) § 48 mg, 145 mg Quantity Limit = 1 tablet/day Triglide [®] (fenofibrate) 50 mg, 160 mg Trilipix (fenofibric acid) §45 mg, 135 mg delayed release capsule	generic, there must have been a trial with the generic formulation.) Note regarding fibrates: For patients receiving statin therapy, fenofibrate appears less likely to increase statin levels and thus may represent a safer choice than gemfibrozil for co-administration in this group of patients - Am J Med 2004;116:408-
HOMOZYGOUS FAMILIAL HYPERCHOLESTE	EROLEMA (HoFH) AGENTS	
All products require a PA	Juxtapid [®] (lomitapide) Capsule QL = 5 and 10 mg caps (1 per day), 20 mg cap (3 per day) Kynamro® (mipomersen) Syringe for Subcutaneous Injection QL = 4 syringes(4 ml)/28 days Maximum days' supply per fill for all drugs is 28 days	CRITERIA FOR APPROVAL: Patient has a diagnosis of homozygous familial hypercholesterolemia (HoFH) AND Medication will be used as adjunct to a low-fat diet and other lipid-lowering treatments AND Patient does not have any of the following contraindications to therapy: • Pregnancy (Juxtapid) • Concomitant use with strong or moderate CYP3A4 inhibitors (Juxtapid) • Moderate or severe hepatic impairment or active liver disease including unexplained persistent abnormal liver function tests (Juxtapid, Kynamro) AND Patient has tried and had an inadequate response, intolerance or contraindication to BOTH atorvastatin and Crestor AND □ After preliminary review by the Clinical Call Center, the request will be forwarded to the DVHA Medical Director for final approval. Note: Re-approval requires confirmation that the patient has responded to therapy (i.e. decreased LDL levels) AND the patient does not have any contraindications to therapy.
NICOTINIC ACID DERIVATIVES		
IMMEDIATE RELEASE PRODUCTS		
NIACIN†		CRITERIA FOR APPROVAL: The patient has a documented intolerance to the
NIACOR®† (niacin)		branded product.
EXTENDED RELEASE PRODUCTS NIASPAN® (niacin extended release)	Niacin extended release† (compare to Niaspan®)	
HIGH INTENSITY STATINS		
	Lipitor ^{®*} (atorvastatin) 40 or 80 mg	

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
((
ATORVASTATIN† 40 or 80 mg (compare to Lipitor) (QL = 1 tablet/day) CRESTOR 20 or 40 mg (rosuvastatin calcium) (QL = 1 tablet/day) MODERATE INTENSITY STATINS	(QL = 1 tablet/day)	Lipitor 40 or 80 mg: The patient has had a documented intolerance to generic atorvastatin.
ATORVASTATIN† 10 or 20 mg (compare to		
Lipitor®) ($QL = 1 \text{ tablet/day}$) CRESTOR® 5 or 10 mg (rosuvastatin calcium) ($QL = 1 \text{ tablet/day}$) LOVASTATIN† 40 mg (compare to Mevacor®) ($QL = 1 \text{ tablet/day}$) PRAVASTATIN† 40 or 80 mg (compare to Pravachol®)) ($QL = 1 \text{ tablet/day}$ SIMVASTATIN† 20 or 40 mg (compare to Zocor®) ($QL = 1 \text{ tablet/day}$	Altoprev [®] 40 or 60 mg (lovastatin SR) (QL = 1 tablet/day) fluvastatin† 40 mg (compare to Lescol [®]) (QL = 2 tabs/day) Lescol [®] 40 mg (fluvastatin) (QL = 2 tabs/day) Lescol [®] XL 80 mg (fluvastatin XL) (QL = 1 tablet/day) Lipitor [®] (atorvastatin) 10 or 20 mg (QL = 1 tablet/day) Livalo [®] 2 or 4 mg (pitavastatin) (QL = 1 tablet/day) Mevacor [®] 40 mg (lovastatin) (QL = 1 tab/day) Pravachol [®] 40 or 80 mg (pravastatin)(QL = 1 tab/day) Zocor [®] (simvastatin) 20 or 40 mg (QL = 1 tablet/day)	 Lipitor 10 or 20 mg: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or contraindication to generic simvastatin OR The patient has had an inadequate response to a six week trial of simvastatin 40 mg/day AND If the request is for Lipitor, the patient has had a documented intolerance to generic atorvastatin. Altoprev 40 or 60 mg, fluvastatin 40 mg BID, Lescol 40 mg BID, Lescol XL, Livalo 2 or 4 mg: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or contraindication to all 3 of generic lovastatin, pravastatin and simvastatin. OR The patient has had inadequate responses to six week trial of each of lovastatin 40 mg/day, pravastatin 80mg/day, simvastatin 40 mg/day and Crestor 10 mg/day. AND If the request is for Lescol, the patient has had a documented intolerance to generic fluvastatin. Mevacor 40 mg, Pravachol 40 or 80 mg, Zocor 20 or 40 mg: The patient has had documented intolerance to the generic equivalent LIMITATIONS: Simvastatin 80 mg: initiation of simvastatin 80 mg or titration to 80 mg is not recommended by the FDA due to the increased risk of myopathy, including rhabdomyolysis. Patients may only continue on this dose when new to Medicaid if the patient has been taking this dose for 12 or more months without evidence of muscle toxicity. If the request is for Zocor 80 mg, the patient must have met the prior treatment length requirement and have a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent
LOW INTENSITY STATINS		
LOVASTATIN† 10 or 20 mg (compare to Mevacor [®]) $(QL = 1 \ tablet/day)$ PRAVASTATIN† 10 or 20 mg (compare to Pravachol [®])) $(QL = 1 \ tablet/day)$ SIMVASTATIN† 5 or 10 mg (compare to Zocor [®]) $(QL = 1 \ tablet/day)$	Altoprev® 20 mg (lovastatin SR) $(QL = 1 \ tablet/day)$ fluvastatin† 20 or 40 mg (compare to Lescol®) $(QL = 1 \ tab/day \ (20mg) \ or 2 \ tabs/day \ (40 \ mg))$ Lescol® 20 or 40 mg(fluvastatin) $(QL = 1 \ tab/day \ (20mg) \ or 2 \ tabs/day \ (40 \ mg))$ Livalo® 1 mg (pitavastatin) $(QL = 1 \ tablet/day)$ Mevacor®* 10 or 20 mg (lovastatin)) $(QL = 1 \ tablet/day)$ Pravachol®* 20 mg (pravastatin) $(QL = 1 \ tab/day)$	Altoprev 20 mg, fluvastatin 20 or 40 mg, Lescol 20 or 40 mg, Livalo 1 mg: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or contraindication to all 3 of generic lovastatin, pravastatin and simvastatin. OR The patient has had inadequate responses to six week trial of each of lovastatin 20 mg/day, pravastatin 20 mg/day and simvastatin 10 mg/day. AND If the request is for Lescol, the patient has had a documented intolerance to generic fluvastatin. Mevacor 10 or 20 mg, Pravachol 20 mg, Zocor 5 or 10 mg: The patient has had documented intolerance to the generic equivalent.
	$Zocor^{\textcircled{\$}}$ * (simvastatin) 5 or 10 mg ($QL = 1 \text{ tablet/day}$)	
MISCELLANEOUS/COMBOS		

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
SIMCOR [®] (simvastatin/extended release niacin) (Qty Limit = 1 tablet/day) Zetia® (ezetimibe) (Qty Limit = 1 tablet/day)	Miscellaneous Lovaza® (omega-3-acid ethyl esters) Omega-3-acid ethyl esters† (compare to Lovaza®) Vascepa® (icosapent ethyl) (QL = 4 capsules/day) Cholesterol Absorption Inhibitors/Combinations Liptruzet® (ezetimibe/atorvastatin) (QL = 1 tablet/day) Vytorin® (ezetimibe/simvastatin) (QL = 1 tablet/day) Other Statin Combinations Advicor® (lovastatin/extended release niacin) (Qty Limit = 1 tablet/day) Amlodipine/atorvastatin † (compare to Caduet®) (Qty Limit = 1 tablet/day) Caduet® (atorvastatin/amlodipine) (Qty Limit = 1 tablet/day)	 Lovaza, Vascepa, Omega-3-acid ethyl esters: The patient has been started and stabilized on this medication (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR The patient has triglyceride levels > 500 mg/dL AND The patient has a documented contraindication, side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to a fibric acid derivative and niacin. AND If the request is for brand Lovaza, the patient has a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent. Amlodipine/atorvastatin, Caduet: The prescriber must provide a clinically valid reason for the use of the requested medication. For approval of Caduet, the patient must have also had a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent. For combinations containing 40mg or 80 mg atorvastatin, the individual generic components are available without PA and should be prescribed. Advicor: The patient is unable to take the individual drug components separately. Liptruzet, Vytorin: The patient has had an inadequate response to atorvastatin or Crestor. AND If the request is for Vytorin 10/80, the patient has been taking this dose for 12 or more months without evidence of muscle toxicity.
PCSK9 INHIBITORS		
	Praluent [®] (alirocumab) Repatha [®] (evolocumab)	 Age > 18 years of age or > 13 and dx of homozygous familial hypercholesterolemia (HoFH) Concurrent use with statin therapy Documented adherence to prescribed lipid lowering medications for the previous 90 days Recommended or prescribed by a lipidologist or cardiologist Diagnosis of heterozygous familial hypercholesterolemia or clinical atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease or (Repatha only) homozygous familial hypercholesterolemia

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
		atorvastatin or rosuvastatin is required. Additional criteria for the diagnosis of clinical atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease: (both are required) History of MI, angina, coronary or other arterial revascularization, stroke, TIA, or PVD of atherosclerotic origin AND Unable to reach goal LDL-C with maximally tolerated doses of stain + ezetimibe 10 mg daily A trial of 2 or more statins, at least one of which must be either atorvastatin or rosuvastatin is required. Additional criteria for the diagnosis of homozygous familial hypercholesterolemia (Repatha only): (both are required) Total cholesterol and LDL-C > 600 mg/dL and TG within reference range OR Confirmation of diagnosis by gene testing AND Unable to reach goal LDL-C with maximally tolerated dose of statin and ezetimibe 10 mg daily + another concurrently administered lipid lowering agent A trial of 2 or more statins, at least one of which must be either atorvastatin or rosuvastatin is required.
	MISCELLANEOUS	
Pyridostigmine bromide (Compare to Mestinon) PREFERRED AFTER CLINICAL CRITERIA ARE MET CARBAGLU® dispersible tablets (carglumic acid) (Maximum days supply per fill = 14 days)	Mestinon® Benlysta® (belimumab) Vials (Maximum days supply per fill = 28 days) Elaprase® (idursulfase) (QL = calculated dose/week) Cuvposa® oral solution (glycopyrrolate)* Maximum days supply per fill is 30 days	Benylsta: The diagnosis or indication is active systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE) AND The patient is positive for autoantibodies (anti-nuclear antibody (ANA) and/or anti-double-stranded DNA (anti-dsDNA). AND The patient has had a documented inadequate response or intolerance to at least TWO of the following agents: NSAIDs, hydroxychloroquine, prednisone, azathioprine, methotrexate, mycophenolate. Note: The efficacy of Benlysta® has not been evaluated in patients with severe active lupus nephritis or severe active central nervous system lupus. Benlysta has
GLYCOPYRROLATE 1 mg, 2 mg tablets (compare to Robinul [®] , Robinul Forte [®]) **Preferred After Clinical Criteria Are Met** MAKENA [®] (hydroxyprogesterone caproate) injection 250 mg/ml 5 ml vials Maximum fill = 5 ml/fill (35 day supply)	Glycate [®] 1.5 mg tablet (glycopyrrolate) Quantity limit = 5 tablets/day Robinul [®] 1 mg tablet (glycopyrrolate) Robinul [®] Forte 2 mg tablet (glycopyrrolate) Hetlioz [®] (tasimelteon) 20 mg oral capsule Quantity limit = 1 capsule/day * Maximum days supply per fill is 30 days*	not been studied in combination with other biologics or intravenous cyclophosphamide. Use of Benlysta is not recommended in these situations. Carbaglu: The diagnosis or indication for the requested medication is hyperammonemia due to N-acetylglutamate synthetase (NAGS) deficiency AND The prescriber is a specialist in metabolic disorders (e.g., medical geneticist) or prescriber is in consultation with a specialist. Note: after preliminary review by the Clinical Call Center, the request will be forwarded to the DVHA Medical Director for final approval. Elaprase (Hunter's Syndrome Injectable): The diagnosis or indication for the

(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
Kionex® (sodium polystyrene sulfonate) powder, suspension SPS® (sodium polystyrene sulfonate) suspension	Korlym® tablets (mifepristone) Quantity limit = 4 tablets/day Otrexup® or Rasuvo® Single-dose auto-injector for subcutaneous use (methotrexate) (Quantity Limit = 4 syringes/28 days) Myalept® (metreleptin) vial for subcutaneous injection QL = one vial/day (Maximum days' supply per fill = 30 days) Nuedexta® capsules (dextromethorphan/quinidine) Quantity limit = 2 capsules/day Samsca® tablets (tolvaptan) Quantity limit = 15 mg tablets (1 tablet/day), 30 mg tablets (2 tablets/day) Signifor® (pasireotide) Ampules QL (all strengths) = 2 ml (2 amps)/day Maximum days' supply = 30 days Solesta® submucosal injection gel 50 mg/15 ml (Quantity Limit = 4 syringes/28 days) Soliris® (eculizumab) (Quantity Limit = 12 vials(360 ml) /28 days) Maximum days' supply per fill = 28 days Somatuline® Depot Injection (lanreotide) (Quantity Limit = 0.2 ml/28 days (60 mg syringe), 0.3 ml/28 days (90 mg syringe) and 0.5 ml/28 days (120 mg syringe)) Lysteda® tablets (tranexamic acid† (compare to Lysteda®) Quantity limit = 30 tablets/28 days Xenazine® tablets (tetrabenazine) (Maximum 1 month supply per fill Quantity limit = 50 mg/day at initial approval (12.5 mg tablets ONLY), up to100 mg/day at subsequent approvals (12.5 mg or 25 mg tablets) Veltassa® (patiromer sorbitex calcium) powder packets (QL = 1 packet/day)	requested medication is Hunter's Syndrome Cuvposa: The diagnosis or indication for the requested medication is Sialorrhea or a neurologic condition associated with excessive drooling (e.g. cerebral palsy, mental retardation, Parkinson's disease). AND The dose cannot be obtained from the tablet formulation. AND (For patients >18 years of age) The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure, or a contraindication to scopolamine patches. Glycate: The indication for use is adjunctive therapy in the treatment of peptic ulcer AND The patient has had a documented intolerance to generic glycopyrrolate. Robinul, Robinul Forte: The patient has had a documented intolerance to generic glycopyrrolate. Hetlioz: Patient has documentation of Non-24-Hour Sleep-Wake Disorder (Non-24) AND Patient has documentation of total blindness AND Patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with Rozerem and at least one OTC melatonin product. Korlym: Patient is ≥18 years of age AND Patient has a diagnosis of endogenous Cushing's syndrome AND Patient has happerglycemia secondary to hypercortisolism AND Patient has failed or is not a candidate for surgery AND Patient has a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure or contraindication to at least 2 adrenolytic medications (eg. ketoconazole, etomidate) AND Patient does not have any of the following contraindications to Korlym: Pregnancy (pregnancy must be excluded before the initiation of therapy or if treatment is interrupted for >14 days in females of reproductive potential. Nonhormonal contraceptives should be used during and one month after stopping treatment in all women of reproductive potential) OR Patient requires concomitant treatment with systemic corticosteroids for serious medical conditions/illnesses (immunosuppression for organ transplant) OR Patient has a history of unexplained vaginal bleeding OR Patient has endometrial hyperplasia with atypic or endometrial carcinoma OR Patient is concomitantly taking simvastatin

NON-PREFERRED AGENTS

PREFERRED AGENTS

(through 36 weeks, 6 days) of gestation or delivery, whichever occurs first. Otresup, Rastore: The patient has a diagnosis of rheumatoid arthritis (RA), polyarticular juvenite idiopathic autituits (pIA) or postraiss. AND The patient has been intolerant to oral methortexate AND The patient has been intolerant to oral methortexate AND The patient has been intolerant to oral methortexate AND The patient has been intolerant to oral methortexate and descripty. Myslept: Patient has a diagnosis of congenital or acquired generalized (ipodystrophy AND Patient has a diagnosis of footogenital or acquired generalized (ipodystrophy AND Patient has a diagnosis of congenital or acquired generalized (ipodystrophy AND Patient has one or more of the following metabolic abnormalities AND is refractory to current standards of care for lipid and diabetic management: Insulin resistance (defined as requiring > 200 units per day). Hypertriglycredienia. Diabetes AND Prescription is written by or in consultation with an endormologist AND The prescriber is registered in the MYALEPT REMS program. Note: after preliminary review by the Clinical Call Center, the request will be forwarded to the DVHA Medical Director for final approval. Reauthorization for consultation with an endormologist of the Company Statistical reduction in the problem At (FIRA) level from baseline OR * Sustained reduction in triglyceride (TG) levels from baseline OR * Sustained reduction in triglyceride (TG) levels from baseline OR * Sustained reduction in triglyceride (TG) levels from baseline OR * Sustained reduction in triglyceride (TG) levels from baseline OR * Sustained reduction in triglyceride (TG) levels from baseline OR * Sustained reduction in triglyceride (TG) levels from baseline OR * Sustained reduction in triglyceride (TG) levels from baseline OR * Sustained reduction in triglyceride (TG) levels from baseline OR * Sustained reduction in triglyceride (TG) levels from baseline OR * Sustained reduction in triglyceride (TG) levels from baseline OR * Susta	PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(through 36 weeks, 6 days) of gestation or delivery, whichever occurs first. Otresup, Rasuvo: The patient has a diagnosis of rheumatoid arthritis (RA), polyarticular juvenile diopathic arthritis (pIA) or psoriasis. AND The patient has been intolerant to oral methorexate AND The patient has been intolerant to oral methorexate AND The patient has been intolerant to oral methorexate (includes difficulty) with manual descriptly. Myalept: Patient has a diagnosis of congenital or acquired generalized lipodystrophy AND Survivant has one or more of the following metabolic ahnormalities. AND is refractory to current standards of care for lipid and diabetic management: Insulin resistance (defined as requiring > 200 units per day). Hypertriglyceridemia, Diabetes AND Prescription is written by or in consultation with an endocrinologist AND The prescriber is registered in the MYALEPT REMS program. Note: after preliminary review by the Clinical Call Center, the request will be forwarded to the DVHA Medical Director for final approval. Reauthorization for continued use criteria; Patient has experienced an objective response to therapy. Sustained reduction in hemoglobin Ale (IlbAIc) level from baseline Naedenia. The patient must have a diagnosis of peudobulbar affect (PBA) secondary to a netarepatic dose with a ricyclic antidopressant (TCA) or an SSRI AND the patient has had a trial and therapy failure at a herapeutic dose with a ricyclic antidopressant (TCA) or an SSRI AND the patient has been domained and the patient has a social patient patie			DA CDITEDIA
Otrecup, Rasuvo: The patient has a diagnosis of rheumatoid arthritis (RA), polyarticular juvenile idiopathic arthritis (pIIA) or psoriasis. AND The patient has been infolerant to oral methotrexate (AND The patient has been unable to be compliant with a non-auto-injector form of injectable methotrexate (includes difficulty with munual dexterity). Myalept: Patient has a diagnosis of congenital or acquired generalized lipodystrophy AND Patient has one or more of the following metabolic ahnormalities AND is refractory to current standards of care for lipid and diabetic management: Insulin resistance (defined as requiring) > 200 mits per duy), Hyperingly-ceridemia, Diabetes AND Prescription is written by or in consultation with an endocrinologist AND The prescription is written by or in consultation with an endocrinologist AND The prescription is given the Chinical Caller Center, the request will be forwarded to the DVHA Medical Director for final approval. Resultabrization for continued use criteria: Patient has experienced an objective respons to therapy * Sustained reduction in hemoglobin A1c (HbA1c) level from baseline OR * Sustained reduction in ritigevieride (TG) levels from baseline OR * Sustained reduction in hemoglobin A1c (HbA1c) level from haseline OR * Sustained reduction in the gratent has separed from the subject of the sustain that the appropriate of the patient has the act attal and therapy failure at a therapeutic dose with a tricyclic antidepressant (TCA) or an SSRI AND the patient has documentation of a current EKG (within the past 3 months) without Of prolongation AND mit alambrizations will be approved for 6 months with a baseline Center for Neurologic Studies Lability Scale (CNS-LS) questionnaire AND subsequent prior authorizations will be considered at 6 month intervals with documented efficacy as seen in an improvement in the CNS-LS questionnaire. The subsequent prior authorizations will be considered at 6 month intervals with documented of the treatment of euvolemic or hypervolemic hyponat	(NO FA required unless otherwise noted)	(FA required)	FA CRITERIA
			(through 36 weeks, 6 days) of gestation or delivery, whichever occurs first. Otrexup, Rasuvo: The patient has a diagnosis of rheumatoid arthritis (RA), polyarticular juvenile idiopathic arthritis (pJIA) or psoriasis. AND The patient has been intolerant to oral methotrexate AND The patient has been unable to be compliant with a non-auto-injector form of injectable methotrexate (includes difficulty with manual dexterity). Myalept: Patient has a diagnosis of congenital or acquired generalized lipodystrophy AND Patient has one or more of the following metabolic abnormalities AND is refractory to current standards of care for lipid and diabetic management: Insulin resistance (defined as requiring > 200 units per day), Hypertriglyceridemia, Diabetes AND Prescription is written by or in consultation with an endocrinologist AND The prescriber is registered in the MYALEPT REMS program. Note: after preliminary review by the Clinical Call Center, the request will be forwarded to the DVHA Medical Director for final approval. Reauthorization for continued use criteria: Patient has experienced an objective response to therapy * Sustained reduction in hemoglobin A1c (HbA1c) level from baseline OR * Sustained reduction in triglyceride (TG) levels from baseline Nuedexta: The patient must have a diagnosis of pseudobulbar affect (PBA) secondary to a neurological condition AND the patient has had a trial and therapy failure at a therapeutic dose with a tricyclic antidepressant (TCA) or an SSRI AND the patient has documentation of a current EKG (within the past 3 months) without QT prolongation AND initial authorizations will be approved for 6 months with a baseline Center for Neurologic Studies Lability Scale (CNS-LS) questionnaire AND subsequent prior authorizations will be considered at 6 month intervals with documented efficacy as seen in an improvement in the CNS-LS questionnaire Samsca: The agent is being used for the treatment of euvolemic or hypervolemic hyponatremia AND Despite optimal fluid restriction, the patient's
cortisol levels and/or improvement in signs or symptoms of the disease). Solesta: The diagnosis or indication is treatment of fecal incontinence. AND The patient is 18 years of age or older AND The patient has had an inadequate			Solesta: The diagnosis or indication is treatment of fecal incontinence. AND The

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
		response with conservative therapy, including diet, fiber supplementation, and anti-diarrheal medication Soliris: The patient has a diagnosis of paroxysmal nocturnal hemoglobinuria (PNH) documented by flow cytometry. AND The patient has received the meningococcal vaccine at least 2 weeks prior to therapy initiation. OR The patient has a diagnosis of atypical hemolytic uremic syndrome (aHUS). AND The patient has received the meningococcal vaccine at least 2 weeks prior to therapy initiation. Authorization for continued use shall be reviewed to confirm that the patient has experienced an objective response to the therapy. Somatuline: The diagnosis or indication for the requested medication is Acromegaly. Lysteda, Tranexamic acid: The diagnosis or indication is clinically significant heavy menstrual bleeding AND The patient has been started and stabilized on oral tranexamic acid within the previous 360 days OR The patient does not have a contraindication to therapy with oral tranexamic acid (i.e., active thrombotic disease, history of thrombosis/thromboembolism, or an intrinsic risk of thrombosis/thromboembolism), and if oral tranexamic acid is to be used concomitantly with an estrogen containing hormonal contraceptive product, the risks of combination therapy have been discussed with the patient. AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, contraindication, or an inadequate response with at least one oral contraceptive or progestin containing product despite an adequate trial of at least 90 days, or a rationale for why these products cannot be used (e.g. actively attempting to conceive). AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, contraindication, or an inadequate response with at least one regularly scheduled (not PRN) NSAID or a rationale for why these products cannot be used (e.g. actively attempting to conceive). AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, contraindication is Huntington's disease with chorea. AND Age > 18 years. Veltassa: The patient requires
	1400D CM 1 DW 100	
	MOOD STABILIZE	KS
LITHIUM CARBONATE† (formerly Eskalith®) LITHIUM CARBONATE SR† (compare to	Equetro [®] (carbamazepine SR) Lithobid [®] * (lithium carbonate SR)	 Lithobid: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with the generic equivalent of the requested medication. Equetro: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with a carbamazepine product from the anticonvulsant therapeutic drug category

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
Lithobid [®] , formerly Eskalith CR [®]) LITHIUM CITRATE SYRUP†		
MUCOSAL COATING AGENTS		
ALUMINUM HYDROXIDE†(formerly Amphojel®) EPISIL® (wound barrier) GELCLAIR® (povidone sodium hyaluronate	MuGard [®] (mucoadhesive oral wound rinse) $(QL = 4 bottles/month)$	MuGard: Patient is receiving radiation and/or chemotherapy. AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with at least one oral mucosal coating agent (e.g. aluminum hydroxide suspension, Mylanta) or a topical anesthetic (e.g. viscous lidocaine or diphenhydramine solutions) or combinations of similar agents.

Additional criteria for viscous lidocaine:

• Due to a FDA safety alert, viscous lidocaine will require prior

authorization for children ≤3 years of age.

glycyrrhetinic acid gel)

MYLANTA/DIPHENYDRAMINE/LIDOCAINE

VISCOUS (aka "Magic Mouthwash")

Or other similar single or combination products

MULTIPLE SCLEROSIS MEDICATIONS				
Self-injectables (Avonex [®] , Betaseron [®] , Copaxone [®] , Extavia [®] Glatopa [®] , Plegridy [®] , & Rebif [®]) & Aubagio [®] , Gilenya [®] & Tecfidera [®] must be obtained through Specialty Pharmacy Provider, Briova				
INJECTABLES Interferons AVONEX® (interferon B -1a) BETASERON® (interferon B -1b) REBIF® (interferon B -1a) Other COPAXONE® 20 mg (glatiramer acetate) ($QL = 1$ $kit/30 \ days$)	Extavia [®] (interferon beta-1b) Copaxone [®] 40 mg (glatiramer)(<i>QL</i> = 12 syringes(12 ml)/28 days) Plegridy [®] (peginterferon beta-1a) Tysabri [®] (natalizumab) Glatopa® 20mg (glatiramer acetate) (QL=1 carton (30 syringes/30 days)	 Ampyra: Patient has a diagnosis of multiple sclerosis. AND Patient age > 18 years. Copaxone 40 mg Syringe: Patient has a diagnosis of multiple sclerosis. AND The patient has a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure, or contraindication to at least one preferred drug (not Copaxone 20 mg). AND The patient is unable to tolerate or be compliant with Copaxone 20 mg daily dosing. Extavia: Patient has a diagnosis of multiple sclerosis. AND The provider provides a clinical reason why Betaseron cannot be prescribed. Glatopa 20mg: Patient is ≥ 18 years AND diagnosis of relapsing forms of Multiple Sclerosis AND the provider provides a clinical reason why Copaxone 20mg cannot be prescribed. Plegridy: Patient is ≥ 18 years. Diagnosis of relapsing form of Multiple Sclerosis. Documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure or contraindication to at least three preferred drugs including at least one preferred form of interferon. Tysabri: Patient has a diagnosis of relapsing multiple sclerosis and has already 		
ORAL AUBAGIO® (teriflunamide) tablet (QL = 1 tablet/day, maximum 28 day supply per fill)		been stabilized on Tysabri OR Diagnosis is relapsing multiple sclerosis and the patient has a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure, or contraindication to at least two preferred drugs. OR Diagnosis of relapsing		

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
TECFIDERA [®] (dimethyl fumarate) (QL = 2 capsules/day, maximum 30 day supply per fill) GILENYA [®] (fingolimod) capsule (QL = 1 capsule/day, maximum 30 day supply per fill)		multiple sclerosis and the patient has a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure, or contraindication to one preferred drug and has tested negative for anti-JCV antibodies.
Preferred After Clinical Criteria Are Met AMPYRA® (dalfampridine) tablet (QL = 2 tablets/day, maximum 30 day supply per fill)		

MUSCLE RELAXANTS, SKELETAL

Musculoskeletal Agents

Single Agent

CHLORZOXAZONE† 500 mg tablets

(compare to Parafon Forte DSC[®])

 $(Ouantity\ limit = 4\ tablets/day)$

CYCLOBENZAPRINE†5 mg, 10 mg tablets (compare to Flexeril®)

(Quantity limit = 6 tablets/day (5 mg), 3 tablets/day (10 mg)

METHOCARBAMOL† 500mg, 750 mg tablets

(compare to Robaxin®)

($Ouantity\ limit = 8\ tablets/day$)

ORPHENADRINE CITRATE ER† (previously

Norflex[®]) 100 mg tablet

($Ouantity\ limit = 2\ tablets/day$)

Combination Product

ASA = aspirin

Amrix^(R)(cyclobenzaprine sustained-release) 15 mg. 30 mg capsule

(Quantity limit = 1 capsule/day)

carisoprodol 250 mg tablets

($Quantity\ limit = 4\ tablets/day$)

Lorzone[®] (chlorzoxazone) 375 mg, 750 mg tablets

 $(Quantity\ limit = 4\ tablets/day)$

Robaxin[®]* (methocarbamol) 500mg, 750 mg tablets

 $(Quantity\ limit = 4\ tablets/day)$

(Quantity limit = 4 tablets/day)

carisoprodol, ASA† (previously Soma Compound®)

(Quantity limit = 4 tablets/day)

Compound with Codeine®)

(Quantity limit = 4 tablets/day)

carisoprodol†350 mg (compare to Soma®) tablets ($Quantity\ limit = 4\ tablets/day$) cyclobenzaprine 7.5 mg† tab (compare to Fexmid®) (Quantity limit = 3 tablets/day)

Fexmid[®] (cyclobenzaprine) 7.5 mg tablet ($Ouantity\ limit = 3\ tablets/day$)

metaxalone† (compare to Skelaxin®) 800 mg tablets

(Quantity limit = 4 tablets/day)
Parafon Forte DSC^{\otimes} * (chlorzoxazone) 500 mg tablets

($Quantity\ limit = 4\ tablets/day$)

(Quantity limit = 8 tablets/day)

Skelaxin® (metaxalone) 800 mg tablets

Soma[®] (carisoprodol) 250 mg, 350 mg tablets

carisoprodol, ASA, codeine† (previously Soma

Maximum duration of therapy all musculoskeletal

Amrix, cyclobenzaprine 7.5 mg, Fexmid: The prescriber must provide a clinically valid reason why a preferred generic cyclobenzaprine cannot be used. For approval of Fexmid, the patient must also have a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent.

Brand skeletal muscle relaxants with generics available (Flexeril, Parafon Forte **DSC**, Robaxin): The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with two different preferred musculoskeletal agents (One trial must be the AB rated generic).

carisoprodol, carisoprodol/ASA, carisoprodol/ASA/codeine, Soma, metaxolone, **Skelaxin:** The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with two different preferred musculoskeletal agents. Additionally, if a brand name product is requested where an AB rated generic exists, the patient must also have had a documented intolerance to the generic product.

Lorzone: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with two different preferred musculoskeletal agents.

Dantrium. Zanaflex tablets: The patient must have a documented intolerance with the AB rated generic product.

Tizanadine capsules, Zanaflex capsules: The prescriber must provide a clinically valid reason why generic tizanidine tablets cannot be used. AND If the request is for Zanaflex capsules, the patient must have a documented intolerance to generic tizanadine capsules

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
agents = 90 days	Dantrium [®] * (dantrolene)	
Antispasticity Agents BACLOFEN† (formerly Lioresal®) DANTROLENE† (compare to Dantrium®) TIZANIDINE† (compare to Zanaflex®) tablets	tizanidine† (compare to Zanaflex [®]) capsules Zanaflex [®] (tizanidine) capsules Zanaflex [®] * (tizanidine) tablets	
	NEUROGENIC ORTHOSTATIC H	IYPOTENSION
FLUDROCORTISONE† MIDODRINE†	Northera®	 Quantity Limits: Initial 2 weeks approval Continued therapy approvals based on documentation of continued benefit clinically and as evidenced by positional blood pressure readings Clinical Criteria: diagnosis of neurogenic orthostatic hypotension caused by primary autonomic failure (Parkinson's disease, multiple system atrophy, or pure autonomic failure), dopamine beta-hydroxylase deficiency, or non-diabetic autonomic neuropathy, AND the presentation of symptoms including dizziness, lightheadedness, and the feeling of "blacking out" AND Failure of multiple non-pharmacologic measures as appropriate(e.g. removal of offending medications, compression stockings, increased fluid and salt intake) AND Failure, intolerance or contra-indication to fludrocortisone AND midodrine
NUTRITIONALS, LIQUID ORAL SUPPLEMENTS		
	ALL Note: Nutritional supplements administered via tube feeds may be provided through the Medical Benefit	 EleCare, EleCare Jr: The patient is an infant or child who needs an amino acid-based medical food or who cannot tolerate intact or hydrolyzed protein. AND The product is being requested for the dietary management of protein maldigestion, malabsorption, severe food allergies, short-bowel syndrome, eosinophilic GI disorders, GI-tract impairment, or other conditions for which an amino acid-based diet is required. All Others: Requested nutritional supplement will be administered via tube

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS		
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA	
		feeding. OR Patient has one of the following conditions where feeding is difficult or malabsorption or maldigestion occurs: AIDS, Cancer, Celiac Disease, Cerebral Palsy, Chronic Diarrhea, Cognitive Impairment, Cystic Fibrosis, Dementia (includes Alzheimer's), Developmental Delays, Difficulty with chewing/swallowing food, Inflammatory Bowel Disease, Parkinson's, Short Gut. OR Patient has experienced unplanned weight loss or is extremely low weight (see further definitions below) OR Patient has demonstrated nutritional deficiency identified by low serum protein levels (albumin or pre-albumin levels to be provided) (albumin <3.5 g/dL /pre-albumin <15 mg/dL) Unplanned Weight Loss/Low Weight Table: Adult: □ Involuntary loss of > 10 % of body weight within 6 months □ Involuntary loss of > 5% of body weight within 1 month □ Loss of > 2% of body weight within one week □ BMI of <18.5 kg/m2 Elderly: (>65): □ Involuntary loss of > 10 % of body weight within 6 months □ Involuntary loss of > 5 % of body weight within 3 months □ Loss of > 2 % of body weight within one month □ BMI of <18.5 kg/m2 Children: □ < 80 % of expected weight-for-height □ < 90 % of expected height-for-age □ Mid-upper arm circumference/head circumference ratio < 0.25 Limitations: Infant formulas are not covered under the pharmacy benefit. Please contact WIC.	
	ONCOLOGY: ORAL (se	lect)	
ALL – see Oncology: Oral order form for details of medication that must be obtained through Briova, DVHA's specialty pharmacy provider			
	OPHTHALMICS CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY OF THE		
ANTIBIOTICS			
QUINOLONES BESIVANCE® (besifloxacin) suspension CILOXAN® (ciprofloxacin) ointment CIPROFLOXACIN HCL† (compare to Ciloxan®) solution MOXEZA® (moxifloxacin 0.5%) (preservative free) solution OCUFLOX®*(ofloxacin) solution	gatifloxacin 0.5% solution (compare to Zymaxid [®]) levofloxacin [†] 0.5% solution Ofloxacin [†] (compare to Ocuflox [®]) solution Zymaxid [®] (gatifloxacin 0.5%) solution Azasite [®] (azithromycin) solution	 Aminoglycosides: Single and Combination Agents: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with TWO preferred ophthalmic aminoglycosides or aminoglycoside combination, one of wich must be Tobradex Macrolides: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with erythromycin Miscellaneous: Single and Combination Agents: The patient has had a 	

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
(110 FA required unless otherwise noted)	(FA required)	TA CRITERIA
VIGAMOX [®] (moxifloxacin 0.5%) (preservative free) solution	All other brands	documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with at least TWO preferred ophthalmic antibiotics. (If a product has an AB rated generic, there must have also been a trial of the generic formulation) Quinolones: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment
	Tobramycin w/Dexamethasone† (compare to	failure with TWO preferred ophthalmic quinolones.
MACROLIDES	Tobradex ® suspension Tobradex ST® (tobramycin/dexamethasone) suspension	
ERYTHROMYCIN† ointment	Pred-G [®] S.O.P. (gentamicin/prednisolone) ointment	
ILOTYCIN† (erythromycin) ointment	Tree Committee Predimental Committee	
AMINOGLYCOSIDES		
Single Agent	Bacitracin ointment	
	Bleph-10 [®] * (sulfacetamide) solution Sulfacetamide sodium (compare to Bleph-10 [®])	
AK-TOB [†] (tobramycin) solution GARAMYCIN [®] (gentamicin) ointment, solution GENTAK [†] (gentamicin) ointment, solution	solution (compare to Biepn-10*)	
GENTAK¹ (gentamicin) ointment, solution GENTAMICIN [†] ointment, solution	Sulfacetamide sodium ointment	
TOBRAMYCIN † solution (compare to Tobrex [®])		
TOBREX® ointment, solution (tobramycin)	Blephamide [®] (sulfacetamide/prednisolone acetate)	
Combination	suspension Blephamide® S.O.P. (sulfacetamide/prednisolone	
	Blephamide S.O.P. (sulfacetamide/prednisolone acetate) ointment	
PRED-G [®] (gentamicin/prednisolone) ointment,	acetate) ointment Maxitrol®* (neomycin/polymyxin/dexamethasone)	
suspension TOBRADEX®* (tobramycin/dexamethasone)	suspension, ointment Neomycin/Polymyxin w/Hydrocortisone ointment,	
suspension, ointment	suspension	
ZYLET® (tobramycin/loteprednol) suspension		
MISCELLANEOUS	Polytrim [®] * (polymyxin B/trimethoprim) soln	
Single Agent All products require PA		
Combination BACITRACIN ZINC W/POLYMYXIN B [†] ointment		
NEOMYCIN/BACITRACIN/POLYMYXIN		
ointment		
NEOMYCIN/POLYMYXIN, W/DEXAMETHASONE [†] (compare to		
Maxitrol [®]) ointment, suspension		
NEOMYCIN/POLYMYXIN W/GRAMICIDIN [†] solution (compare to		

NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
(Triequited)	
Azelastine † (compare to Optivar®) (QL = 1 bottle/month) Bepreve® (bepotastine besilate) (QL = 1 bottle/month) Elestat® (epinastine) (Quantity Limit = 1 bottle/month) Epinastine† (compare to Elestat®) (QL = 1 bottle/month) Emadine® (emedastine) (Quantity Limit = 2 bottles/month) Lastacaft® (alcaftadine) (QL = 1 bottle/month) Olopatadine 0.1% (compare to Patanol®) (non-authorized generic forms) Pataday® § (olopatadine 0.2%) (Quantity Limit = 1 bottle/month) Patanol®§ (olopatadine 0.1%) (Quantity Limit = 1 bottle/month)	Azelastine, Bepreve, Elestat, Epinastine, Olopatadine (non-authorized generics) Patanol, Pataday: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to Olopatadine authorized generic or Pazeo. For approved of Elestat the patient must also have had a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent. Lastacaft, Emadine: The patient is pregnant and the diagnosis is allergic conjunctivitis OR The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to ketotifen. AND The patient has had a documented sideeffect, allergy, or treatment failure to Pazeo.
Dexamethasone sodium phosphate 0.1% solution FML Forte [®] (fluorometholone) 0.25% suspension FML Liquifilm [®] (fluorometholone) 0.1% suspension Lotemax (loteprednol) 0.5% ointment (pres. free), gel Pred Forte [®] /Omnipred [®] (prednisolone acetate) 1% suspension All other brands	Non-preferred agents: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with TWO preferred ophthalmic corticosteroid. (If a product has an AB rated generic, there must have been a trial of the generic formulation)
	bottle/month) Bepreve® (bepotastine besilate) (QL = 1 bottle/month) Elestat® (epinastine) (Quantity Limit = 1 bottle/month) Epinastine† (compare to Elestat®) (QL = 1 bottle/month) Emadine® (emedastine) (Quantity Limit = 2 bottles/month) Lastacaft® (alcaftadine) (QL = 1 bottle/month) Olopatadine 0.1% (compare to Patanol®) (non-authorized generic forms) Pataday® § (olopatadine 0.2%) (Quantity Limit = 1 bottle/month) Patanol®§ (olopatadine 0.1%) (Quantity Limit = 1 bottle/month) Dexamethasone sodium phosphate 0.1% solution FML Forte® (fluorometholone) 0.25% suspension Lotemax® (loteprednol) 0.5% ointment (pres. free), gel Pred Forte®/Omnipred® (prednisolone acetate) 1% suspension

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
E=emulsion, G=gel,O=ointment, S=suspension, Sol=solution		
CYSTARAN		
	Cystaran® (cysteamine) 0.44% ophthalmic solution (QL=4 bottles (60 ml)/ 28 days) Maximum days' supply/RX = 28 days	Cystaran: The indication for use is corneal cystine accumulation in patients with cystinosis.
DRY EYE SYNDROME		
Generic OTC Ocular Lubricants ARTIFICIAL TEARS† Ointment ARTIFICIAL TEARS† Solution REFRESH TEARS† Solution TEARS NATURALE† Solution LUBRIFRESH P.M.† Ointment And all other generics	Restasis [®] (cyclosporine ophthalmic emulsion) 0.05% (<i>QL</i> =60 vials per 30 days).	CRITERIA FOR APPROVAL: The patient has a diagnosis of moderate to severe keratoconjunctivitis sicca (dry eye syndrome) or Sjogren syndrome with suppressed tear production due to ocular inflammation AND The member does not have any of the following contraindications or exclusions to therapy: A) An active ocular infection B) Concurrent topical anti-inflammatory drugs C) Concurrent punctal plug use AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to two ocular lubricants (e.g., artificial tears, lubricant gels, etc.). Limitations: OTC branded ocular lubricants are not covered (as part of DVHA's comprehensive OTC policy). There is no PA opportunity for branded OTC ocular lubricants.
GLAUCOMA AGENTS/MIOTICS		
ALPHA-2 ADRENERGIC Single Agent ALPHAGAN P® 0.1 %, 0.15 % (brimonidine tartrate) BRIMONIDINE TARTRATE† 0.2 % (formerly Alphagan®)	apraclonidine† (compare to Iopidine [®]) brimonidine tartrate 0.15 % † (compare to Alphagan P [®]) Iopidine [®] (apraclonidine)	ALPHA 2 ADRENERGIC AGENTS: Single Agent: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with at least one preferred ophthalmic alpha 2 adrenergic agent. If the request is for brimonidine tartrate 0.15%, the patient must have a documented intolerance of brand name Alphagan P 0.15%.
Combination COMBIGAN® (brimonidine tartrate/timolol maleate) SIMBRINZA® (brinzolamide 1% and brimonidine 0.2%) Suspension	Betagan [®] * (levobunolol) Betimol [®] (timolol) Betoptic S [®] (betaxolol suspension) Istalol [®] * (timolol)	BETA BLOCKERS: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with at least one preferred ophthalmic beta blocker. PROSTAGLANDIN INHIBITORS Lumigan, Bimatoprost: The patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with generic latanoprost and Travatan Z.
BETA BLOCKER		treatment faiture with generic fatanoprost and Travatan Z.
BETAXOLOL HCL† (formerly Betoptic®)	Metipranolol (formerly Optipranolol®)	Travoprost: The patient has had a documented intolerance to Travatan Z.
CARTEOLOL HCL† (formerly Ocupress [®])	Timoptic®* (timolol maleate) Timoptic XE®* (timolol maleate gel)	Zioptan: The patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR
LEVOBUNOLOL HCL† (compare to Betagan [®]) TIMOLOL MALEATE† (compare to Timoptic [®])	Timolol maleate gel (compare to Timotic XE [®])	The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with generic latanoprost and Travatan Z. OR The patient has a sensitivity to
Third 202 in the Fitte (compare to rimopale)		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
PROSTAGLANDIN INHIBITORS LATANOPROST† (compare to Xalatan®) TRAVATAN Z® (travoprost) (BAK free) CARBONIC ANHYDRASE INHIBITOR	Bimatoprost 0.3% (Lumigan®) Lumigan® 0.01 %/0.03 % (bimatoprost) Travoprost® (Xalatan®* (latanoprost) Zioptan® (tafluprost) Azopt® (brinzolamide 1%) Trusopt®* (dorzolamide 2 %)	preservatives used in ophthalmic preparations Xalatan: The patient has a documented intolerance to the generic product. AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with Travatan Z. CARBONIC ANHYDRASE INHIBITORS Single Agent: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with a preferred carbonic anhydrase inhibitor. Combination Product: Cosopt: The patient has had a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent product.
Single Agent DORZOLAMIDE 2 % (compare to Trusopt®) Combination DORZOLAMIDE w/TIMOLOL (compare to Cosopt®)	Cosopt ^{®*} (dorzolamide w/timolol) Cosopt PF [®] (dorzolamide w/timolol) (pres-free) Simbrinza [®] (brinzolamide 1% and brimonidine 0.2%) Susp	Cosopt PF: The patient has had a documented intolerance to the preservatives in the generic combination product.
MISCELLANEOUS ISOPTO® CARPINE (pilocarpine) PILOCARPINE HCL† PHOSPHOLINE IODIDE® (echothiophate)	Miochol-E [®] (acetylcholine)	Miscellaneous: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with a preferred miscellaneous ophthalmic agent. If a product has an AB rated generic, there must have also been a trial of the generic formulation)
MAST CELL STABILIZERS		
CROMOLYN SODIUM† (formerly Crolom [®])	Alocril [®] (nedocromil sodium) Alomide [®] (lodoxamide)	Criteria for Approval: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with generic cromolyn sodium
NON-STEROIDAL ANTI-INFLAMMATORY DR	UGS (NSAIDs)	
ACULAR® (ketorolac 0.5% ophthalmic solution) FLURBIPROFEN † 0.03% ophthalmic solution ILEVRO® ophthalmic suspension (nepafenac 0.3%) KETOROLAC† 0.4 % ophthalmic solution (compare to Acular LS®)	Acular LS [®] (ketorolac 0.4% ophthalmic solution) Acuvail (ketorolac 0.45 %) Ophthalmic Solution (Quantity Limit = 30 unit dose packets/15 days) Bromday [®] ophthalmic solution (bromfenac 0.09%) Bromfenac† 0.09 % ophthalmic solution (formerly Bromday [®]) (once daily)	 Acuvail: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to Acular OR ketorolac 0.5% OR The patient has a documented hypersensitivity to the preservative benzalkonium chloride. Acular LS, Bromday, Bromfenac, Diclofenac, Ocufen, Prolensa,: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to TWO preferred agents. In addition, if a product has an AB rated generic, there must have also

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted) KETOROLAC† 0.5 % ophthalmic solution (compare to Acular®)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required) Diclofenac† 0.1% ophthalmic solution (Voltaren®) Nevanac® ophthalmic suspension (nepafenac 0.1%)	PA CRITERIA been a trial of the generic formulation.
	Ocufen [®] * ophthalmic solution (flurbiprofen 0.03%) Prolensa [®] ophthalmic solution (bromfenac 0.07%)	
	OTIC ANTI-INFECTIV	VES
Anti-infective Single Agent All products require PA	Ciprofloxacin† 0.2% (compare to Cetraxal [®]) otic solution (<i>Qty limit</i> = 14 unit dose packages/ 7 days)	All non-preferred products: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to two preferred products, one of which must be neomycin/polymixin B/hydrocortisone solution.
Anti-infective/Corticosteroid Combination CIPRODEX® (ciprofloxacin 0.3%/dexamethasone 0.1%) otic suspension CIPRO-HC® (ciprofloxacin 0.2%/hydrocortisone 1%) otic suspension NEOMYCIN/POLYMYXIN B SULFATE/HYDROCORTISONE† SOLUTION	Otiprio (ciprofloxacin 6%) otic suspension Ofloxacin† 0.3% Otic solution (formerly Floxin®) Coly-Mycin S®/Cortisporin TC® (neomycin/colistin/thonzium/hydrocortisone) Neomycin/Polymixin B Sulfate/Hydrocortisone Suspension	
Miscellaneous Agents ACETIC ACID† Otic solution ACETIC ACID-ALUMINUM ACETATE† Otic solution	Acetasol HC† (acetic acid 2%/hydrocortisone 1% otic solution) Acetic Acid/Hydrocortisone† Otic Solution	
	OVER THE COUNTER (OTC) M	EDICATIONS
Please refer to the DVHA website for covered OTC process for non-covered OTCs.	categories not already managed on the PDL. Many ca	ntegories limited to generics ONLY and other categories not covered. No PA
PANCREATIC ENZYME PRODUCTS		
CREON [®] DR Capsule ZENPEP [®] DR Capsule	Pancreaze [®] DR Capsule Pertzye [®] DR Capsule Viokace [®] DR Capsule	Pancreaze, Pertzye, Viokace: The patient has been started and stabilized on the requested product. OR The patient has had treatment failure or documented intolerance with both Creon and Zenpep.

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
(NO PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PACRITERIA
	PARATHYROID AGE	NTS
CALCITRIOL (compare to Rocaltrol®) DOXERCALCIFEROL (compare to Hectoral®) ERGOCALCIFEROL (compare to Drisdol®) PARICALCITOL (compare to Zemplar®) SENSIPAR® (cinacalcet)	Drisdol® (ergocalciferol) Hectoral® (doxercalciferol) Natpara® (parathyroid hormone) (max dosage = 2 cartridges per 28 days) Rocaltrol® (calcitriol) Zemplar® (paricalcitol)	 Non-preferred agents (except Natpara): The patient must have a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to two preferred agents. If a product hat an AB rated generic, one trial must be the generic formulation. Natpara clinical criteria Natpara: diagnosis of hypocalcemia secondary to hypoparathyroidism (b NOT acute post-surgical hypoparathyroidism within 6 months of surgery) AND Natpara PA form must be completed and clinical and lab documentation supplied AND Must be prescribed by an endocrinologist AND Must be documented by ALL of the following: History of hypoparathyroidism >18 months AND Biochemical evidence of hypocalcemia AND Concomitant serum intact parathyroid hormone (PTH) concentrations below the lower limit of the normal laboratory reference range on 2 test dates at least 21 days apart within the past 12 months AND No history of the following: omutation in CaSR gene OR opseudohypoparathyroidism OR a condition with an increased risk of osteosarcoma AND Hypocalcemia is not corrected by calcium supplements and preferred active forms of vitamin D alone AND Patients must be taking vitamin D metabolite/analog therapy with calcitriol ≥0.25 μg per day OR equivalent AND Must be taking supplemental oral calcium treatment ≥ 1000 mg per day over and above normal dietary calcium intake AND Serum calcium must be ≥ 7.5 mg/dl prior to starting Natpara AND Serum thyroid function tests and serum magnesium levels must be within normal limits AND Documentation of creatinine clearance > 30 mL/min on two separate measurements OR creatinine clearance > 60 mL/min AND serum creatinine < 1.5 mg/dL
	PARKINSON'S MEDICA	TIONS
DOPAMINE PRECURSOR	Rytary® (carbidopa/levodopa ER caps)	Sinemet, Sinemet CR, Mirapex, Parlodel, Requip: The patient has had a
CARBIDOPA/LEVODOPA† (compare to Sinemet®) CARBIDOPA/LEVODOPA† ER (compare to	Sinemet [®] * (carbidopa/levodopa) Sinemet CR [®] *(carbidopa/levodopa ER)	documented intolerance to the generic product. Rytary: The patient has a diagnosis of Parkinson's disease, port appropriate parkinsonism or parkinsonism following intovication from earths.

Sinemet[®] CR)

CARBIDOPA/LEVODOPA† ODT

post-encephalitic parkinsonism, or parkinsonism following intoxication from carbon monoxide or manganese AND the prescriber is a neurologist AND the patient is

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
DOPAMINE AGONISTS (ORAL) BROMOCRIPTINE† (compare to Parlodel®) PRAMIPEXOLE† (compare to Mirapex®) ROPINIROLE† (compare to Requip®)	Mirapex ^{®*} (pramipexole) Mirapex ER [®] (pramipexole ER) QL = 1 tab/day Requip ^{®*} (ropinirole) Requip XL [®] (ropinirole XL) QL = 1 tab/day (all strengths except 12 mg), QL = 2 tabs/day (12 mg) ropinirole XL† (compare to Requip XL [®]) QL = 1 tab/day (all strengths except 12 mg), QL = 2 tabs/day (12 mg) Tasmar [®] (tolcapone) Tolcapone (compare to Tasmar [®])	having breakthrough symptoms despite a combination of concurrent IR and E formulations of carbidopa/levodopa Amantadine tablets: The patient has had a documented intolerance to generic amantadine capsules. Azilect: The diagnosis or indication is Parkinson's disease. AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with selegiline. AN The dose requested does not exceed 1 mg/day carbidopa/levodopa/entacapone: The patient has had a documented intolerance brand Stalevo. Mirapex ER, Requip XL, ropinirole XL: The diagnosis or indication is Parkinson's disease. Requests will not be approved for Restless Leg Syndrom (RLS) AND The patient has had an inadequate response (i.e. wearing off effect or "off" time) with the immediate release product. OR The patient has not been able to be adherent to a three times daily dosing schedule of the immediate release product resulting in a significant clinical impact. AND If the requested product has an AB rated generic, the patient has a documented intolerance to the second carbon of the patient has an AB rated generic, the patient has a documented intolerance to the product has an AB rated generic, the patient has a documented intolerance to the patient has an AB rated generic, the patient has a documented intolerance to the patient has an AB rated generic, the patient has a documented intolerance to the patient has an AB rated generic the patient has a documented intolerance to the patient has an AB rated generic, the patient has a documented intolerance to the patient ha
Neupro [®] (rotigotine) transdermal patch (Quantity Limit = 1 patch/day) (2mg, 4 mg, 6 mg and 8 mg patches) COMT INHIBITORS COMTAN [®] (entacapone) ENTACAPONE† (compare to Comtan [®]) MAO-B INHIBITORS SELEGILINE†	Azilect [®] (rasagiline) (QL = 1 mg/day) Zelapar [®] (selegiline ODT) (QL = 2.5 mg/day)	generic product. Tasmar, Tolcapone: The diagnosis or indication is Parkinson's disease. AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with Comtan or entacapone. For approval of generic talcapone, the patient must have documented intolerance to brand Tasmar. Zelapar: The diagnosis or indication is Parkinson's disease. AND The patient is on current therapy with levodopa/carbidopa. AND Medical necessity for disintegrating tablet administration is provided (i.e. inability to swallow tablets or drug interaction with oral selegiline). AND the dose requested does not exceed 2.5mg/day
OTHER AMANTADINE syrup AMANTADINE† capsules (PA required for < 10 day supply) STALEVO® (carbidopa/levodopa/entacapone)	Amantadine† tablets (Quantity limit PA also required for ≤ 10 day supply) carbidopa/levodopa/entacapone† (compare to Stalevo [®])	Limitations: To prevent the use of amantadine in influenza treatment/prophylaxis, days supply < 10 days will require PA.

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
PHOSPHODIESTERASE-4 (PDE-4) INHIBITORS		
	Daliresp® tablet (roflumilast)	Daliresp: The indication for the requested medication is treatment to reduce the

Quantity limit = 1 tablet/day

Otezla® tablet (apremilast) $(Starter\ pack - Quantity\ limit = 27\ tablets/14\ days)$ $(30 \text{ mg tablets} - Quantity limit} = 2 \text{ tablets/day})$ * Maximum days' supply per fill = 30)

risk of COPD exacerbations in patients with severe COPD associated with chronic bronchitis and a history of exacerbations. AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure, or a contraindication to at least one inhaled long-acting anticholinergic AND at least one inhaled long-acting beta-agonist AND at least one inhaled corticosteroid.

Otezla: The patient has a diagnosis of psoriatic arthritis AND The patient is 18 years of age or older AND The patient has had inadequate response to, intolerance to, or contraindication to methotrexate.

PHOSPHODIESTERASE-5 (PDE-5) INHIBITORS

Effective 7/1/06, phosphodiesterase-5 (PDE-5) inhibitors are no longer a covered benefit for all Vermont Pharmacy Programs for the treatment of erectile dysfunction. This change is resultant from changes set into effect January 1, 2006 and as detailed in Section 1903 (i)(21)(K) of the Social Security Act (the Act), precluding Medicaid Federal Funding for outpatient drugs used for the treatment of sexual or erectile dysfunction. Sildenafil will remain available for coverage via prior-authorization for the treatment of Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension.

SILDENAFIL CITRATE† (compare to Revatio®) tablet (Quantity Limit = 3 tablets/day)

Adcirca[®] (tadalafil) (Quantity Limit = 2 tablets/day) Revatio® (sildenafil) Tabs (Quantity Limit = 3 tablets/day)

Revatio® (sildenafil citrate) suspension

Revatio® (sildenafil citrate) vial (Quantity Limit = 3 vials/day, maximum 14 dayssupply per fill)

Adcirca (tadalafil) 20 mg, Revatio (sildenafil citrate) 20 mg: Clinical diagnosis of pulmonary hypertension AND No concomitant use of organic nitrate-containing products AND patient has a documented intolerance to generic sildenafil.

Revatio Suspension: Clinical diagnosis of pulmonary hypertension AND medical necessity for a liquid formulation is provided OR the patient is unable to tolerate a 20mg dose.

Revatio IV: Clinical diagnosis of pulmonary hypertension AND No concomitant use of organic nitrate-containing products AND The patient has a requirement for an injectable dosage form. AND Arrangements have been made for IV bolus administration outside of an inpatient hospital setting.

PLATELET INHIBITORS

AGGREGATION INHIBITORS

BRILINTA[®] (ticagrelor) Tablet OL = 2 tablets/day

Plavix^{®*} 75 mg (clopidogrel bisulfate) Pletal[®]* (cilostazol)

Agrylin, Persantine, Plavix, Pletal: The patient has had a documented intolerance to the generic formulation of the medication.

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS			
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA		
CILOSTAZOL† (compare to Pletal®) CLOPIDOGREL†75 mg (compare to Plavix®) EFFIENT® (prasugrel) Tablet $QL = 1 \ tablet/day$ TICLOPIDINE† (formerly Ticlid®) OTHER AGGRENOX® (dipyridamole/Aspirin) ANAGRELIDE† (compare to Agrylin®) ASPIRIN† DIPYRIDAMOLE† (compare to Persantine®)	Zontivity [®] (vorapaxar) Tablet $QL = 1$ tablet/day Agrylin [®] * (anagrelide) Persantine [®] * (dipyridamole) Dipyridamole/Aspirin (compare to Aggrenox [®]) Durlaza [®] (asprin extended release) capsules	 Dipyridamole/Aspirin: The patient has had a documented intolerance to the brand formulation of the medication. Durlaza: The patient is ≥ 18 years of age AND the indication for use is to reduce the risk of death and myocardial infarction (MI) in patients with chronic coronary artery disease (history of MI, unstable angina pectoris, or chronic stable angina) OR to reduce the risk of death and recurrent stroke in patients who have had an ischemic stroke or transient ischemic attack AND the patient is unable to use at least 4 preferred products, one of which must be enteric coated aspirin. Zontivity: The patient is started and stabilized on the medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR The patient has a history of myocardial infarction (MI) or peripheral arterial disease (PAD) AND The indication for use is reduction of thrombotic cardiovascular events. AND The medication is being prescribed in combination with aspirin and/or clopidogrel. Limitations: Plavix/clopidogrel 300mg is not an outpatient dose and is not covered in the pharmacy benefit. 		
POST-HERPETIC NEURALGIA AGENTS				
	Gralise® (gabapentin) tablet, starter pack Quantity Limit = 3 tablets/day (Maximum 30 day supply per fill)	Gralise: The patient has a diagnosis of post-herpetic neuralgia (PHN) AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, contraindication or treatment failure with at least one drug from the tricyclic antidepressant class. AND The patient has had an inadequate response to the generic gabapentin immediate-release.		
PSORIASIS				
INJECTABLES (Initial approval is 3 months, rene	ewals are 1 year)			
Preferred After Clinical Criteria Are Met COSENTYX® (secukinumab) (Quantity limit=8	Remicade [®] (infliximab)	Clinical Criteria:		
pens or vials month one, then 4 pens or vials	Stelara [®] (ustekinumab) (Quantity limit = 45 mg (0.5 ml) or 90 mg (1 ml) per	For all drugs:		
monthly)	dose)	The prescription must be written by a dermatologist AND The patient has a		
ENBREL® (etanercept)	(90 mg dose only permitted if pt weight > 100 kg) Taltz® (ixekizumab) (Quantity limit = 3 syringes/28 days for the first month, 2 syringes/28 days months	documented diagnosis of moderate to severe plaque psoriasis and has already been stabilized on the drug being requested OR The prescription must be written by a dermatologist AND The patient has a documented diagnosis of moderate to		

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
Quantity limit = 8 syringes/28 days for the first 3 months; then 4 syringes/28 days(50 mg) or 8 syringes/28 days (25 mg) subsequently HUMIRA® (adalimumab) Quantity limit = 4 syringes/28 days for one month; 2 syringes/28 days subsequently	2 and 3 and 1 syringe/28 days subsequently)	severe plaque psoriasis affecting > 10% of the body surface area (BSA) and/or has involvement of the palms, soles, head and neck, or genitalia and has had a documented side effect, allergy, inadequate treatment response, or treatment failure to at least 2 different categories of therapy [i.e. at least 2 topical agents and at least 1 oral systemic agent, (unless otherwise contraindicated)] from the following categories: Topical agents: emollients, keratolytics, corticosteroids, calcipotriene, tazarotene, etc. Systemic agents: methotrexate, sulfasalazine, azathioprine, cyclosporine, tacrolimus, mycophenolate mofetil, etc. Phototherapy: ultraviolet A and topical psoralens (topical PUVA), ultraviolet A and oral psoralens (systemic PUVA, narrow band ultraviolet B (NUVA), etc. Additional Criteria for Cosentyx: The prescriber must provide evidence of a trial and failure or contraindication to Humira®. Additional Criteria for Remicade, Stelara, Taltz: The prescriber must provide a clinically valid reason why both Humira® and Cosentyx®cannot be used.
NON-BIOLOGICS		
ORAL CYCLOSPORINE † (all brand and generic) METHOTREXATE † (all brand and generic) METHOXSALEN† (compare to Oxsoralen-Ultra®) 8-MOP® (methoxsalen) SORIATANE® (acitretin) capsules TOPICAL CALCIPOTRIENE† Cream, Ointment, Solution TAZORAC® (tazarotene cream, gel)	Acitretin† (compare to Soriatane®) capsules Oxsoralen-Ultra® (methoxsalen) Calcitrene® (calcipotriene) ointment calcitriol† (compare to Vectical®) Ointment (Quantity Limit = 200 g (2 tubes)/week) Calcipotriene/betamethasone ointment† (compare to Taclonex®) (QL for initial fill = 60 grams) Dovonex cream® (calcipotriene) Enstilar® (calcipotriene/betamethasone) foam Sorilux® (calcipotriene/betamethasone ointment/scalp suspension) (QL for initial fill = 60 grams) Vectical® Ointment (calcitriol) (Quantity Limit = 200 g (2 tubes)/week)	 Acritretin Capsules: The patient has a documented intolerance to brand Soriatane capsules. Calcitrene Ointment: The patient has a documented intolerance to Calcipotriene ointment. Dovonex Cream: The patient has a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent. Oxsoralen-Ultra: The patient has a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent. Enstilar, Taclonex or calcipotriene/betamethasone diproprionate Ointment or Scalp Suspension: The patient has had an inadequate response to a 24 month trial of a betamethasone diproprionate product and Dovonex (or generic calcipotriene), simultaneously. AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with Tazorac 0.05% or 0.1% cream or gel. Note: If approved, initial fill of Taclonex® or calcipotriene/betamethasone diproprionate will be limited to 60 grams. Vectical Ointment, Calcitriol Ointment: The patient ≥ 18 years of age AND The patient has a diagnosis of mild-to-moderate plaque psoriasis AND The patient has demonstrated inadequate response, adverse reaction or contraindication to calcipotriene AND If the request is for brand Vectical, the patient has had a documented intolerance to the generic product. Sorilux: The patient ≥ 18 years of age AND The patient has a diagnosis of plaque psoriasis AND The patient has demonstrated inadequate response or

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS				
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA			
(No 1 A required unless otherwise noted)	(1 A required)	TA CKITEMIA			
		intolerance to other dosage forms of calcipotriene (brand or generic)			
		Limitations: Kits with non-drug or combinations of 2 drug products are not			
		covered.			
		covered.			
PULMONARY AGENTS					
ANTICOLINERGICS: INHALED					
METERED DOSE INHALER (SINGLE AGENT)		Anoro Ellipta/Stiolto Respimat: patient has a diagnosis of COPD (not FDA			
Short Acting		approved for asthma). AND			
		Mild-Moderate COPD- failure of individual and combination therapy of one			
ATROVENT HFA® (ipratropium)		preferred Long Acting Beta Adrenergic (LABA) and a preferred Long			
		Acting Anticholinergic OR			
Long Acting		Severe COPD- failure of one preferred Inhaled Corticosteroid/LABA			
SPIRIVA® HANDIHALER (tiotropium)		combination product and the preferred Long Acting Anticholinergic.			
$Quantity\ Limit = 1\ capsule/day$	Incruse Ellipta® (umeclidinium bromide) (Quantity				
NEBULIZER (SINGLE AGENT)	Limit= 1 inhaler/30 days)				
IPRATROPIUM SOLN FOR INHALATION	Tudorza [®] Pressair (aclidinium bromide)	Incruse Ellipta/Tudorza: The patient has had documented side effect, allergy or			
	Quantity Limit = 1 inhaler/30 days	treatment failure to Spiriva®			
METERED DOSE INHALER (COMBO PRODUCT)					
Short Acting	Spiriva [®] Respimat (tiotropium)				
COMPANY TO YORK A TO COMPANY TO A TO	QL = 1 inhaler/30days	Spiriva Respimat: patient has a diagnosis of COPD and a compelling clinical reason			
COMBIVENT [®] RESPIMAT (ipratropium/albuterol) Quantity Limit = 1 inhaler (4 grams)/30 days		why they cannot use Spiriva Handihaler			
Quantity Limit = 1 inflater (4 grams)/30 days					
Long Acting					
	Anoro® Ellipta (umeclidinium/vilanterol)				
All require PA.	Quantity Limit = 1 inhaler (60 blisters)/30 days				
NEBULIZER (COMBINATION PRODUCT) IPRATROPIUM/ALBUTEROL†	Stiolto Respimat [®] (tiotropium/olodaterol) ($QL = 1$				
II KATKOTIOW/ALBOTEKOL	inhaler/30 days)				
ANTIHISTAMINES: INTRANASAL					
ANTIHOTAWHILES, INTRANASAL	SINGLE AGENT				
		ASTELIN, ASTEPRO, AZELASTINE, DYMISTA, OLOPATADINE,			
	Astelin® (azelastine) Nasal Spray				
	Quantity Limit = 1 bottle $(30 \text{ ml})/30 \text{ days}$	PATANASE: The diagnosis or indication for the requested medication is allergic			
	Astepro® (azelastine 0.15 %) Nasal Spray	rhinitis. AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or			
	Quantity Limit = 1 bottle (30 ml)/30 days	treatment failure to loratadine (OTC) OR cetirizine (OTC) AND a preferred			
		nasal corticosteroid used in combination. AND If the request is for Astepro, the			
	azelastine (compare to Astelin®) Nasal Spray	patient has a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent.			
	Quantity Limit = 1 bottle $(30 \text{ ml})/30 \text{ days}$				

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
	azelastine 0.15 % (compare to Astepro®) Nasal Spray	
	Quantity Limit = 1 bottle $(30 \text{ ml})/30 \text{ days}$	
	Olopatadine † 0.6% (compare to Patanase®) Nasal	
	Spray Quantity Limit = 1 bottle (31 gm)/30 days	
	Patanase® (olopatadine 0.6%) Nasal Spray Quantity Limit = 1 bottle (31 gm)/30 day	
	COMBO WITH CORTICOSTEROID	
	Dymista [®] (azelastine/fluticasone) Nasal Spray <i>Quantity Limit</i> = 1 bottle (23 gm)/30 days	
ANTIHISTAMINES: 1 ST GENERATION		
All generic antihistamines	All brand antihistamines (example: Benadryl®)	CRITERIA FOR APPROVAL: The prescriber must provide a clinically valid reason for the use of the requested medication including reasons why any of the
All generic antihistamine/decongestant combinations	All brand antihistamine/decongestant combinations	generically available products would not be a suitable alternative.
	(example: Deconamine SR [®] , Rynatan [®] , Ryna-12 [®])	
ANTIHISTAMINES: 2 ND GENERATION		
SINGLE AGENT TABLET	Clarinex [®] (desloratadine) 5 mg tablet	FEXOFENADINE 60MG/180 MG TABLETS: The diagnosis or indication for the requested medication is allergic rhinitis or chronic idiopathic urticaria. AND
LOBATADDIE + (OTO) (Allera Dalla (B)	desloratadine† (compare to Clarinex®) 5 mg tablet Levocetirizine† (compare to Xyzal®) 5 mg tablet	The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to
LORATADINE † (OTC) (Allergy Relief [®] , Alavert [®]) CETIRIZINE† OTC (formerly Zyrtec [®]) 5 mg, 10 mg	Xyzal [®] (levocetirizine) 5 mg tablet	loratadine (OTC) AND cetirizine (OTC). CLARINEX TABLETS, DESLORATADINE TABLETS, LEVOCETIRIZINE
tablets	All other brands	TABLETS, XYZALTABLETS: The diagnosis or indication for the requested
After loratadine OTC and cetirizine OTC trials	All other brands	medication is allergic rhinitis or chronic idiopathic urticaria AND The patient has
FEXOFENADINE † 60 mg, 180 mg (OTC) tablets (formerly Allegra®)		had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to loratadine (OTC) AND cetirizine (OTC) AND The patient has had a documented side effect,
COMBINATION WITH PSEUDOEPHEDRINE	Cetirizine/Pseudoephedrine SR 12hr 5 mg/120 mg	allergy, or treatment failure to fexofenadine. AND If the request is for Clarinex
	OTC†	or Xyzal, the patient must also have a documented intolerance to the generic
LORATADINE/PSEUDOEPHEDRINE SR 12hr 5 mg/120 MG † (OTC)	Clarinex-D [®] 12 hr (desloratadine/pseudoephedrine 2.5 mg/120 mg)	equivalent tablets. CERTIRIZINE CHEWABLE TABLETS, CLARINEX REDITABS,
(Alavert Allergy/Sinus [®]) LORATADINE/PSEUDOEPHEDRINE SR 24hr 10		DESLORATADINE ODT: The diagnosis or indication for the requested
mg/240 MG †(OTC)		medication is allergic rhinitis or chronic idiopathic urticaria AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to loratadine (OTC)
		rapidly disintegrating tablets or requires less than a 10 mg dose of loratadine.
		AND If the request is for Clarinex Reditabs, the patient must also have a
SINGLE AGENT ORAL LIQUID		documented intolerance to the generic equivalent tablets

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
LORATADINE † (OTC) syrup (Allergy Relief [®]) CETIRIZINE † (OTC, RX) syrup CHEWABLE/ORALLY DISINTEGRATING TABLET LORATADINE † (OTC) (Allergy Relief [®] , Alavert [®]) rapidly disintegrating tablet (RDT) (compare to Claritin [®]) 10 mg	Clarinex Syrup (desloratadine) Levocetirizine (compare to Xyzal) Solution Xyzal (levocetirizine) Solution Certirizine † OTC Chewable Tablets 5 mg, 10 mg Clarinex Reditabs (desloratadine) 2.5 mg, 5 mg Desloratadine ODT (compare to Clarinex Reditabs 2.5 mg, 5 mg All other brands	CLARINEX SYRUP, LEVOCETIRIZINE SOLUTION, XYZAL SOLUTION ORAL LIQUID: The diagnosis or indication for the requested medication is allergic rhinitis or chronic idiopathic urticaria AND the patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to loratadine syrup AND cetirizine syrup. AND If the request is for Xyzal, the patient must also have a documented intolerance to levocetirizine solution. CETIRIZINE D, CLARINEX-D: The diagnosis or indication for the requested medication is allergic rhinitis. AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to loratadine-D (OTC). LIMITATIONS: Many Allegra® and Zyrtec® brand products as well as Claritin capsules are not covered as no Federal Rebate is offered. Fexofenadine suspension not covered as no Federal Rebate is offered. Fexofenadine/pseudoephedrine combination products) (brand and generic) are
BETA-ADRENERGIC AGENTS METERED-DOSE INHALERS (SHORT-ACTING) PROAIR® HFA (albuterol) PROVENTIL® HFA (albuterol)	Ventolin ^(B) HFA (albuterol) Xopenex ^(B) HFA (levalbuterol) ProAir ^(B) Respiclick (albuterol)	not covered – individual components may be prescribed separately. ProAir® Respiclick, Ventolin HFA, Xopenex HFA: documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to BOTH preferred short acting metered dose inhalers. Serevent: The patient has a diagnosis of asthma and is prescribed an inhaled corticosteroid (pharmacy claims will be evaluated to assess compliance with long term controller therapy) OR the patient has a diagnosis of COPD. Arcapta, Striverdi: The patient has a diagnosis of COPD (not FDA approved for asthma). AND The patient has a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to Serevent.
METERED-DOSE INHALERS (LONG-ACTING) (Preferred after clinical criteria are met) SEREVENT® DISKUS (salmeterol xinafoate) Quantity Limit = 60 blisters/30 days	Arcapta [®] Neohaler (indacaterol) Quantity Limit = 1 capsule/day	 Levalbuterol nebulizer solution (age < 12 years): The patient must have had a documented intolerance to the brand Xopenex nebulizer solution. Levalbuterol, Xopenex nebulizer solution (age > 12 years): The patient must have had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to albuterol nebulizer. AND for approval of generic, the patient must have had a documented intolerance to the brand Xopenex nebulizer solution.
NEBULIZER SOLUTIONS (SHORT-ACTING) ALBUTEROL † 0.63 mg/3 ml and 1.25 mg/3 ml neb solution ALBUTEROL † 2.5 mg/3 ml neb solution ALBUTEROL † 5 mg/ml neb solution XOPENEX [®] neb solution (levalbuterol HCL) (age ≤ 12 yrs)	Striverdi Respimat® (olodaterol) Levalbuterol † neb solution (compare to Xopenex®) (all ages) Xopenex® neb solution (age > 12 yrs)	Brovana or Perforomist Nebulizer Solution: The patient must have a diagnosis of COPD. AND The patient must be unable to use a non-nebulized long-acting bronchodilator or anticholinergic (Serevent or Spiriva) due to a physical limitation Metaproterenol tablets/syrup: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with generic albuterol tablets/syrup. Terbutaline tablets: The medication is not being prescribed for the

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PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
(10171 required unless otherwise noted)	(171 required)	TH CRITERIA
NEBULIZER SOLUTIONS (LONG-ACTING) All products require a PA TABLETS/SYRUP (SHORT-ACTING) ALBUTEROL † tablets/syrup	Brovana® (arformoterol) $QL = 2 \ vial/day$ Perforomist® (formoterol) $QL = 2 \ vial/day$ metaproterenol tablets/syrup † terbutaline tablets †	prevention/treatment of preterm labor. Vospire ER tablets: The patient must have had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to generic albuterol ER tablets.
TABLETS (LONG-ACTING) ALBUTEROL ER † tablets		
	Vospire ER [®] * (albuterol)	
CORTICOSTEROIDS/COMBINATIONS: INHAL	ED	
METERED DOSE INHALERS (SINGLE AGENT) ASMANEX® 110 or 220 mcg/inh (mometasone furoate) (QL = 3 inhalers/90 days) FLOVENT® DISKUS (fluticasone propionate) (QL = 3 inhalers/90 days) FLOVENT® HFA (fluticasone propionate) (QL = 36 gm(3 inhalers)/90 days) PULMICORT FLEXHALER® (budesonide) (QL = 6 inhalers/90 days) QVAR® 40 mcg/inh (beclomethasone) (QL = 17.4 gm (2 inhalers)/90 days) QVAR® 80 mcg/inh (beclomethasone) (QL = 58.4 gm (6 inhalers)/90 days) METERED DOSE INHALERS (COMBINATION	Aerospan [®] (flunisolide HFA) (QL = 6 inhalers (53.4 gm)/90 days) Alvesco [®] (ciclesonide) (QL = 18.3 gm (3 inhalers)/90 days)) (80 mcg/inh) (QL = 36.6 gm (6 inhalers)/90 days)) (160 mcg/inh) Arnuity Ellipta 100 or 200mcg/inh (fluticasone furoate) (QL= 90 blisters/90 days) Asmanex HFA 100 or 200mcg (mometasone furoate) (QL=3 inhalers/90 days)	Metered-dose inhalers (single agent): The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to at least two preferred agents.
PRODUCT) ADVAIR® HFA (fluticasone/salmeterol) (QL = 36 gm (3 inhalers)/90 days) ADVAIR® DISKUS (fluticasone/salmeterol) (QL = 3 inhalers/90 days) DULERA® (mometasone/formoterol) (QL = 39 gm (3 inhalers)/90 days) SYMBICORT® (budesonide/formoterol)	Breo Ellipta [®] (fluticasone furoate/vilanterol) $(QL = 180 \ blisters(3 \ inhalers)/90 \ days)$	 Breo Ellipta: The patient has a diagnosis of COPD or Asthma AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to any 2 of the following: Advair, Dulera, or Symbicort. Budesonide Inh Suspension (all ages): The patient requires a nebulizer formulation. AND The patient has a documented intolerance to the brand product. Pulmicort Respules (age > 12 years): The patient requires a nebulizer formulation.

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
(QL = 30.6 gm (3 inhalers)/90 days)		
NEBULIZER SOLUTIONS PULMICORT RESPULES [®] (budesonide) (age ≤ 12 yrs)	Budesonide Inh Suspension (compare to Pulmicort Respules [®]) (all ages) Pulmicort Respules [®] (budesonide) (age > 12 years)	
CORTICOSTEROIDS: INTRANASAL		
SINGLE AGENT FLUTICASONE Propionate† (compare to Flonase®) $QL = 16 \ gm \ (1 \ inhaler)/30 \ days$ OMNARIS® (ciclesonide) $QL = 12.5 \ gm \ (1 \ inhaler)/30 \ days$ ZETONNA® (ciclesonide) $QL = 6.1 \ gm \ (1 \ inhaler)/30 \ days$	Beconase AQ ^(B) (beclomethasone) $QL = 50 \ gm \ (2 \ inhalers)/30 \ days$ budesonide † (compare to Rhinocort Aqua ^(B)) $QL = 8.6 \ gm \ (1 \ inhaler)/30 \ days$ Flonase ^(B) * (fluticasone propionate) $QL = 16 \ gm \ (1 \ inhaler)/30 \ days$ flunisolide † 25 mcg/spray (formerly Nasalide ^(B)) $QL = 50 \ ml \ (2 \ inhalers)/30 \ days$ flunisolide† 29 mcg/spray (formerly Nasarel ^(B)) $QL = 50 \ ml \ (2 \ inhalers)/30 \ days$ $QL = 16.5 \ gm \ (1 \ inhaler)/30 \ days$ NASONEX ^(B) (mometasone) $QL = 17 \ gm \ (1 \ inhaler)/30 \ days$ QNASL ^(B) (beclomethasone diproprionate) HFA $QL = 8.7 \ gm \ (1 \ inhaler)/30 \ days$ Rhinocort Aqua ^(B) (budesonide) $QL = 8.6 \ gm \ (1 \ inhaler)/30 \ days$ triamcinolone † (compare to Nasacort AQ ^(B)) $QL = 16.5 \ gm \ (1 \ inhaler)/30 \ days$ Veramyst ^(B) (fluticasone furoate) $QL = 10 \ gm \ (1 \ inhaler)/30 \ days$ COMBINATION WITH ANTIHISTAMINE Dymista ^(B) (azelastine/fluticasone) $QL = 23 \ gm \ (1 \ inhaler)/30 \ days$	Beconase AQ, Budesonide, Flonase, Flunisolide 25 mcg/spray, Flunisolide 29 mcg/spray, Nasonex, QNASL, Rhinocort Aqua, triamcinolone, Veramyst: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure of two preferred nasal glucocorticoids. If the request is for Rhinocort Aqua®, the patient has also had a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent. Dymista: The diagnosis or indication is allergic rhinitis. AND The patient has had documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to loratadine (OTC) OR cetirizine (OTC) AND a preferred nasal corticosteroid used in combination. Limitations: Nasacort Allergy OTC not covered as no Federal Rebate is offered. Nasacort AQ RX available after PA obtained.
LEUKOTRIENE MODIFIERS		
Preferred After Clinical Criteria Are Met MONTELUKAST SODIUM† (compare to Singulair®) tablets§ MONTELUKAST SODIUM† (compare to Singulair®) chews§ 4mg for ages 2-5, 5mg for age 6-14 MONTELUKAST SODIUM† (compare to Singulair®) granules§ ages 6months-23months	Accolate [®] (zafirlukast) \$ Quantity Limit = 2 tablets/day Singulair [®] (montelukast sodium) \$ tablets, chew tabs, granules Quantity Limit = 1 tablet or packet per day zafirlukast (compare to Accolate [®]) \$ Zyflo (zileuton) Quantity Limit = 2 tablets/day Zyflo CR [®] (zileuton SR)	 Montelukast: The diagnosis or indication for the requested medication is asthma. The diagnosis or indication for the requested medication is allergic rhinitis. The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to a second generation non-sedating antihistamine and a nasal corticosteroid. The diagnosis or indication for the requested medication is urticaria. The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to the requested medication is urticaria.

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
	Quantity Limit = 4 tablets/day	(OTC), cetirizine (OTC), fexofenadine).
		• If the request is for brand Singulair tablets, chew tablets or granules; the
		patient has a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent
		montelukast preparation. Zafirlukast, Accolate: The diagnosis or indication for the requested medication is
		asthma. AND If the request is for Accolate, the patient has a documented
		intolerance to generic zafirlukast.
		Zyflo/Zyflo CR: The diagnosis or indication for the requested medication is
		asthma. AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or
		treatment failure to Accolate or Singulair/Montelukast.
		Montelukast chewable and granules: Will only be approved for appropriate FDA
		approved age and indications.
SYNAGIS		
	SYNAGIS® (palivizumab)	
	Quantity Limit = 1 vial/month (50 mg) or 2	CRITERIA FOR APPROVAL:
	vials/month (100 mg)	☐ Infants born at 28 weeks of gestation or earlier (i.e., ≤ 28 weeks, 6 days) and under twelve months of age at the start of the RSV season (maximum 5 doses).
		☐ Infants born at 29-32 weeks (i.e., between 29 weeks, 0 days and 31 weeks, 6
		days) of gestation and under 1 year of age at the start of the RSV season who
		develop chronic lung disease of prematurity defined as a requirement for >21%
		oxygen for at least the first 28 days after birth (maximum 5 doses).
		☐ Children under 24 months of age with chronic lung disease of prematurity defined as born at 31 weeks, 6 days or less who required >21% oxygen for at least the
		first 28 days after birth and continue to require medical support (chronic
		corticosteroid therapy, diuretic therapy, or supplemental oxygen) during the 6-
		month period before the start of the second RSV season (maximum 5 doses).
		☐ Children under 12 months of age with hemodynamically significant congenital heart disease (CHD) (dosing continues in the RSV season through the end of the
		month the infant reaches 12 months old -maximum 5 doses): Acyanotic heart
		disease and receiving medication to control congestive heart failure and will
		require cardiac surgical procedures, Moderate to severe pulmonary hypertension
		, Cyanotic heart disease and recommended for Synagis therapy by Pediatric
		Cardiologist
		☐ Infants under 12 months of age with either: (dosing continues in the RSV season through the end of the month the infant reaches 12 months old -maximum 5
		doses) Congenital abnormalities of the airways that impairs the ability to clear
		secretions from the upper airway because of ineffective cough, Neuromuscular
		condition that impairs the ability to clear secretions from the upper airway

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
		because of ineffective cough Infants and children less than 24 months of age who will undergo a heart transplant during the RSV season Infants and children less than 24 months of age who are profoundly
		immunocompromised during the RSV season (e.g. undergoing organ or stem cotransplant or receiving chemotherapy).
		EXCLUDED FROM APPROVAL: ☐ Infants and children with hemodynamically insignificant heart disease. ☐ Infants with cardiac lesions adequately corrected by surgery, unless they continue to require medication for congestive heart failure.
		 Infants with mild cardiomyopathy who are not receiving medical therapy. Breakthrough hospitalization for RSV disease (Synagis therapy should be discontinued for the season once hospitalization for RSV has occurred). Infants and children with Down syndrome unless other indications above are present.
		 ☐ Infants and children with cystic fibrosis unless other specific conditions are present This drug must be obtained and billed through our specialty pharmacy vendor for
		Synagis, Wilcox Home Infusion, and processed through the DVHA POS prescription processing system using NDC values. Under no circumstances wi claims processed through the medical benefit be accepted.
	PULMONARY ARTERIAL HYPI	ERTENSION MEDICATIONS
ENDOTHELAN RECEPTOR ANTAGONISTS TRACLEER® (bosentan) Tablet Quantity Limit = 2 tablets/day PROSTACYCLIN AGONISTS	Letairis® (ambrisentan) Tablet Quantity Limit = one tablet/day Opsumit® (macitentan) Tablet Quantity Limit = one tablet/day	Adempas: The patient has a diagnosis of pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH) WHO Group I with New York Heart Association (NYHA) Functional Class II of III. OR The patient has a diagnosis of chronic thromboembolic pulmonary hypertension (CTEPH, WHO Group 4) AND the patient has persistent or recurrent disease after surgical treatment (e.g., pulmonary endarterectomy) or he CTEPH that is inoperable AND The patient is 18 years of age or older AND The patient will not use Adempas concomitantly with the following: Nitrates or nitrigeness.
Injection EPOPROSTENOL † (compare to Flolan [®]) REMODULIN [®] (treprostinil sodium injection) VELETRI [®] (epoprostinil)	R* ()	oxide donors (such as amyl nitrate) in any form. Phosphodiesterase (PDE) inhibitors, including specific PDE-5 inhibitors (such as sildenafil, tadalafil, or vardenafil) or non-specific PDE inhibitors (such as dipyridamole or theophyllir AND The patient is not pregnant AND Female patients are enrolled in the
Inhalation TYVASO® (treprostinil inhalation solution) VENTAVIS® (iloprost inhalation solution)	Flolan ^{®*} (epoprostenol)	Adempas REMS Program Flolan: Clinical diagnosis of pulmonary hypertension AND The patient has had a documented intolerance to the generic epoprostenol. Letairis, Opsumit: Patient has a diagnosis of PAH WHO Group 1 with NYHA

Oral

Letairis, Opsumit: Patient has a diagnosis of PAH WHO Group 1 with NYHA

Functional Class II or III AND Patient is not pregnant AND Female patients

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
ORENITRAM® (treprostinil) ER Tablet sGC STIMULATOR All products require a PA **Maximum days supply for all drugs is 30 days**	Uptravi® (selexipag) tablets 200mcg strength, QL = 140 tablets/30 days for the first 2 months then 2 tablets/day subsequently. All other strengths, QL = 2 tablets/day Adempas® (riociguat) Tablets Quantity Limit = 3 tablets/day	have been enrolled in the REMS Program AND the patient has a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with Tracleer. Uptravi: The patient has a diagnosis of pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH) WHO Group I with New York Heart Association (NYHA) Functional Class II or III heart failure AND the patient is unable to tolerate or has failed 2 different preferred medications, one of which must be Orenitram
	RENAL DISEASE: PHOSPHAT	'E BINDERS
CALCIUM ACETATE † (compare to Phos Lo®) capsule CALCIUM ACETATE † (compare to Eliphos®) tablet RENAGEL® (sevelamer) RENVELA® (sevelamer carbonate) tablets ORAL SOLUTIONS PHOSLYRA® (calcium acetate) oral solution	Auryxia [®] (ferric citrate) ($QL=12/day$) Eliphos [®] (calcium acetate) tablet Fosrenol [®] (lanthanum carbonate) Phos Lo [®] * (calcium acetate) capsule Renvela [®] (sevelamer carbonate) Oral Suspension Packet ($QL=2\ packs/day\ (0.8\ g\ strength\ only)$ Velphoro [®] (sucroferric oxyhydroxide) Chew Tablet	 Eliphos, PhosLo: The patient must have a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent calcium acetate tablet or capsule. Renvela Oral Suspension Packet: The patient has a requirement for a liquid dosage form. Fosrenol, Velphoro Chew Tablet/Auryxia Tablet: The patient must have a documented side effect, allergy, or inadequate response to one preferred phosphate binder.
	RESTLESS LEG SYNDROME M	EDICATIONS
DOPAMINE AGONISTS (ORAL) PRAMIPEXOLE † (compare to Mirapex®) ROPINIROLE† (compare to Requip®) DOPAMINE AGONISTS (TRANSDERMAL) NEUPRO® (rotigotine) transdermal patch (Quantity Limit = 1 patch/day) (1mg, 2 mg and 3 mg patches ONLY)	Mirapex ^{®*} (pramipexole) Requip ^{®*} (ropinirole) Horizant [®] (gabapentin enacarbil) ER Tablet (Quantity Limit = 1 tablet/day)	 Mirapex, Requip: The patient has had a documented intolerance to the generic product. Horizant: The patient has a diagnosis of restless legs syndrome (RLS). AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, contraindication or treatment failure to two preferred dopamine agonists (pramipexole IR, ropinirole IR, Neupro) AND gabapentin IR. Limitations: Requests for Mirapex ER and Requip XL will not be approved for Restless Leg Syndrome (RLS).

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
GAMMA-AMINOBUTYRIC ACID ANALOG GABAPENTIN IR		

RHEUMATOID, JUVENILE & PSORIATIC ARTHRITIS: IMMUNOMODULATORS

Self-injectables/Oral (Enbrel[®], Humira[®], Cimzia[®], Kineret[®], Orencia[®] Subcutaneous, Simponi[®], Stelara[®] & Xeljanz[®]) must be obtained through Specialty Pharmacy Provider, Briova

<u>Preferred After Clinical Criteria Are Met</u> Injectable

ENBREL® (etanercept)
(Quantity limit = 4 syringes/28 days(50 mg) and 8
syringes/28 days (25
mg))

HUMIRA® (adalimumab)

 $(Quantity\ limit = 4\ syringes/28\ days)$

Actemra[®] (tocilizumab) Intravenous Infusion (Qty limit = 4 vials/28 days (80 mg vial), 3 vials/28 days (200 mg vial) or 2 vials/28 days (400 mg vial))

 $Actemra^{\circledR} \ (tocilizumab) \ Subcutaneous$

(Qty limit = 4 prefilled syringes (3.6ml)/28 days)

Cimzia[®] (certolizumab pegol)

(Quantity limit = 1 kit/28 days) Kineret (anakinra)

 $(Quantity\ limit = 1\ syringe/day)$

Orencia® (abatacept) Subcutaneous Injection

(Quantity limit = 4 syringes/28 days)

Orencia[®] (abatacept) Intravenous Infusion Remicade (infliximab)

Simponi[®] (golimumab) Subcutaneous

Qty Limit = 1 of 50 mg prefilled syringe or autoiniector/28 days)

 autoinjector/28 days)
 Simponi Aria (golimumab) 50 mg/4 ml Vial for Intravenous Infusion

Stelara® (ustekinumab)

(Quantity limit = 45 mg (0.5 ml) or 90 mg (1 ml) per

(90 mg dose only permitted for pt weight > 100 kg)

Oral

All products require PA.

Xeljanz[®] (tofacitinib) tablet (Qty limit = 2 tablets/day) Maximum 30 days supply Xeljanz[®] XR (tofacitinib) tablet (Qty limit = Itablet/day) Clinical Criteria for all drugs: Patient has a diagnosis of rheumatoid arthritis (RA), juvenile idiopathic arthritis* or psoriatic arthritis and has already been stabilized on the drug being requested OR Diagnosis is RA, juvenile idiopathic arthritis or psoriatic arthritis, and methotrexate therapy resulted in an adverse effect, allergic reaction, inadequate response, or treatment failure. If methotrexate is contraindicated, another DMARD should be tried prior to approving therapy. Other DMARDs include leflunomide, sulfasalazine, gold, antimalarials, minocycline, D-penicillamine, azathioprine, cyclophosphamide and cyclosporine. Additional note for Humira: Approval should be granted in cases where patients have been treated with infliximab, but have lost response to therapy.

Actemra Intravenous Infusion additional criteria: The prescriber must provide a clinically valid reason why both Humira and Enbrel cannot be used. For RA, patient must have had an inadequate response to one or more TNF inhibitors.

Actemra Subcutaneous additional criteria: The prescriber must provide a clinically valid reason why both Humira and Enbrel cannot be used. The patient must have had an inadequate response to one or more TNF inhibitors.

Cimzia additional criteria: The prescriber must provide a clinically valid reason why both Humira and Enbrel cannot be used.

Remicade additional criteria The prescriber must provide a clinically valid reason why both Humira and Enbrel cannot be used.

Simponi (subcutaneous) additional criteria: The patient must be ≥ 18 years of age AND The prescriber must provide a clinically valid reason why both Humira and Enbrel cannot be used.

Simponi Aria additional criteria: The patient has not responded adequately to Simponi subcutaneous. AND The prescriber must provide a clinically valid reason why both Humira and Enbrel cannot be used.

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
		Kineret additional criteria: Note: Kineret may be used as monotherapy or concomitantly with DMARDs, other than TNF antagonists. Kineret should not be administered concomitantly with any TNF antagonists (i.e. Enbrel, Humira, or Remicade). AND The prescriber must provide a clinically valid reason why both Humira and Enbrel cannot be used. Xeljanz, Xeljanz XR additional criteria The patient must be ≥ 18 years of age AND The prescriber must provide a clinically valid reason why both Humira and Enbrel cannot be used. For approval of Xeljanz XR, patient has not been able to tolerate or adhere to twice daily dosing of immediate release Xeljanz, resulting in significant clinical impact. Orencia Intravenous Infusion additional criteria: Orencia may be used as monotherapy or concomitantly with DMARDs, other than TNF antagonists. Orencia® should not be administered concomitantly with TNFantagonists (i.e. Enbrel, Humira, or Remicade) and is not recommended for use with Kineret. AND The prescriber must provide a clinically valid reason why both Humira and Enbrel cannot be used. AND If the diagnosis is RA, there is a clinically valid reason why Orencia Subcutaneous cannot be used. Orencia Subcutaneous additional criteria: Orencia should not be administered concomitantly with TNFantagonists (i.e. Enbrel, Humira, or Remicade) and is not recommended for use with Kineret. AND The prescriber must provide a clinically valid reason why both Humira and Enbrel cannot be used. Stelara additional criteria: The prescriber must provide a clinically valid reason why both Humira and Enbrel cannot be used. Patients with systemic juvenile arthritis (SJRA/SJIA) and fever are not required to have a trial of a DMARD, including methotrexate. Patients with systemic juvenile arthritis without fever should have a trial of methotrexate, but a trial of another DMARD in the case of a contraindication to methotrexate is not required before Enbrel, Humira, Actemra, or Orencia is approved. * Patients with psoriatic arthritis with a documented diagn
	SILIVA STIMULAN	NTS
PILOCARPINE (compare to Salagen®) CEVIMELINE† (compare to Evoxac®) EVOXAC® (cevimeline)	Salagen [®] * (pilocarpine)	Salagen: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to generic pilocarpine

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	DA CDITEDIA
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
	SEDATIVE/HYPNOT	irs
DENIZADI AZEDINIE	SEDATIVE/IIII NOT	
BENZODIAZEPINE	0	
ESTAZOLAM† (compare to Prosom [®]) TEMAZEPAM† 15 mg, 30 mg (compare to Restoril [®])	Doral [®] (quazepam) flurazepam† (formerly Dalmane [®]) Halcion [®] (triazolam) Prosom [®] * (estazolam) Restoril [®] * (temazepam) temazepam† 7.5 mg, 22.5 mg (compare to Restoril [®])	Criteria for Approval: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with two preferred benzodiazepine sedative/hypnotics. If a product has an AB rated generic, one trial must be the generic.
	triazolam† (compare to Halcion®)	
NON BENZODIAZEPINE, NON BARBITURATE		
ZOLPIDEM † (compare to Ambien®)(Quantity Limit = 1 tab/day) ZALEPLON † (compare to Sonata®) (Quantity Limit = 1 cap/day (5 mg) or 2 caps/day (10 mg))	Ambien [®] * (zolpidem) (Quantity Limit = 1 tab/day) Ambien CR (zolpidem) (Quantity Limit = 1 tab/day) Belsomra (suvorexant) (Quantity Limit = 1 tab/day) Edluar (zolpidem) sublingual tablet (Quantity Limit = 1 tab/day) eszopiclone† (compare to Lunesta) (Quantity Limit = 1 tab/day) Intermezzo (zolpidem) Sublingual Tablet (Quantity Limit = 1 tab/day) Lunesta (eszopiclone) (Quantity Limit = 1 tab/day) Rozerem (ramelteon) (Quantity Limit = 1 tab/day) Silenor (doxepin) (Quantity Limit = 1 tab/day) Sonata (zaleplon) (Quantity Limit = 1 cap/day (5 mg) or 2 caps/day (10 mg)) Zolpidem CR† (compare to Ambien CR) (Quantity Limit = 1 tab/day)	 Ambien: The patient has had a documented intolerance to generic zolpidem. Ambien CR, Belsomra, Lunesta, eszopiclone, Zolpidem CR: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure to generic zolpidem. If the request is for brand Ambien CR, there has also been a documented intolerance the generic. If the request is for generic eszopiclone, there has also been a documented intolerance to the brand Lunesta. Belsomra will be available to the few patients who are unable to tolerate or who have failed on preferred medications. Edluar: The patient has a medical necessity for a disintegrating tablet formulation (i.e. swallowing disorder). Intermezzo: The patient has insomnia characterize by middle-of-the night awakening followed by difficulty returning to sleep All The patient has had a documented inadequate response to zolpidem IR AND zaleplon. Rozerem: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, contraindication or treatment failure to generic zolpidem. OR There is a question of substance abuse with the patient or family of the patient. Note: If approved, initial fill on Rozerem will be limited to a 14 day supply. Silenor: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, contraindication of treatment failure to generic zolpidem AND The patient has had a documented intolerance with generic doxepin or there is another clinically valid reason whe generic doxepin (capsule or oral solution) cannot be used. Sonata: The patient has had a documented intolerance to generic zaleplon

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
	SMOKING CESSATION THI is 16 weeks (2 x 8 weeks)/365 days for non-preferred. It it is engaged in a smoking cessation counseling program	For approval of therapy beyond the established maximum duration, the
prescriber must provide evidence that the patien	tt is engaged in a smoking cessation counseling program	116
NICOTINE GUM† NICOTINE PATCH OTC† NICORETTE LOZENGE® ORAL THERAPY BUPROPION SR† (compare to Zyban®) CHANTIX® (varenicline) (Limited to 18 years and older, Quantity Limit = 2 tabs/day, max duration 24 weeks (2x12 weeks)/365 days)	Nicoderm CQ Patch [®] Nicorette Gum nicotine lozenge† Nicotrol Inhaler [®] Nicotrol Nasal Spray [®] Zyban [®] * (bupropion SR) (maximum duration 24 weeks (2 x 12 weeks)/365 days)	 Nicoderm CQ patch: The patient has had a documented intolerance to generic nicotine patch. Nicorette gum: The patient has had a documented intolerance to generic nicotine gum. nicotine lozenge: The patient has had a documented side effect or allergy to Nicorette lozenge Nicotrol Inhaler: The patient has had a documented treatment failure with BOTH generic nicotine patch and generic nicotine gum. Nicotrol Nasal Spray: The prescriber must provide a clinically valid reason for the use of the requested medication. Zyban: The patient has had a documented intolerance to generic bupropion SR. *Smoking Cessation Counseling is encouraged with the use of smoking cessation therapies* *The combined prescribing of long acting (patch) and faster acting (gum or lozenge) nicotine replacement therapy is encouraged for greater likelihood of quit success. Vermont QUIT LINE (available free to all patients) 1-800-QUIT-NOW (1-800-784-8669) GETQUIT™ Support Plan available free to all Chantix® patients 1-877-CHANTIX (242-6849) Limitations: Nicotine System Kit® not covered – prescribe multiple strengths separately
	TESTOSTERONE: TOP	ICAL
Nasal		
	Natesto® (testosterone) nasal (QL = 1 pump/30 days)	Natesto: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to AndroGel [®] Gel.
Topical		
ANDRODERM® Transdermal 2mg, 4 mg (testosterone patch) Quantity limit = 1 patch/day/strength	Axiron (testosterone 2% solution) 90 ml Pump Bottle	Axiron, Fortesta, Testim Testosterone Gel 1%, Testosterone Gel 2%: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to Androgel and Androderm.

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
ANDROGEL® GEL (testosterone 1% gel packets) Quantity limit = 2.5 gm packet (1 packet/day) 5 gm packet (2 packets/day) ANDROGEL® GEL (testosterone 1.62% gel packets)	Quantity limit = 2 bottles/30 days Fortesta [®] (testosterone 2 % Gel) 60 gm Pump Bottle Quantity limit = 2 bottles/30 days Testim [®] Gel 5 gm (testosterone 1% gel tube) Quantity limit = 2 tubes/day	Android, Striant, Methyltesterone, Testred: patient has a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to Methitest Limitations: Coverage of testosterone products is limited to males.
Quantity limit = 1.25 gm packet (1.62%) (1 packet/day) 2.5 gm packet (1.62%) (2 packets/day) ANDROGEL® PUMP (testosterone pump bottles) Quantity limit = 1 % (4 bottles/30 days) 1.62% (2 bottles/30 days)	Testosterone 1% Gel Packets (compare to Androgel®, Vogelxo®) Quantity Limit = 2.5gm packet (1 packet/day) Quantity Limit = 5gm packet (2 packets/day) Testosterone 1% gel tube (compare to Testim® Gel 5 gm, Vogelxo®, Androgel®) Quantity limit = 2 tubes/day Testosterone† 1% Gel Pump (compare to Androgel®, Vogelxo®) Quantity limit = 4 bottles/30 days Testosterone 2% gel 60 gm pump bottle (compare to Fortesta®) Quantity limit = 2 bottles/30 days Vogelxo® 1% (testosterone 1%) gel, pump Quantity limit = 2 tubes/day (5 gm gel tubes) Quantity limit = 4 bottles/30 days (gel pump bottle)	
Oral Methitest (methyltesterone) Tablet 10mg	Android (methyltestoterone) capsule 10mg Methyltestosterone capsule 10mg Striant® Sr (testosterone) 30mg Testred (methyltestosterone) capsule 10mg	
	Maximum day supply all products is 30 days	
	THROMBOPOIETIN RECEPTO	R AGONISTS
	Nplate® (romiplostim) Promacta® (eltrombopag)	FOR APPROVAL: The patient is at least 18 years of age. AND The diagnosis or indication is chronic immune (idiopathic) thrombocytopenic purpura (ITP). AND The patient's platelet count is less than 30,000/μL (< 30 x 109/L) or the patient is actively bleeding. AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure or a contraindication to therapy with corticosteroids. OR The

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA	
		patient has a documented insufficient response following splenectomy.	
URINARY ANTISPASMODICS			
	Flavoxate † (formerly Urispas [®])	Please note: Patients <21 years of age are exempt from all ORAL ANTIMUSCARINIC Urinary Antispasmodics PA requirements	
SHORT-ACTING AGENTS OXYBUTYNIN† (formerly Ditropan®)	Detrol [®] (tolterodine) tolterodine† (compare to Detrol [®]) trospium† (formerly Sanctura [®])	Detrol, Detrol LA, Ditropan XL, Enablex, tolterodine (generic), tolterodine SR (generic), trospium (generic), trospium ER (generic): The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with 2 preferred long-acting agents. If a medication has an AB rated generic, there must have also been a trial of the generic formulation.	
LONG-ACTING AGENTS (Oty Limit = 1 per day) OXYBUTYNIN XL† (compare to Ditropan® XL) TOVIAZ® (fesoterodine) VESICARE® (solifenacin)	Detrol LA [®] (tolterodine SR) Ditropan XL [®] (oxybutynin XL) Enablex [®] (darifenacin) tolterodine SR† (compare to Detrol LA [®])	 Gelnique 3%, 10%, Oxytrol: The patient is unable to swallow a solid oral formulation (e.g. patients with dysphagia) OR The patient is unable to be compliant with solid oral dosage forms. Myrbetriq: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure, or contraindication with one preferred long-acting urinary antimuscarinic agent. Limitations: Oxytrol (for Women) OTC not covered. Oxytrol RX is available but subject to prior authorization. 	
Transdermal/Topical All products require PA BETA-3 ADRENERGIC AGONISTS All products require PA	trospium ER† (formerly Sanctura XR [®]) Gelnique 3% [®] (oxybutynin topical gel) (Qty limit = 1 pump bottle (92gm)per 30 days) Gelnique 10% [®] (oxybutynin topical gel) (Qty limit = 1 sachet/day) Oxytrol [®] (oxybutinin transdermal) (Qty Limit = 8 patches/28 days) Myrbetriq [®] (mirabegron) ER Tablet (Qty limit = 1 tablet/day)		
VAGINAL ANTI-INFECTIVES			
CLINDAMYCIN	Cleocin®* (clindamycin vaginal cream 2%)	Cleocin: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure	

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA	
CLEOCIN [®] Vaginal Ovules (clindamycin vaginal suppositories) CLINDAMYCIN VAGINAL† (clindamycin vaginal cream 2%) CLINDESSE [®] (clindamycin vaginal cream 2%) METRONIDAZOLE METRONIDAZOLE VAGINAL GEL 0.75%† VANDAZOLE† (metronidazole vaginal 0.75%)	Metrogel Vaginal [®] * (metronidazole vaginal gel 0.75%) Nuvessa Vaginal [®] (metronidazole vaginal gel 1.3%) (1 pre-filled applicator/30 days)	to both preferred clindamycin vaginal creams. Metrogel Vaginal, Nuvessa Vaginal: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to generic metronidazole vaginal gel 0.75 % or Vandazole.	
VITAMINS: PRENATAL MULTIVITAMINS			
PRENATAL PLUS IRON PRENATAL VITAMINS PLUS PRENATE AM TAB PRENATE CAP ENHANCE PRENATE CAP ESSENTIAL PRENATE CAP RESTORE PRENATE CHEW .64 PRENATE DHA CAP PRENATE MINI CAP PREPLUS VIRT-PN DHA CAP VIRT-PN PLUS CAP	All others	All Non-Preferred: The prescriber must provide a clinically valid reason for the use of the requested medication including reasons why any of the preferred products would not be a suitable alternative.	